

TIFON & DESHIMA

Superconducting On-chip Instruments for Mapping the Submillimeter-wave Universe in 3D

Akira Endo

2023-04-20 Cryo Workshop, SRON Leiden



DESHIMA and TIFUUN



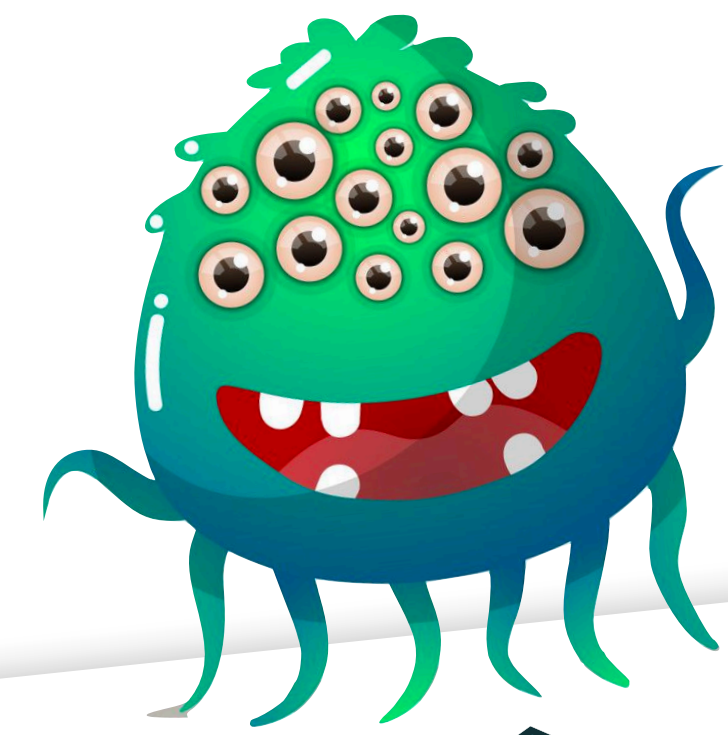
- Instruments for the ASTE telescope in Chile
- Observing $\lambda \sim 0.8\text{-}3\text{ mm}$
- **Unique Strength:**
Ultra-wideband spectroscopy using on-chip filterbank spectrometers



DESHIMA



- Development since 2010
- First of its kind
- Tested once on the ASTE telescope
- Science observation from **2023**

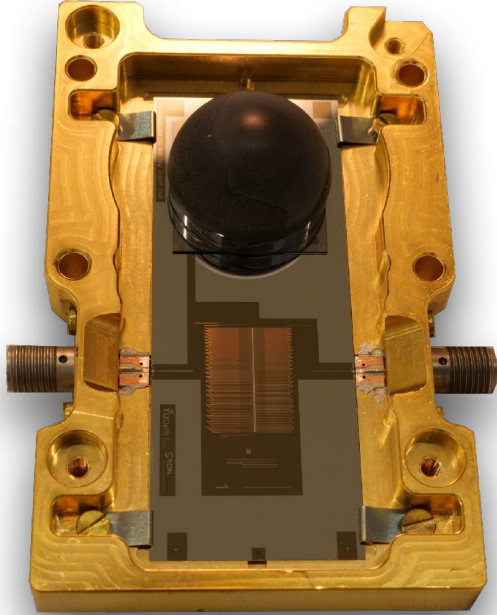
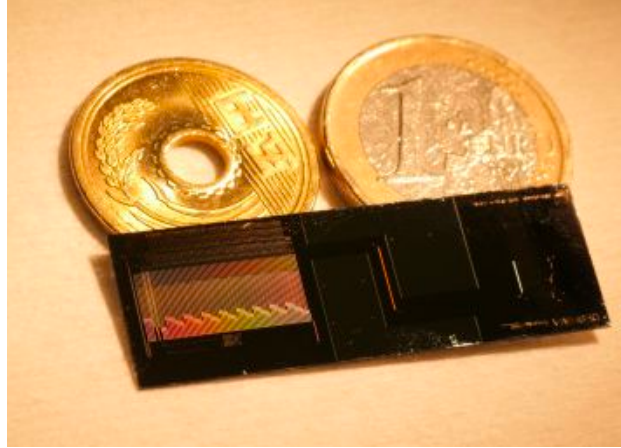


TIFUUN



- New project since 2022
- Performance of ~ 100 DESHIMA's !

Timeline



DESHIMA

DESHIMA 1.0

- ◆ DESHIMA gets first funding
- ◆ Jochem's EA group in EWI

DESHIMA 2.0 (MOSAIC)

- ◆ DESHIMA 1.0 First Light

◆ DESHIMA 2.0 Working in Lab

■ ■ □□

DESHIMA Science on ASTE

2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027

TIFON

TIFUUN

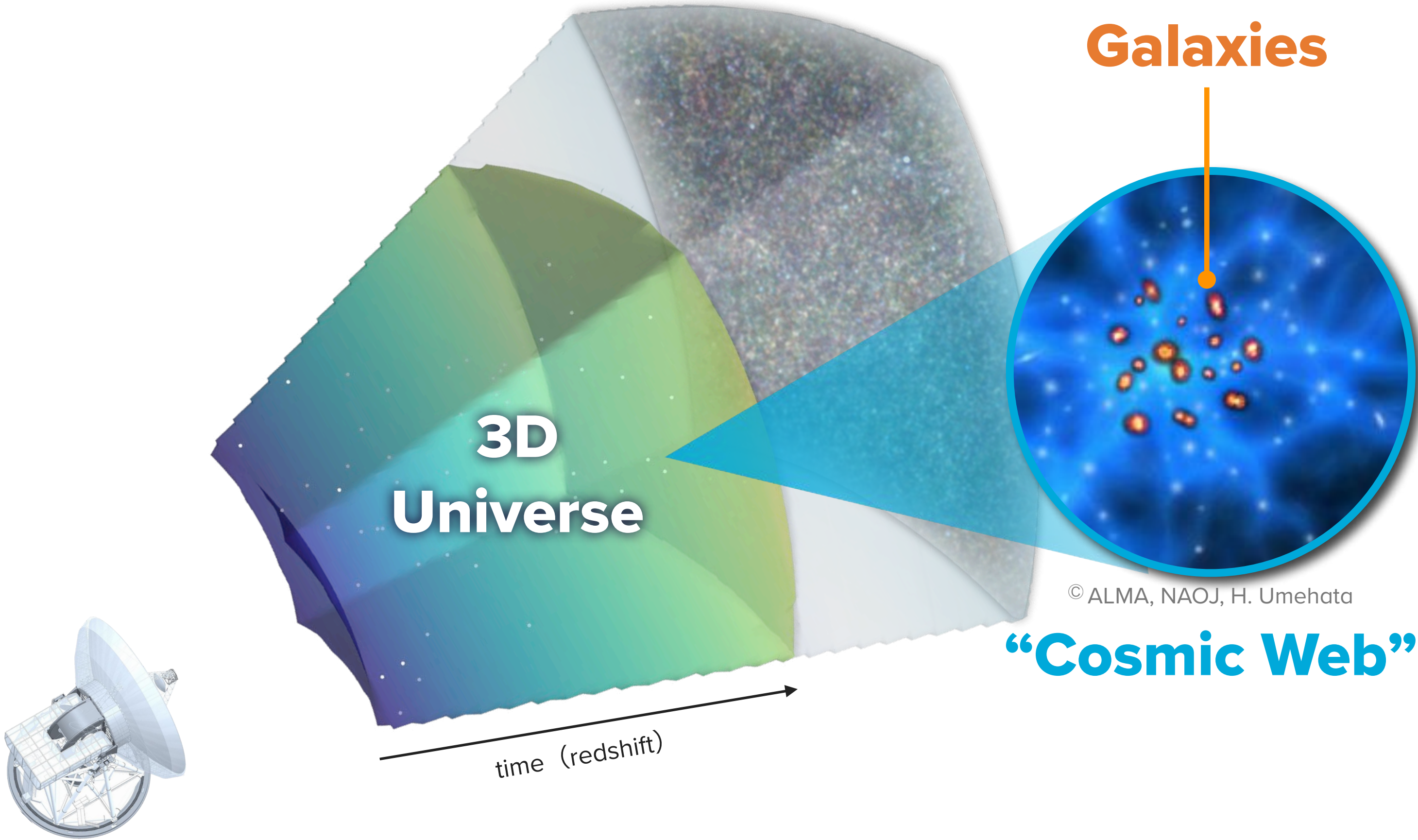
□□

TIFUUN Science on ASTE

Kick-Off Symposium (TU Delft, 3 weeks ago)

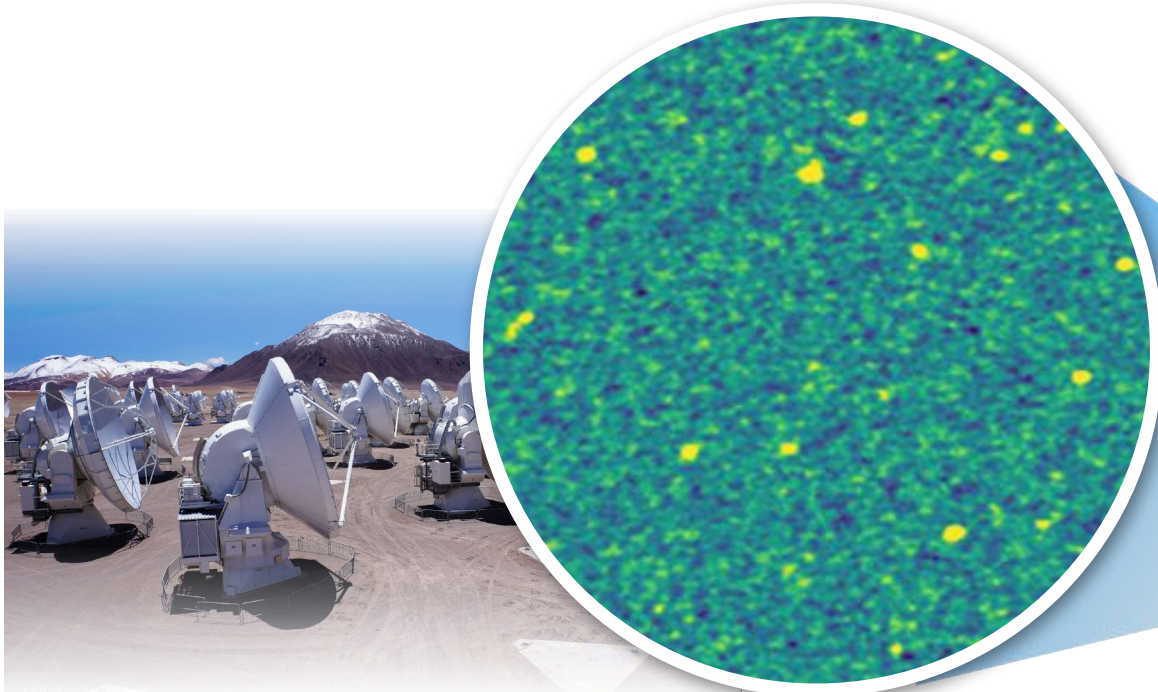


Cosmic 3D Maps @ THz



Cosmic 3D Maps @ THz

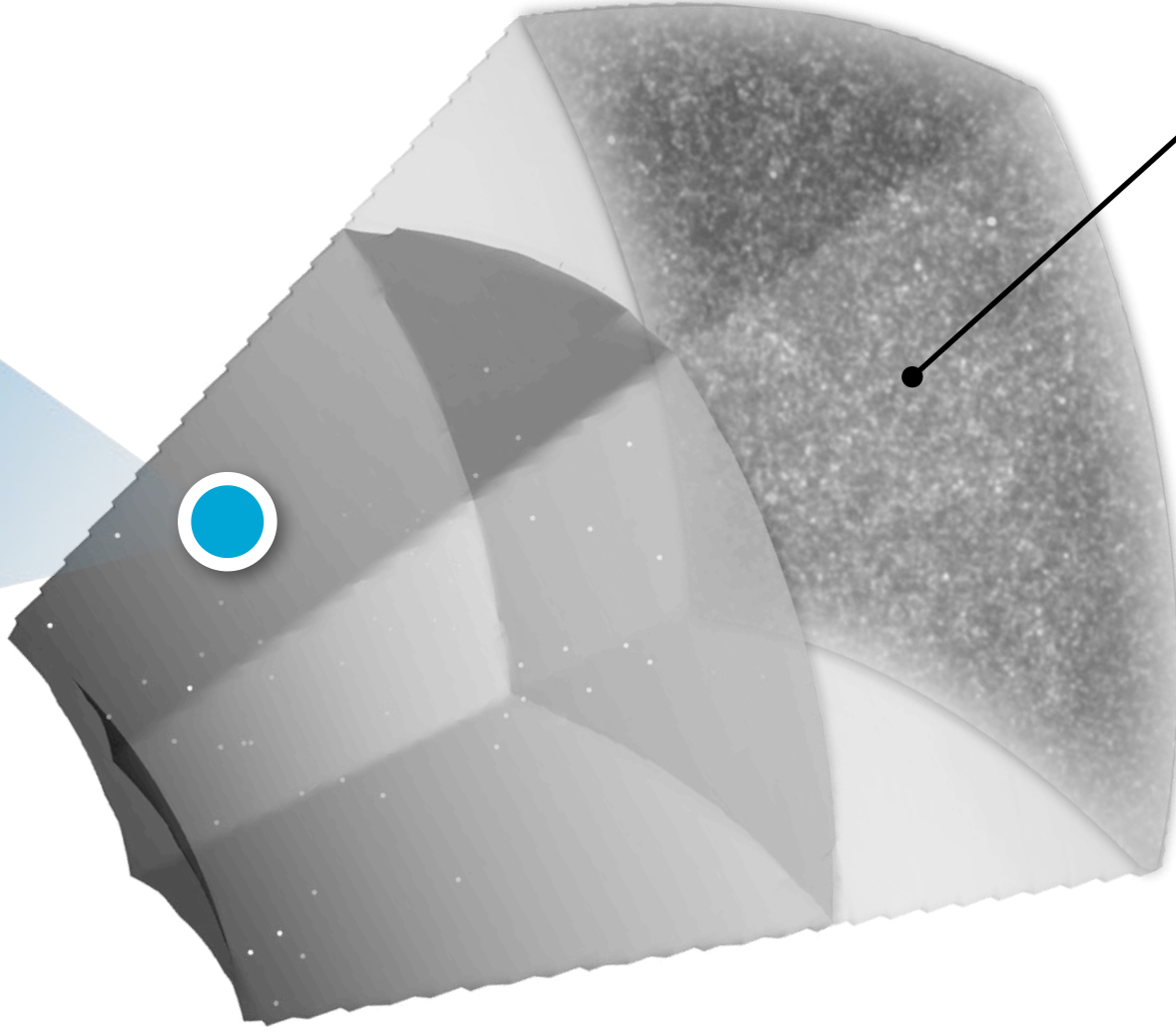
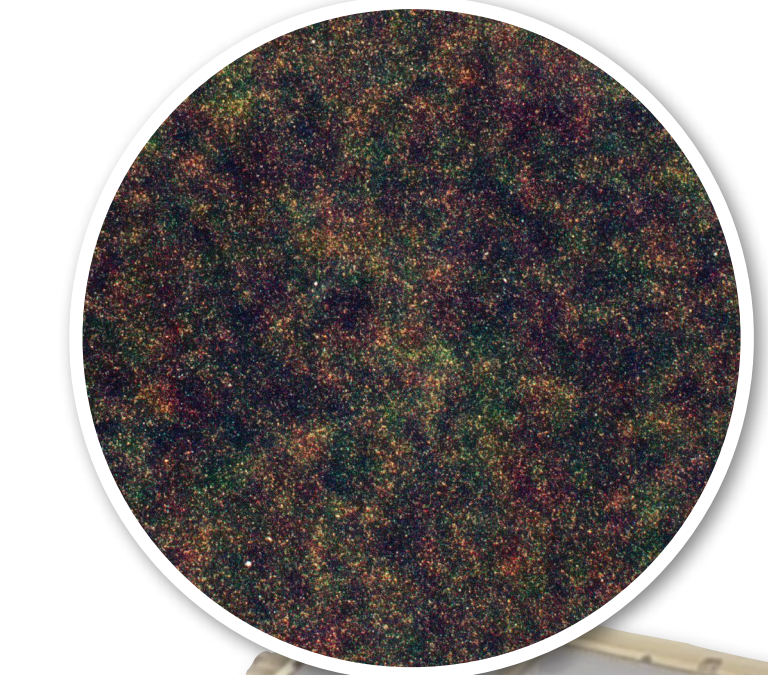
**Interferometers:
Only Minute Volume**



**Dichotomy of
THz Technology**



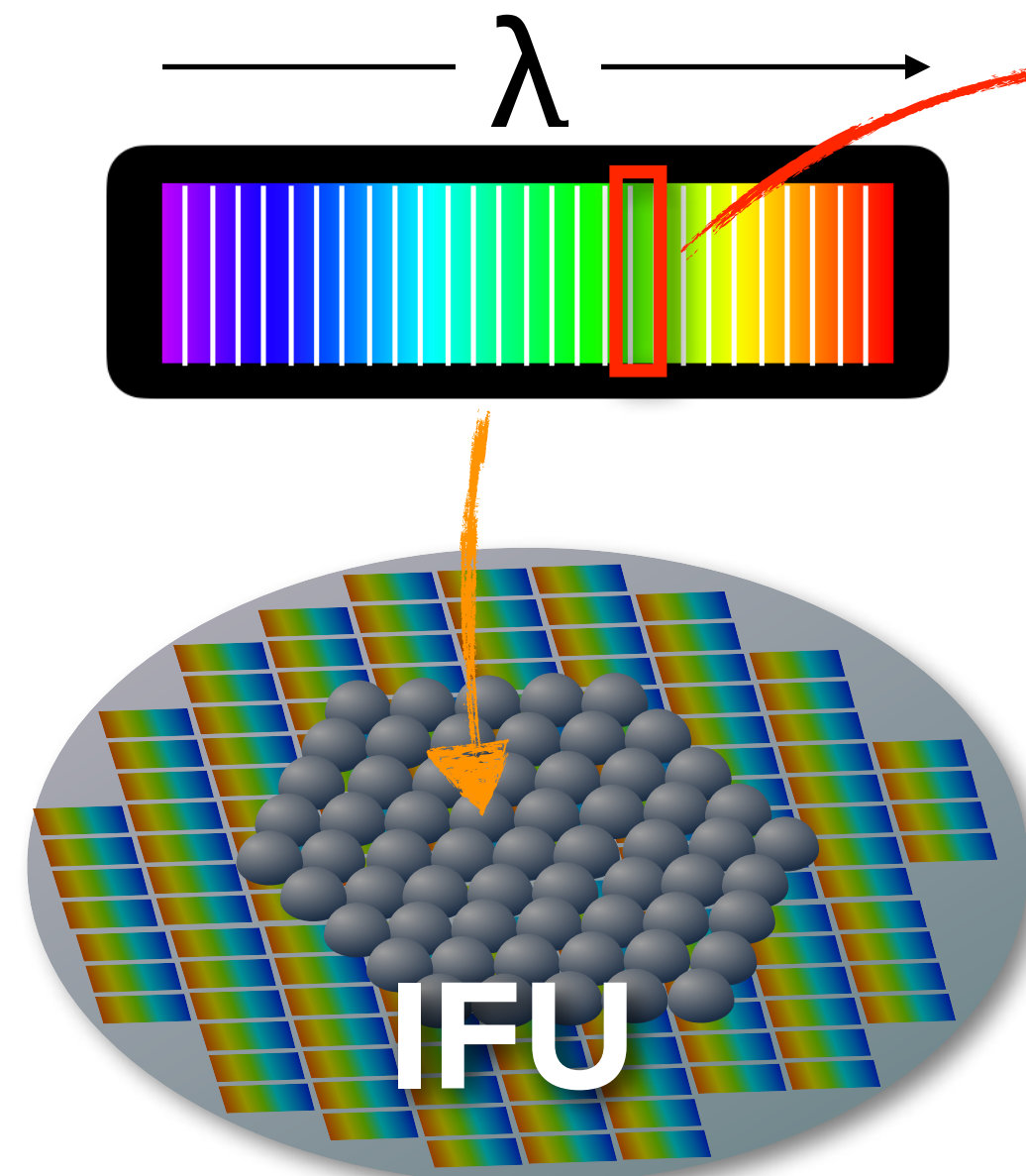
**Cameras:
Only 2D image**



Cosmic 3D Maps @ THz

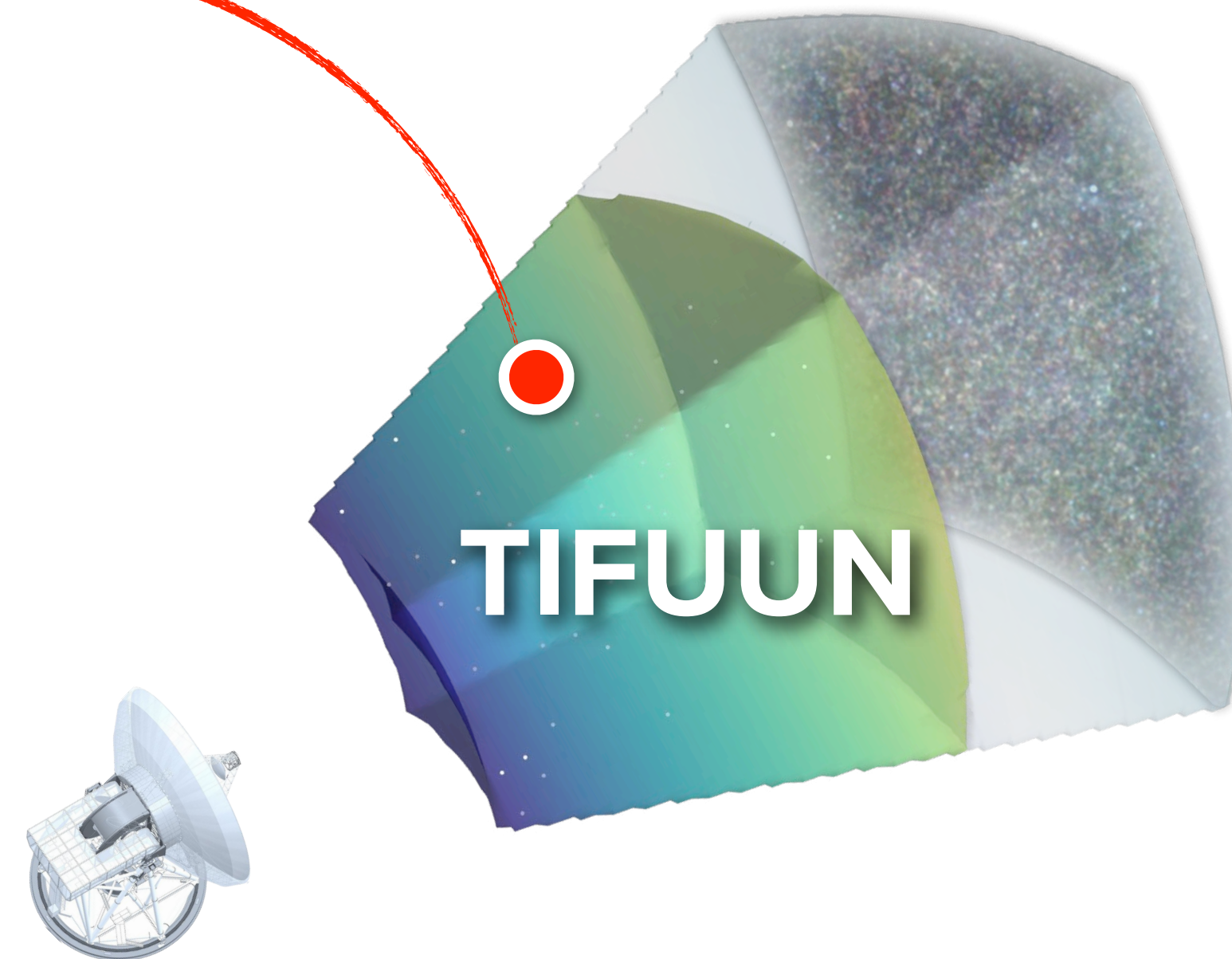
SPAXELS:

Spectrometer Pixels



>20,000 VOXELS:

Each VOXEL is a
VOLUME of the Universe

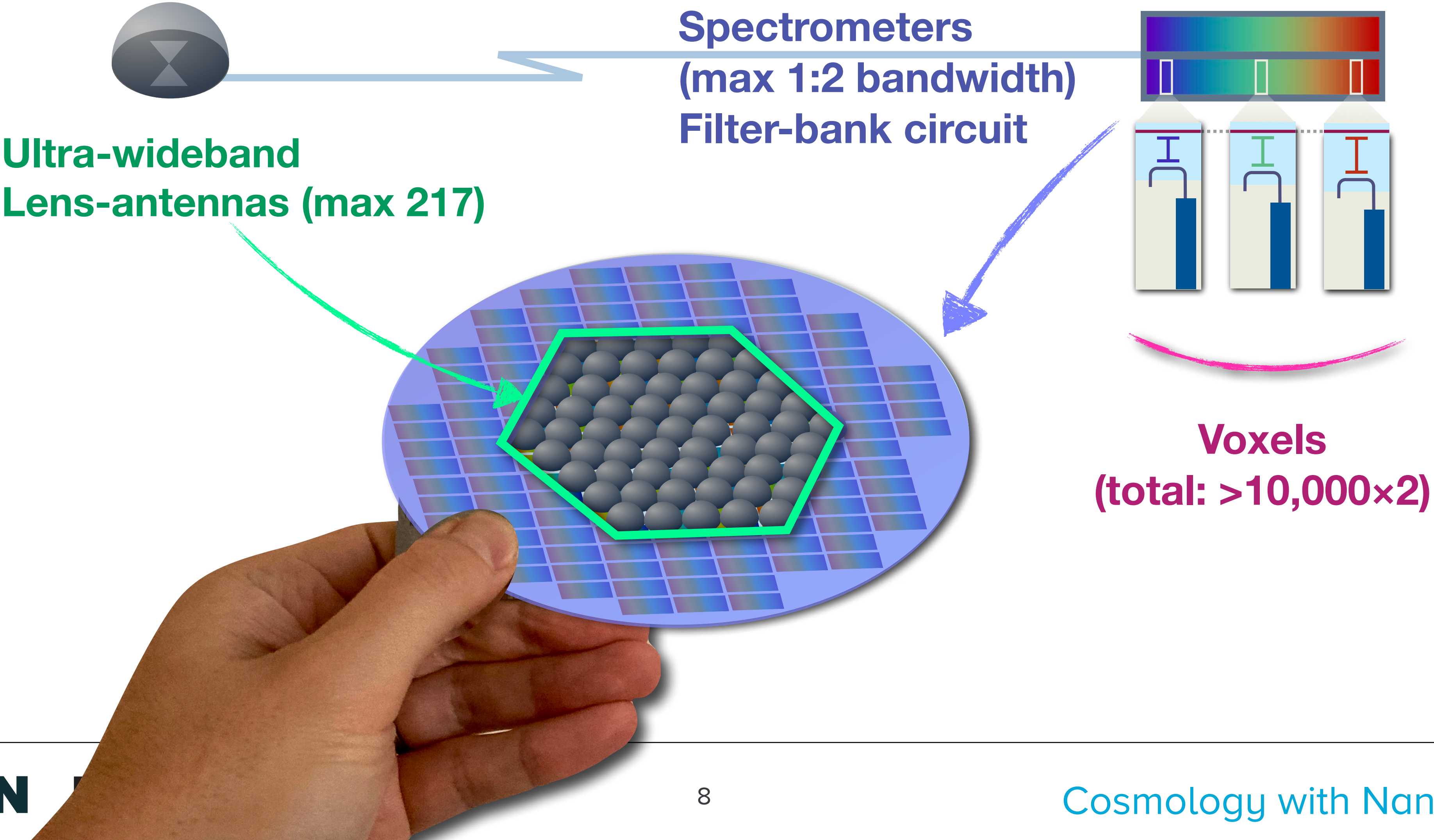


VOLUMIC

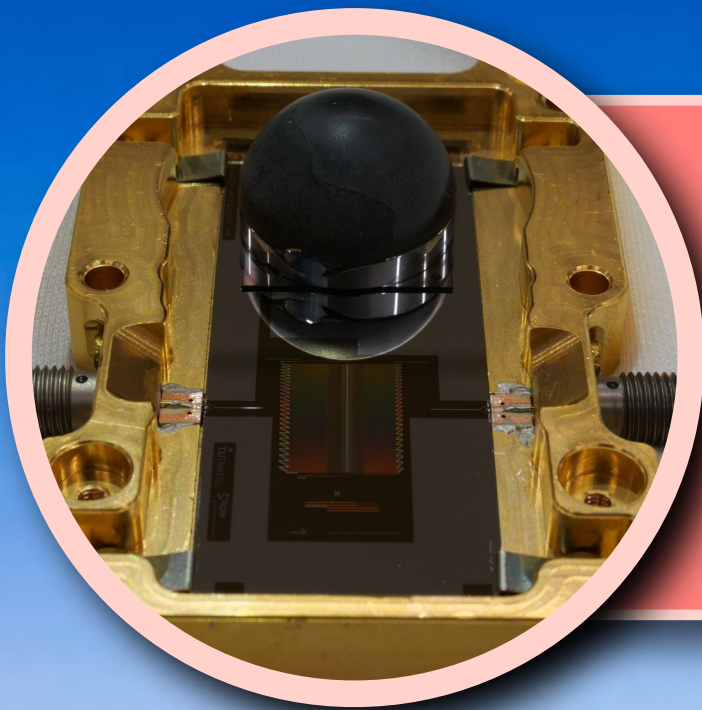
Astronomy across
the COSMIC WEB

- 📡 Star-Forming Galaxies
- 📡 Diffuse Matter
- 📡 Galaxy Clusters

TIFUUN IFU Concept: Imaging Spectrometer on a Wafer

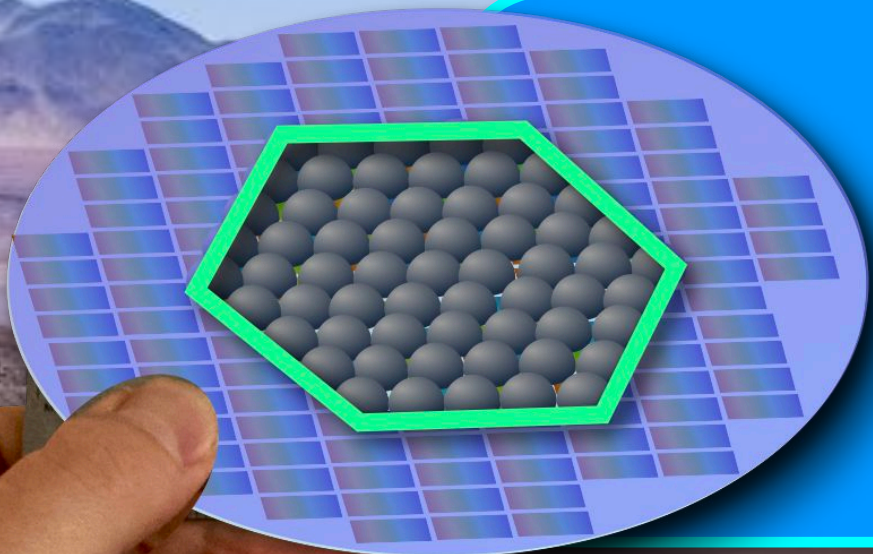


Outline



DESHIMA

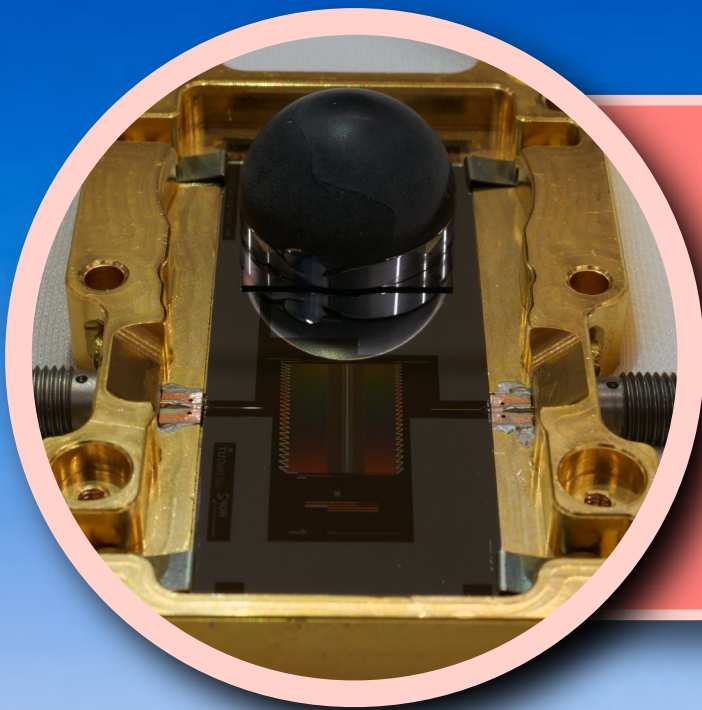
1-spaxel on-chip spectrometer



TIFUUN

>100-spaxel imaging spectrometer

Outline



DESHIMA

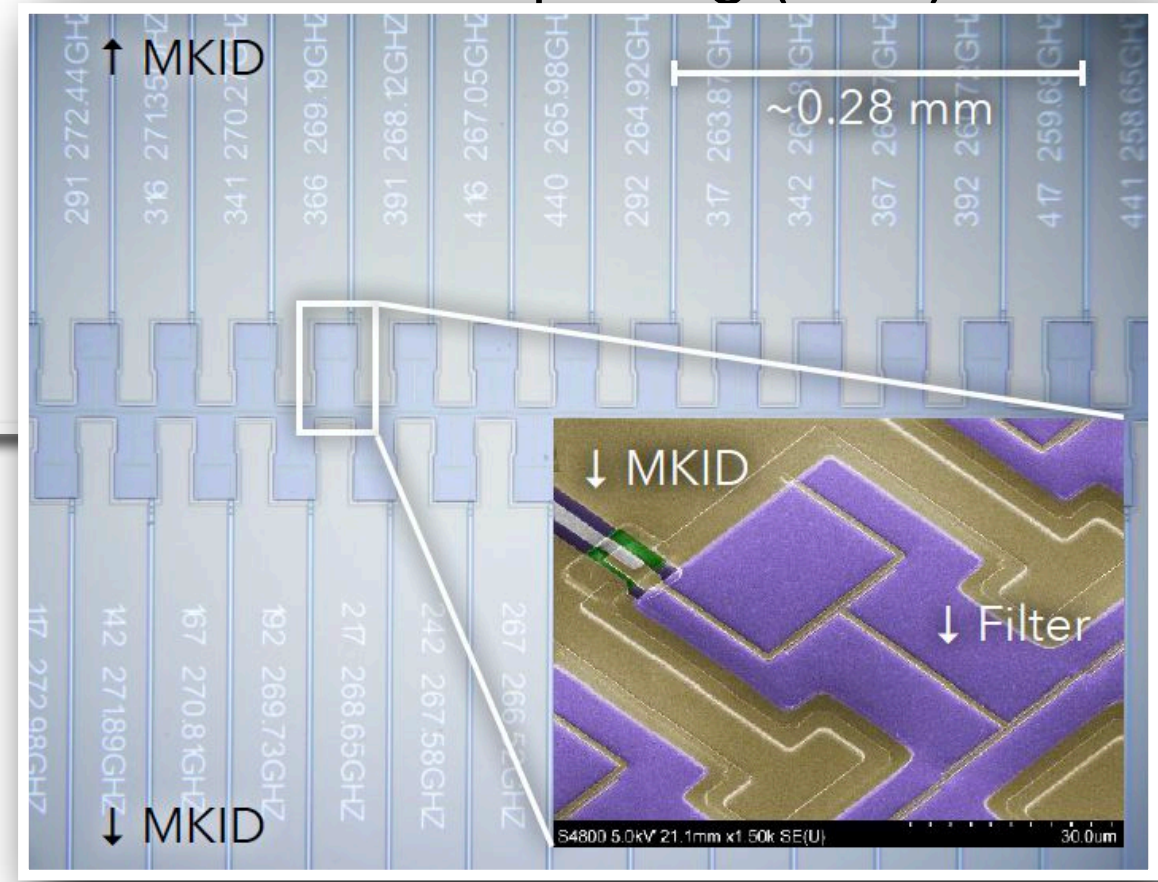
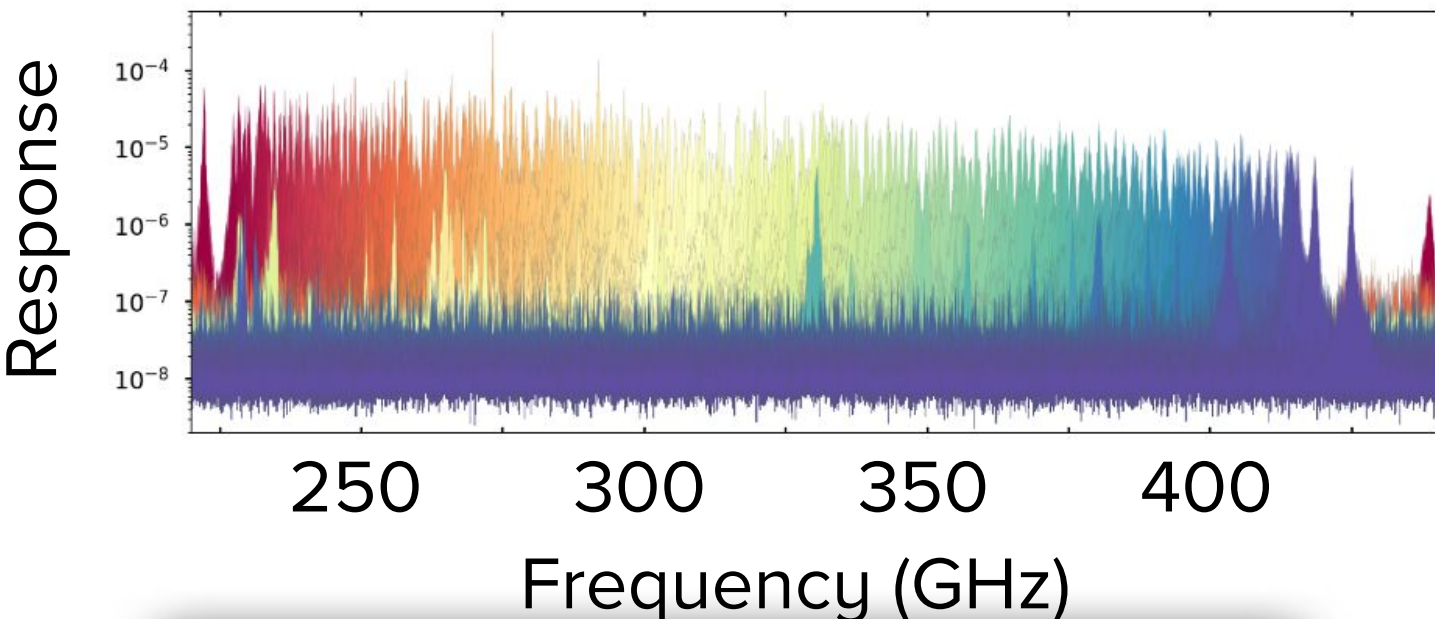
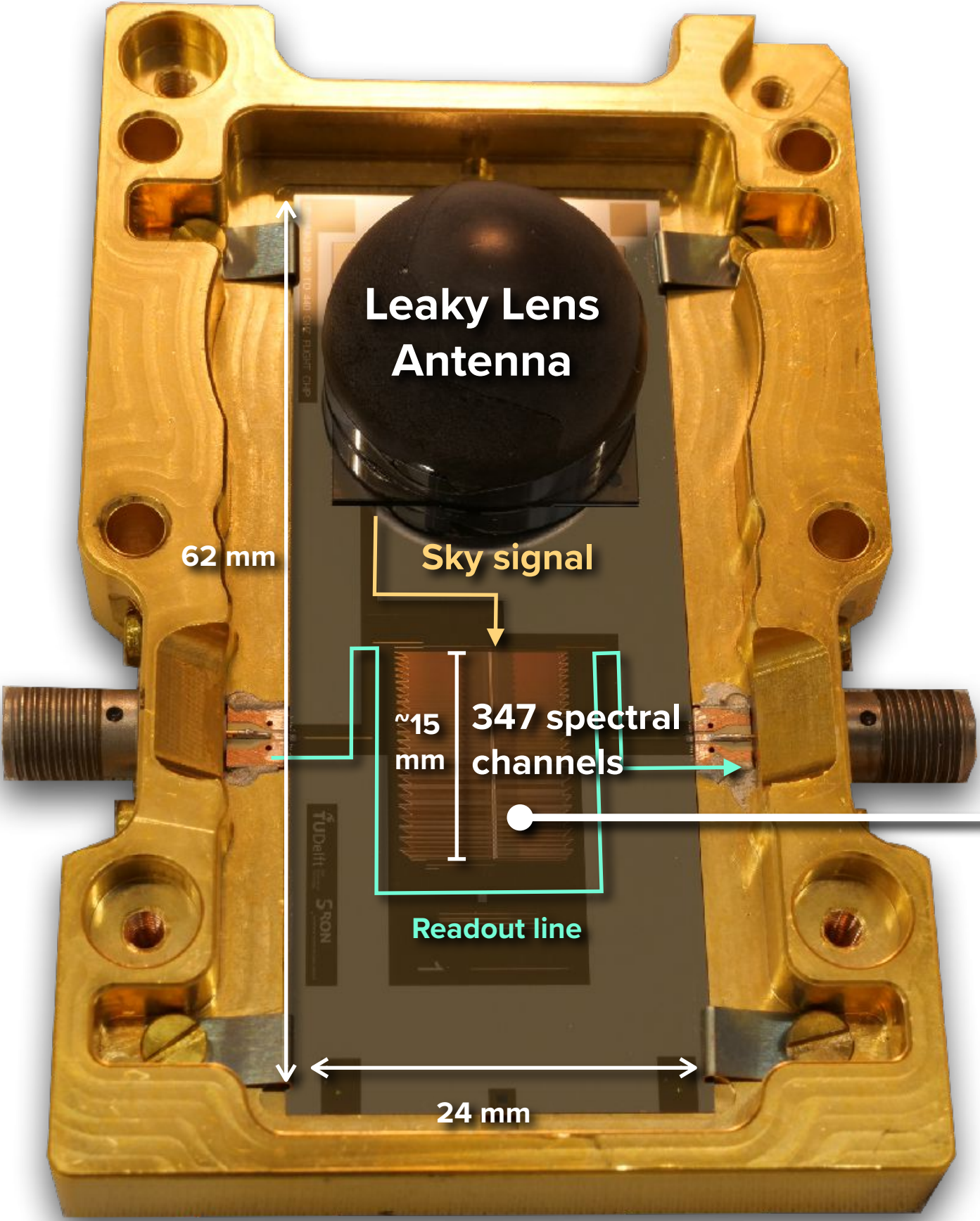
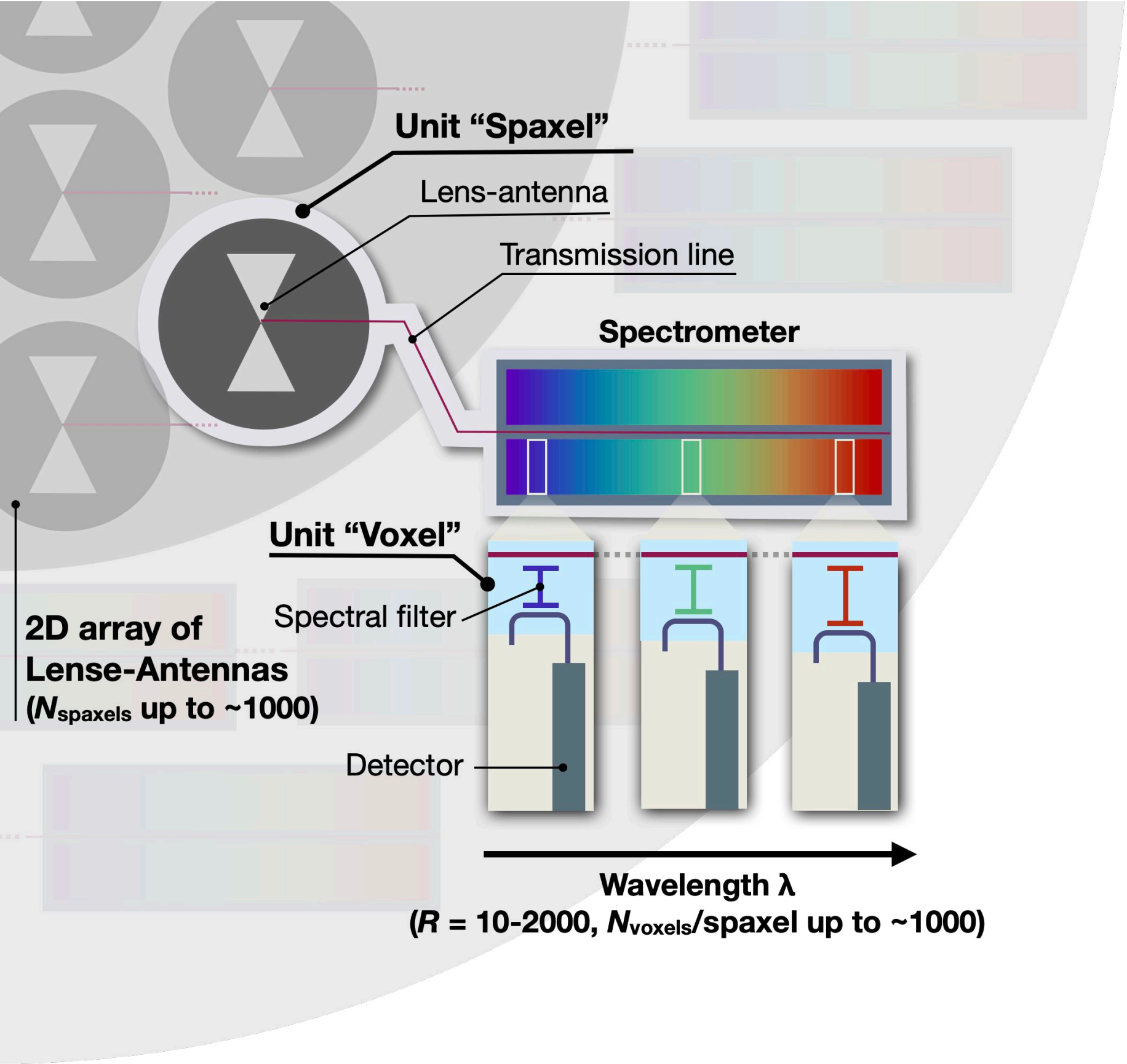
1-spaxel on-chip spectrometer



TIFUUN

>100-spaxel imaging spectrometer

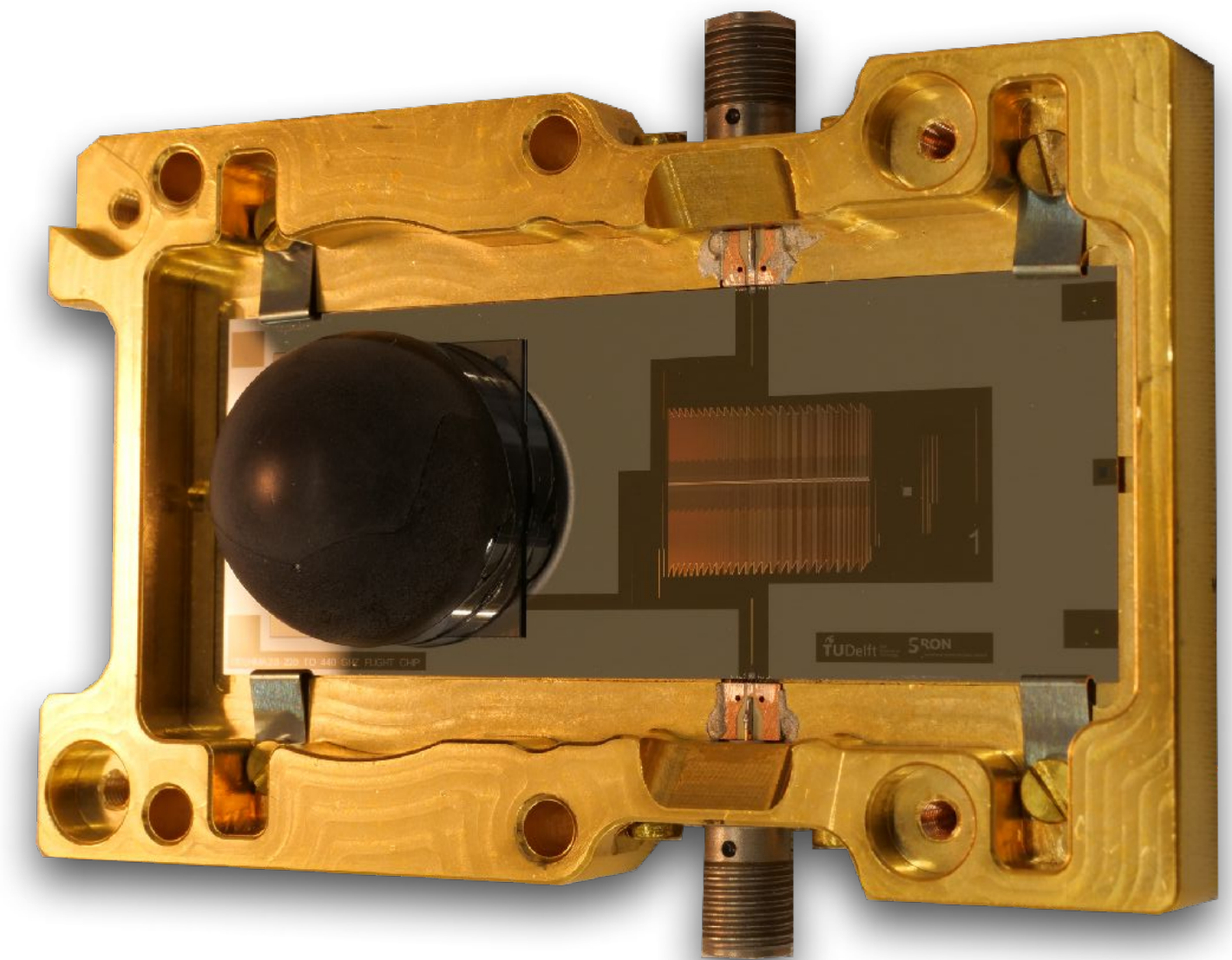
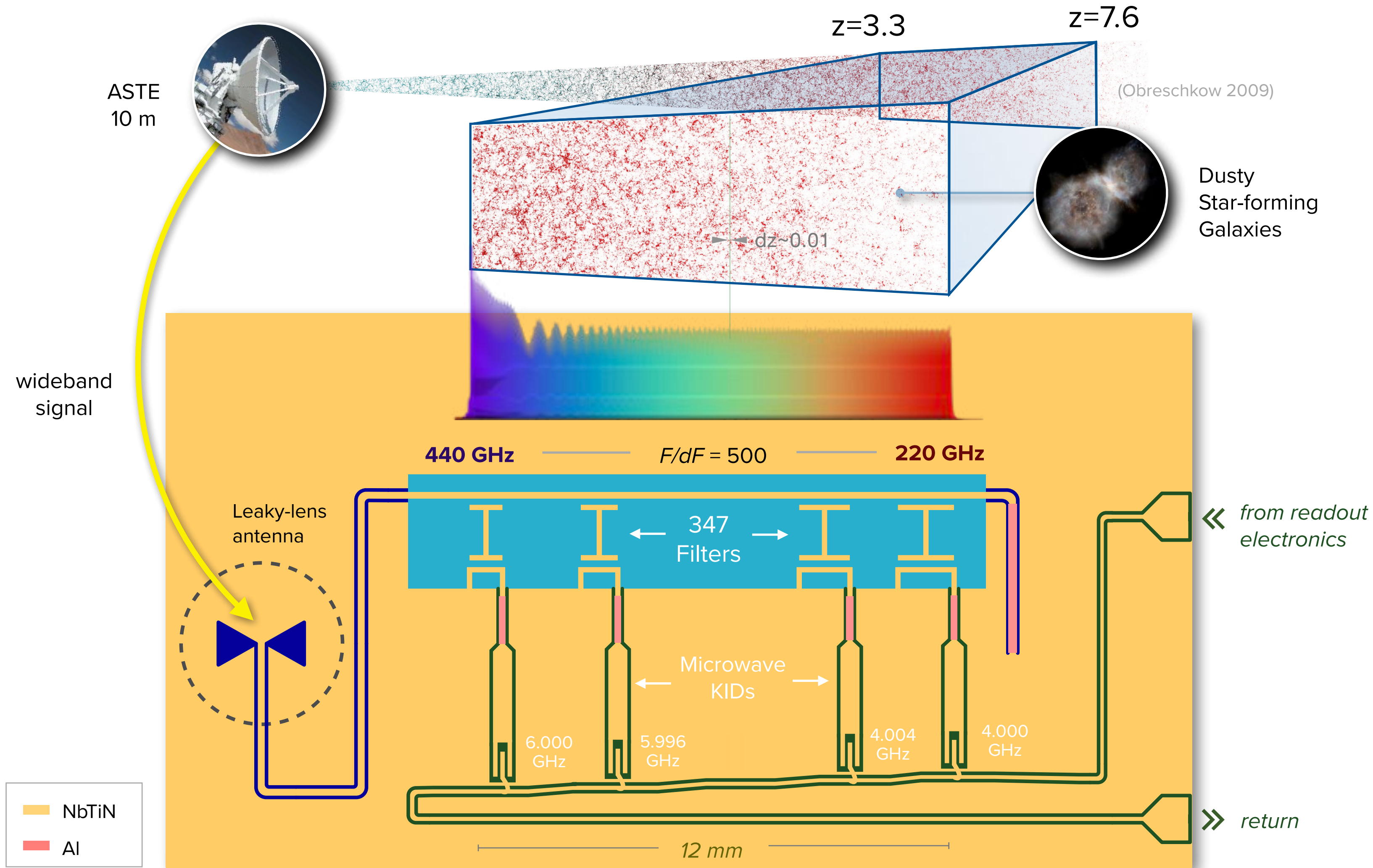
Unit spaxel of an IFU = On-chip filterbank spectrometer (DESHIMA)

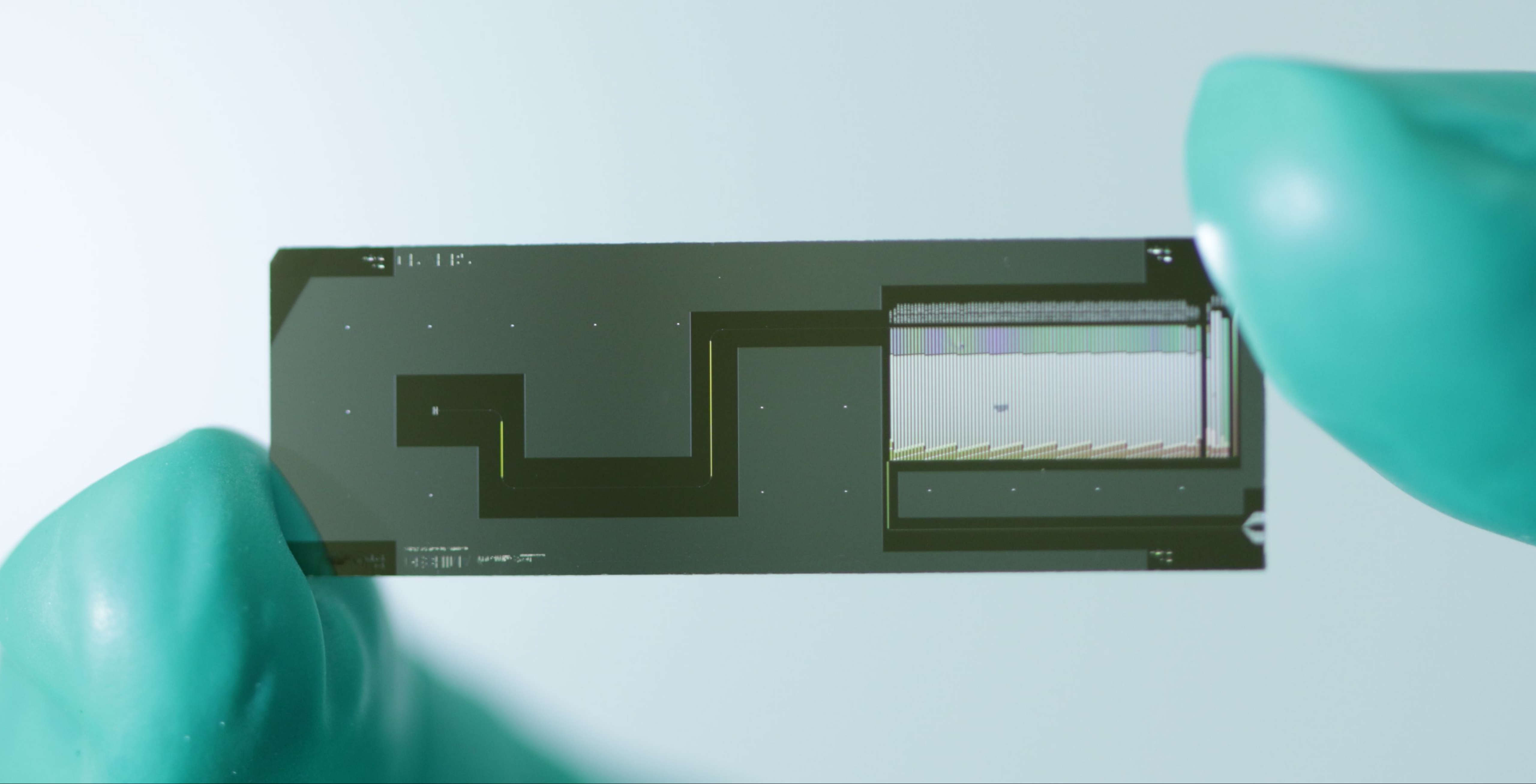


Taniguchi et al., JLTP 209, 278 (2022)

DESHIMA Concept

On-chip Filterbank Spectrometer





Requirements of the DESHIMA cryostat

ASTE Telescope
+ warm optics



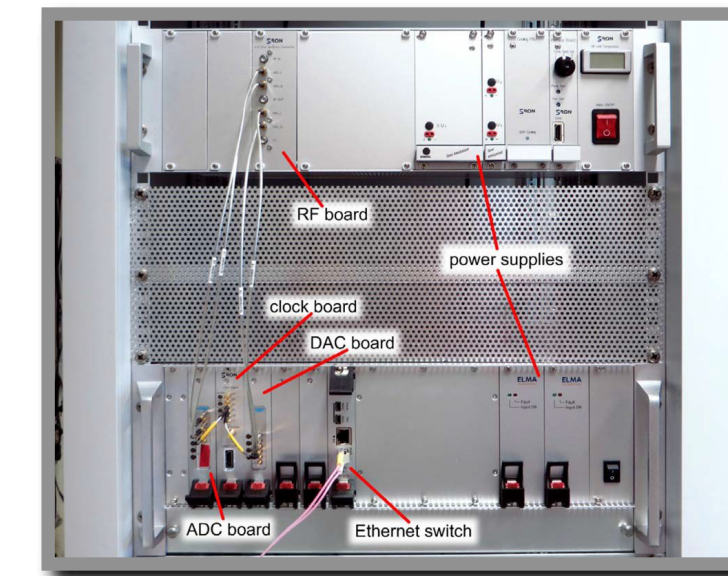
High throughput of
submm signal

Cryostat:
Chip is cold at 100 mK
for ≥ 20 hours

Spectrometer Chip

magnetic shielding
& Stray-light shielding

Microwave
access



readout
electronics

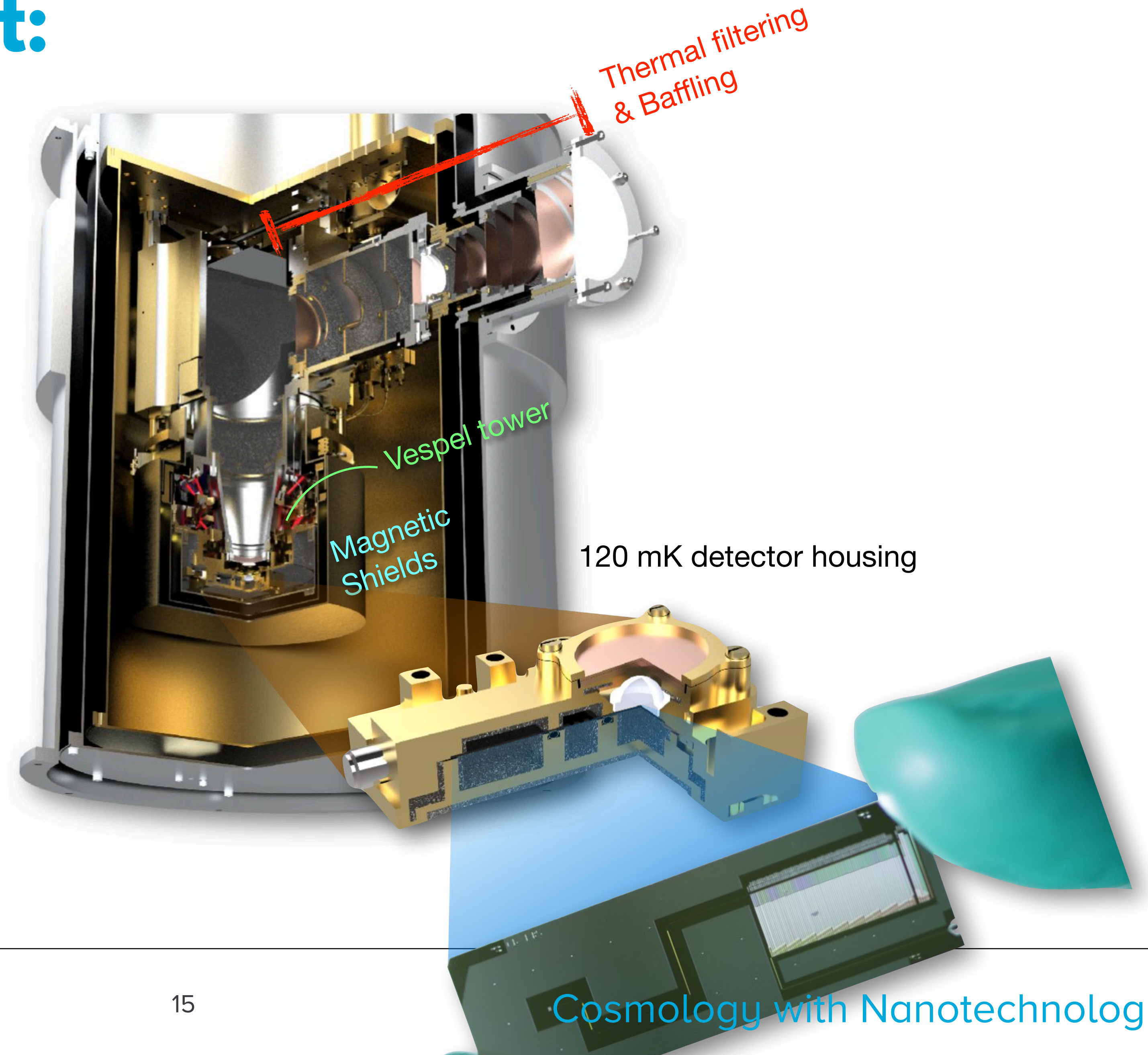
Tip-tilt

Conflicting requirements:

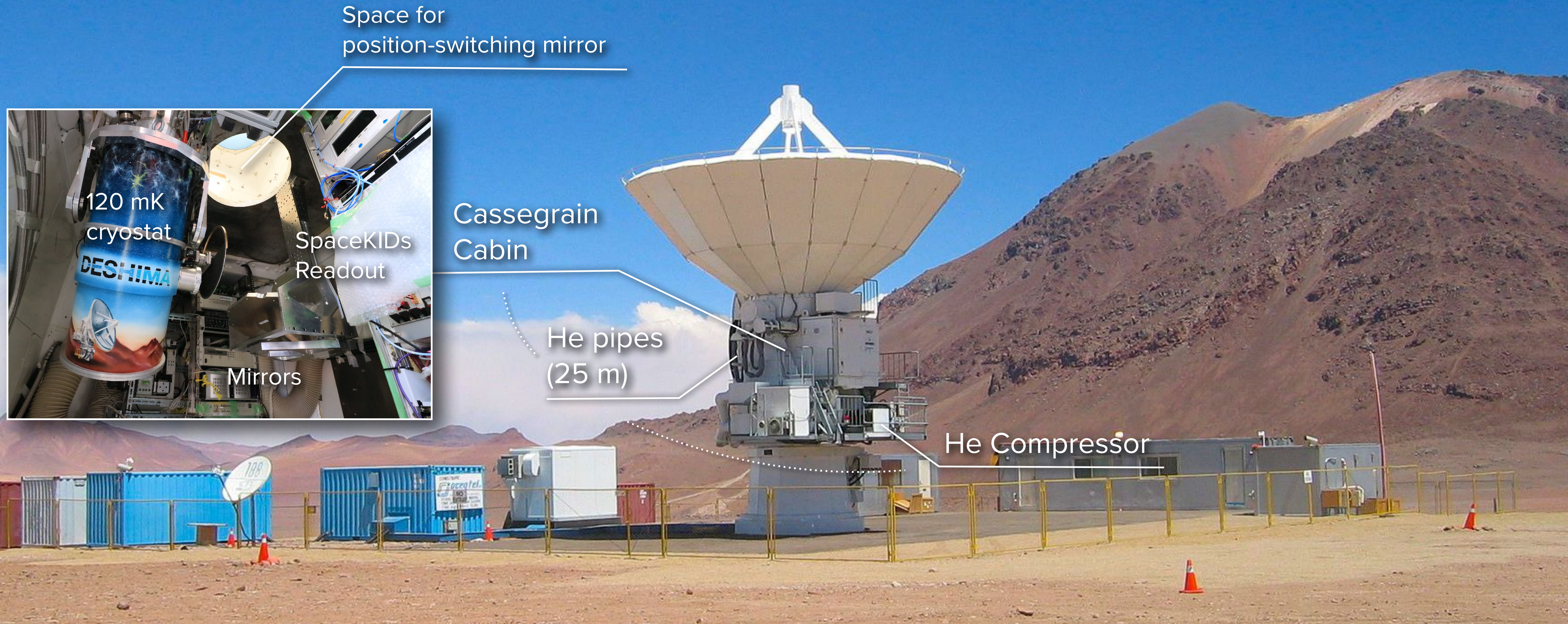
Signal throughput vs. **Shielding**

Thermal isolation vs. **Mechanical Strength**

DESHIMA Cryostat:



DESHIMA on ASTE



“DESHIMA 1.0” – Concept Demonstrator

“DESHIMA 1.0”

Minimal chip specs

332-377 GHz (45 GHz BW / 49 voxels)

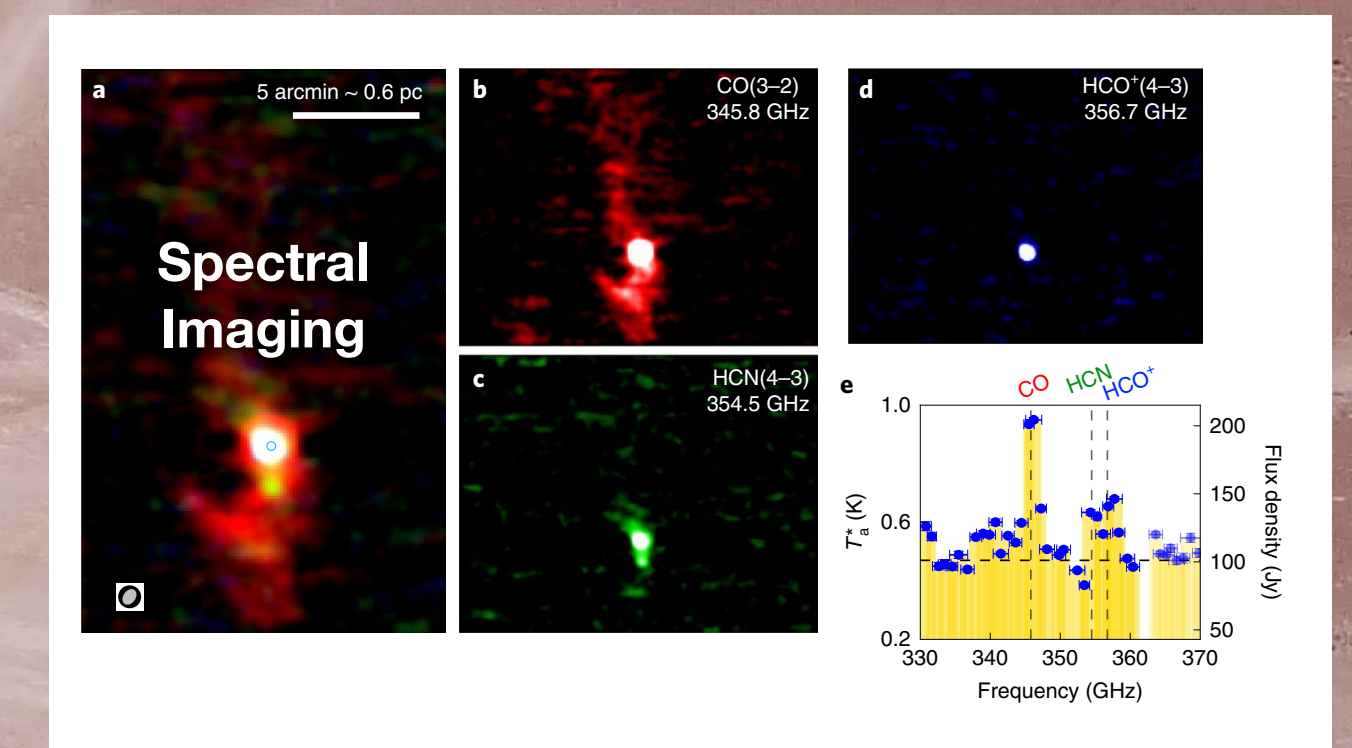
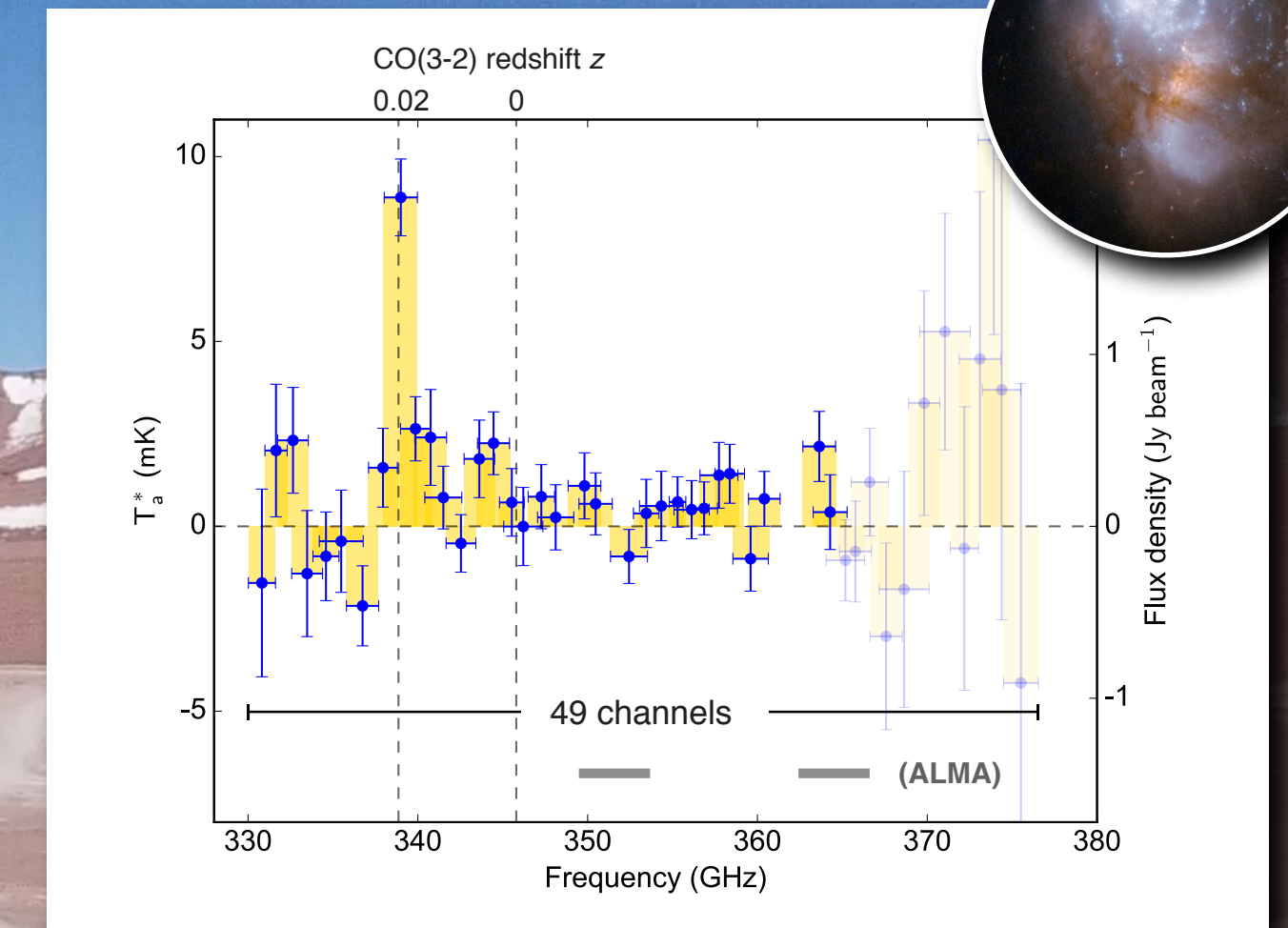
Sufficient sensitivity for system test

End-to-end system check

- ✓ MKIDs operation on ASTE
(Photon-noise limited sensitivity)
- ✓ Readout system
- ✓ Cryostat system
- ✓ Remote control
- ✓ Installation procedure
- ✓ Logistics

Astronomical + atmospheric data

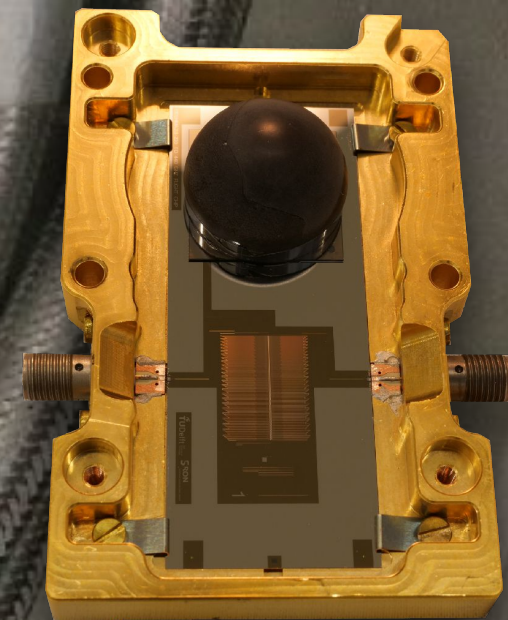
- ✓ Software & calibration development



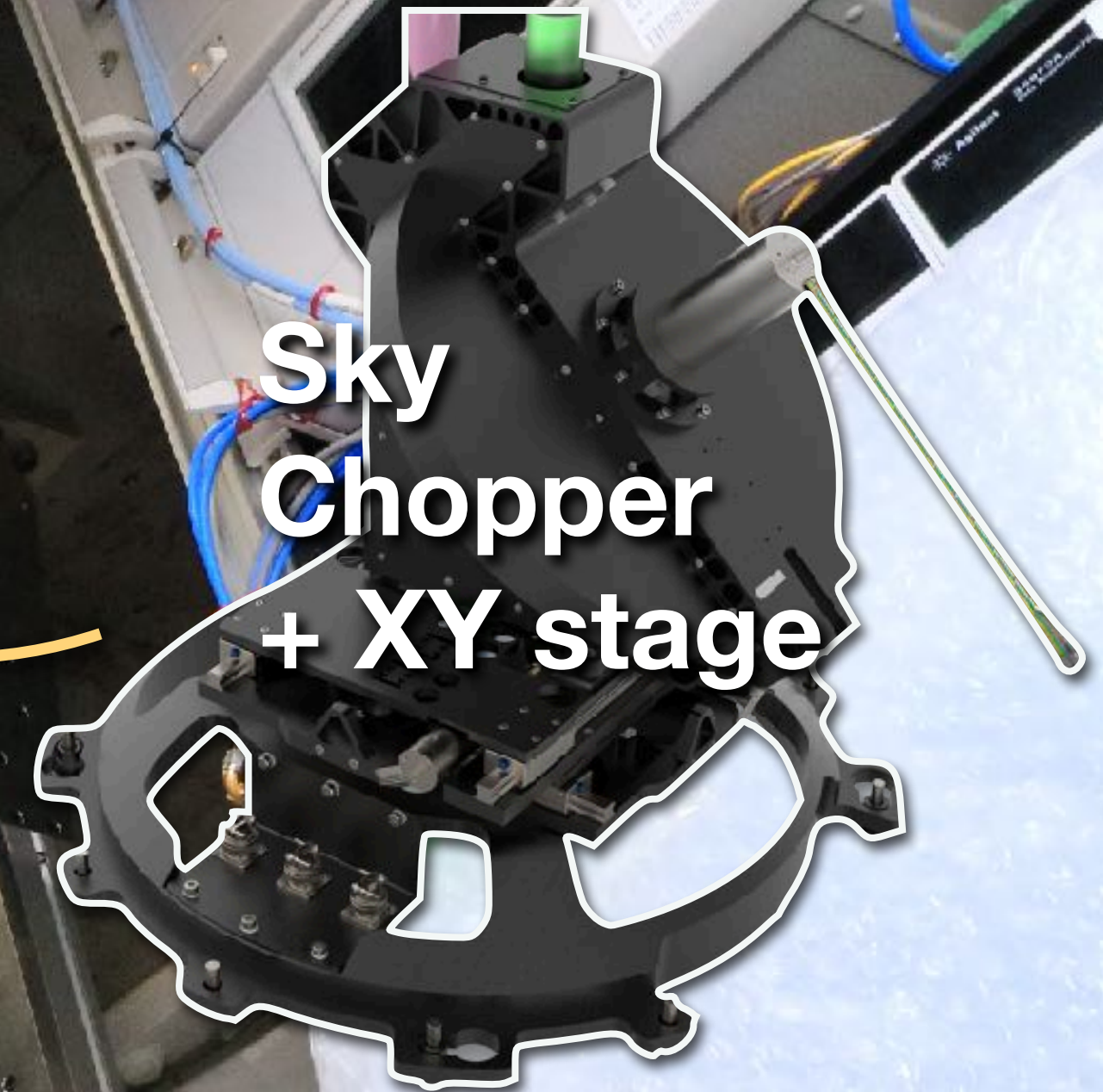
Endo+2019 Nature Astronomy

From DESHIMA 1.0 to DESHIMA 2.0

Better
Spectrometer
Chip



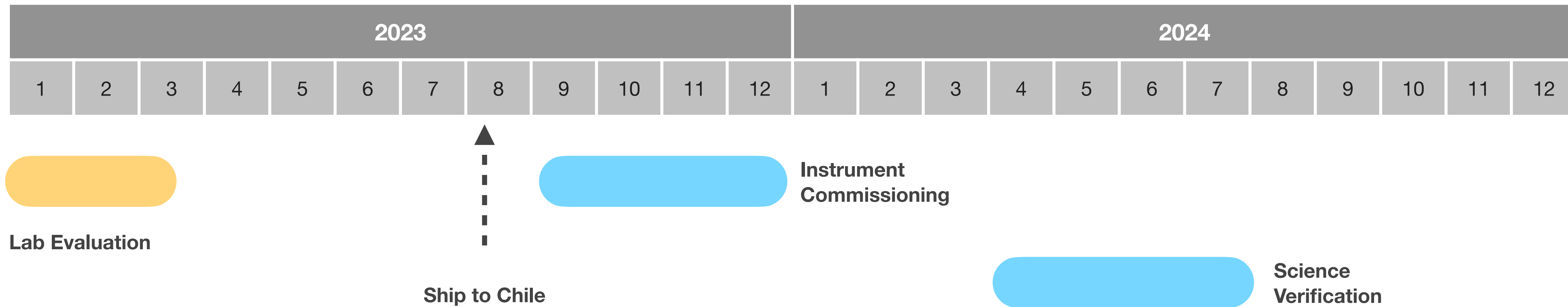
Sky
Chopper
+ XY stage



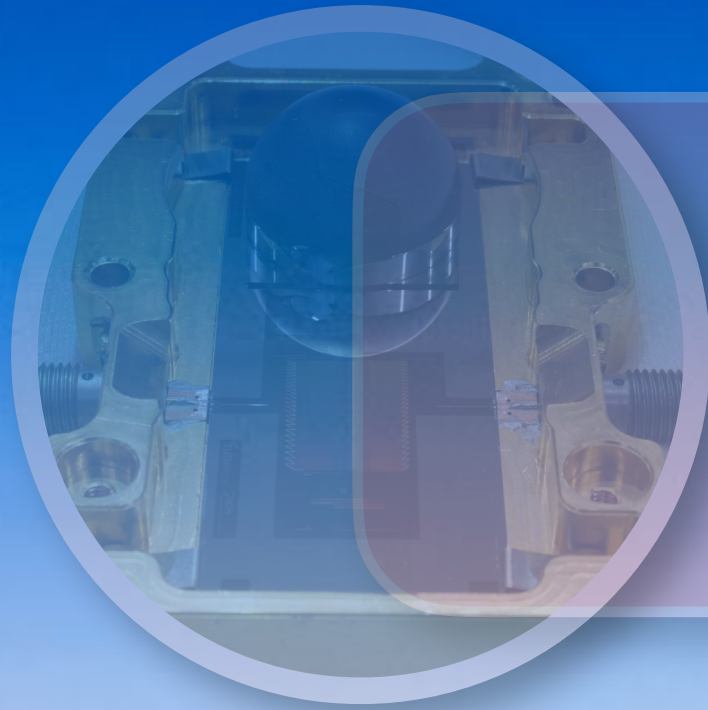
Hexapod

DESHIMA 2023-2024

Commissioning and Science Verification

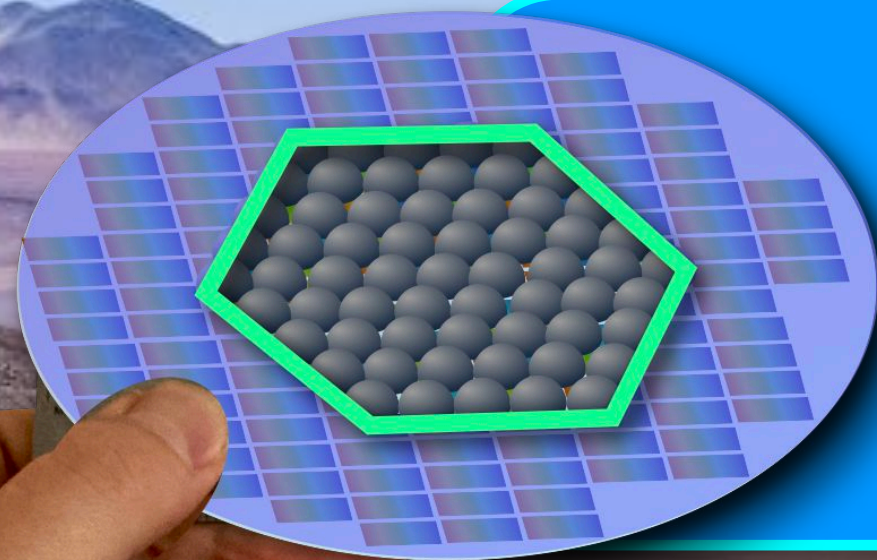


Outline



DESHIMA

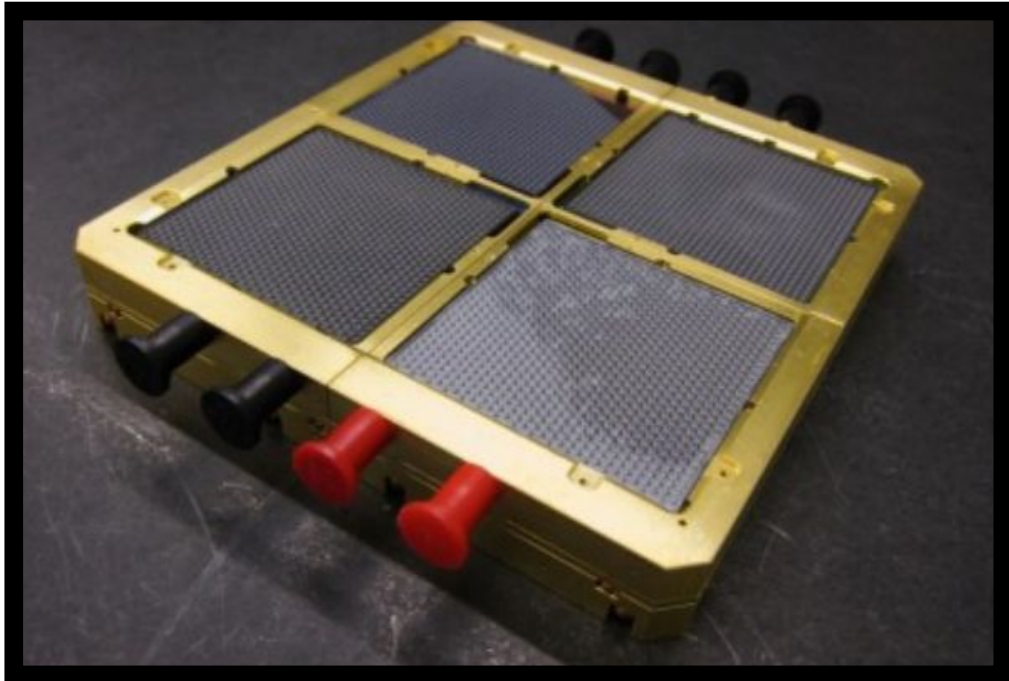
1-spaxel on-chip spectrometer



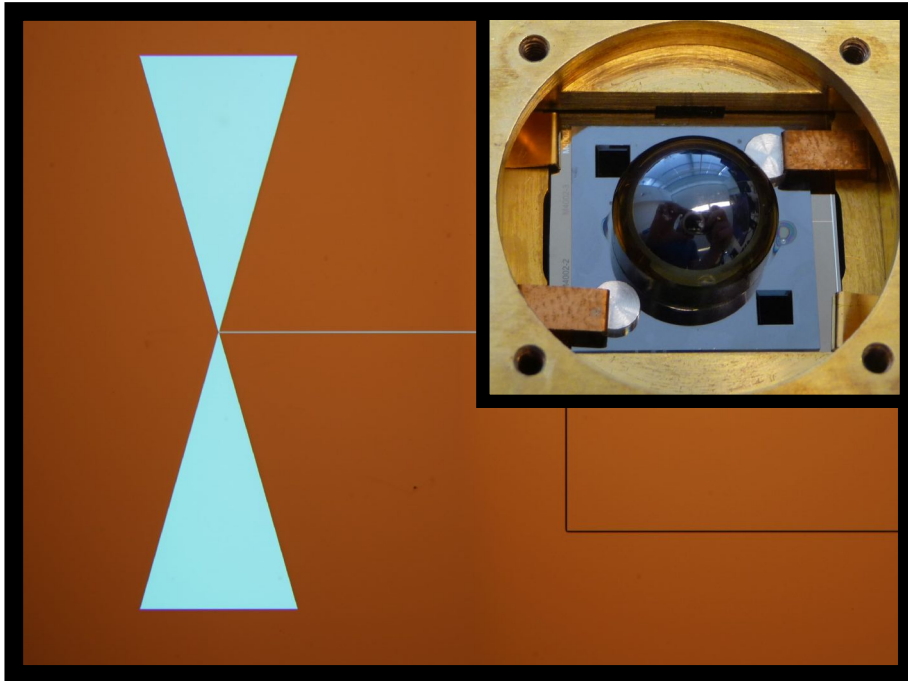
TIFUUN

>100-spaxel imaging spectrometer

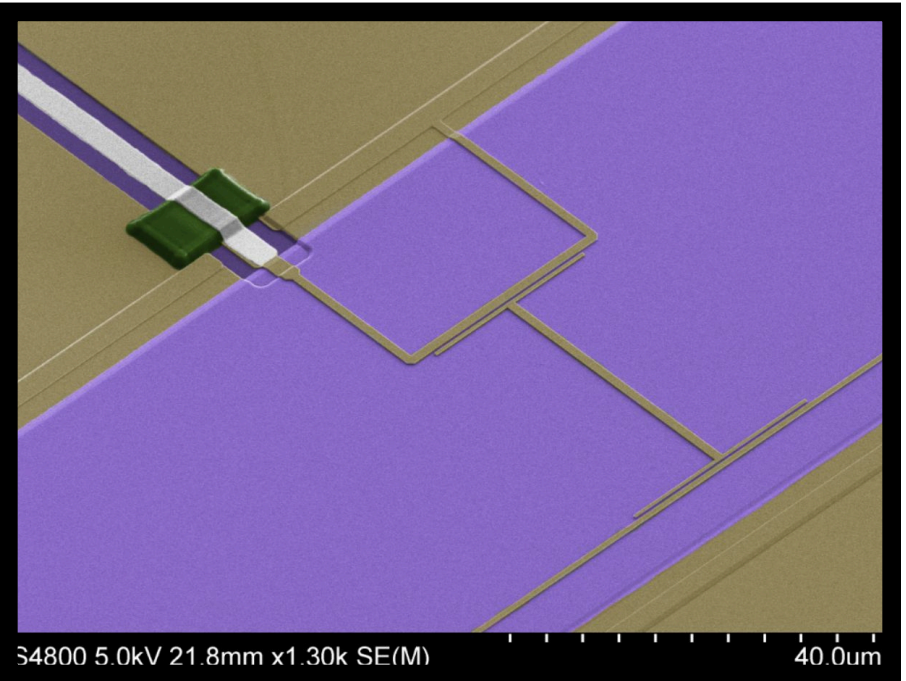
TIFUUN Concept



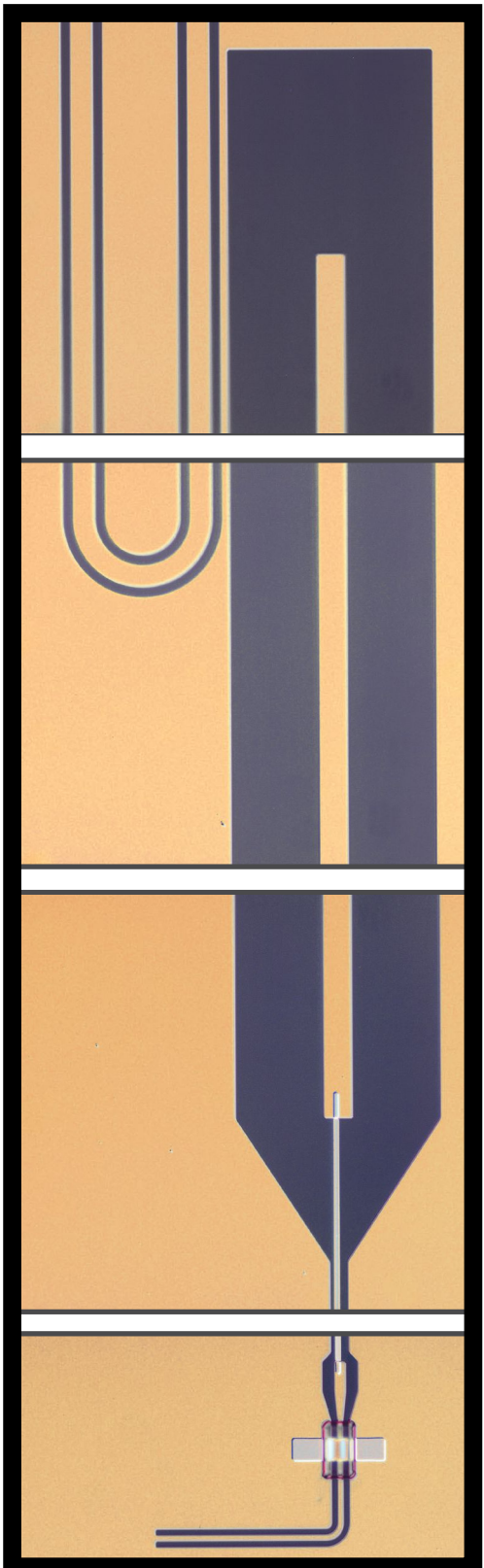
Kilo-pixel lens array technology



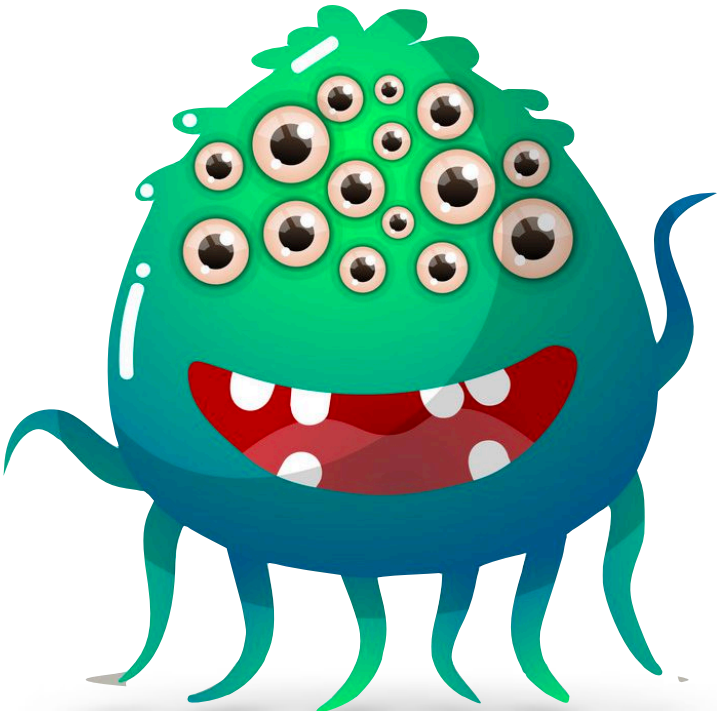
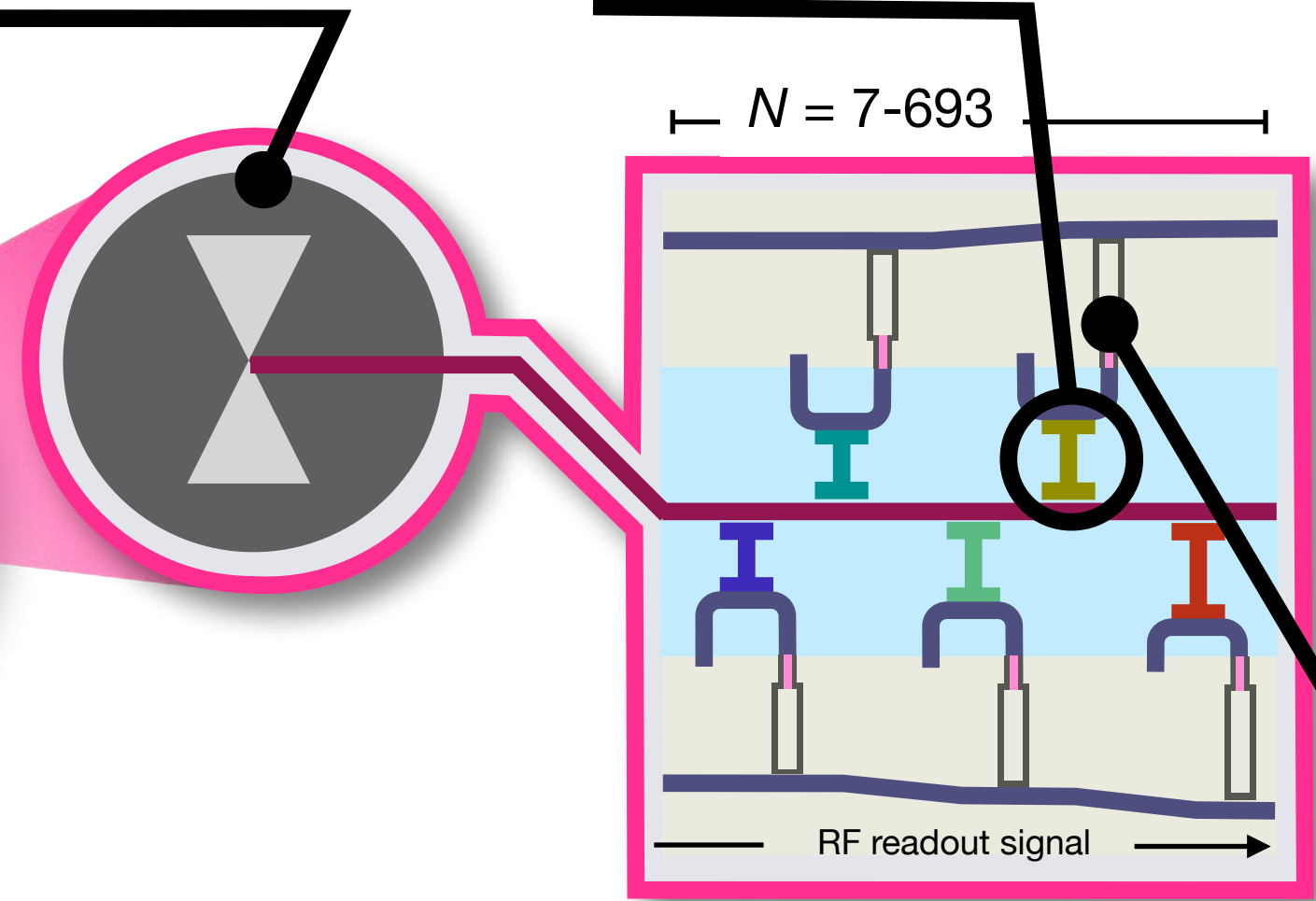
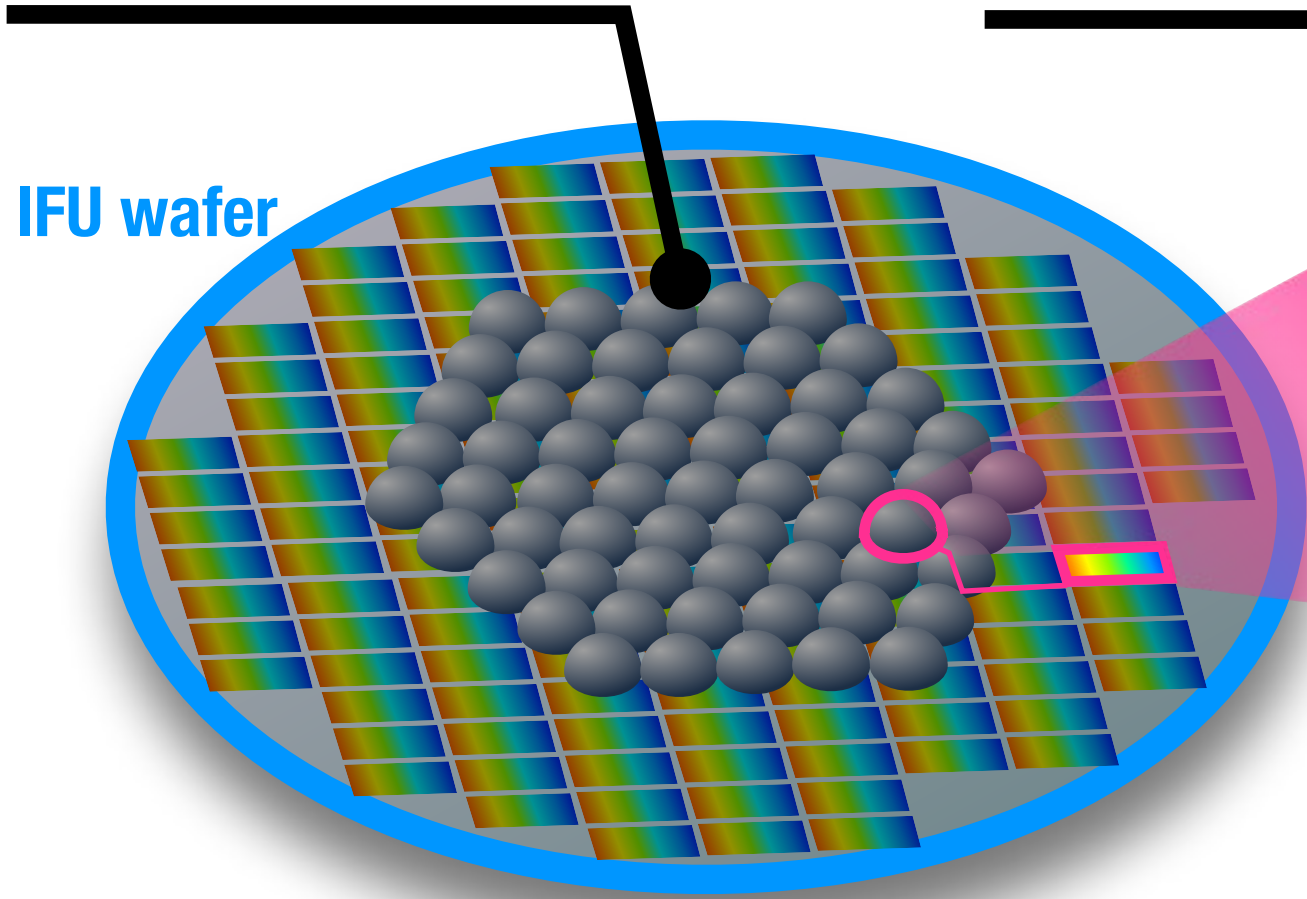
Ultra-wideband antenna technology



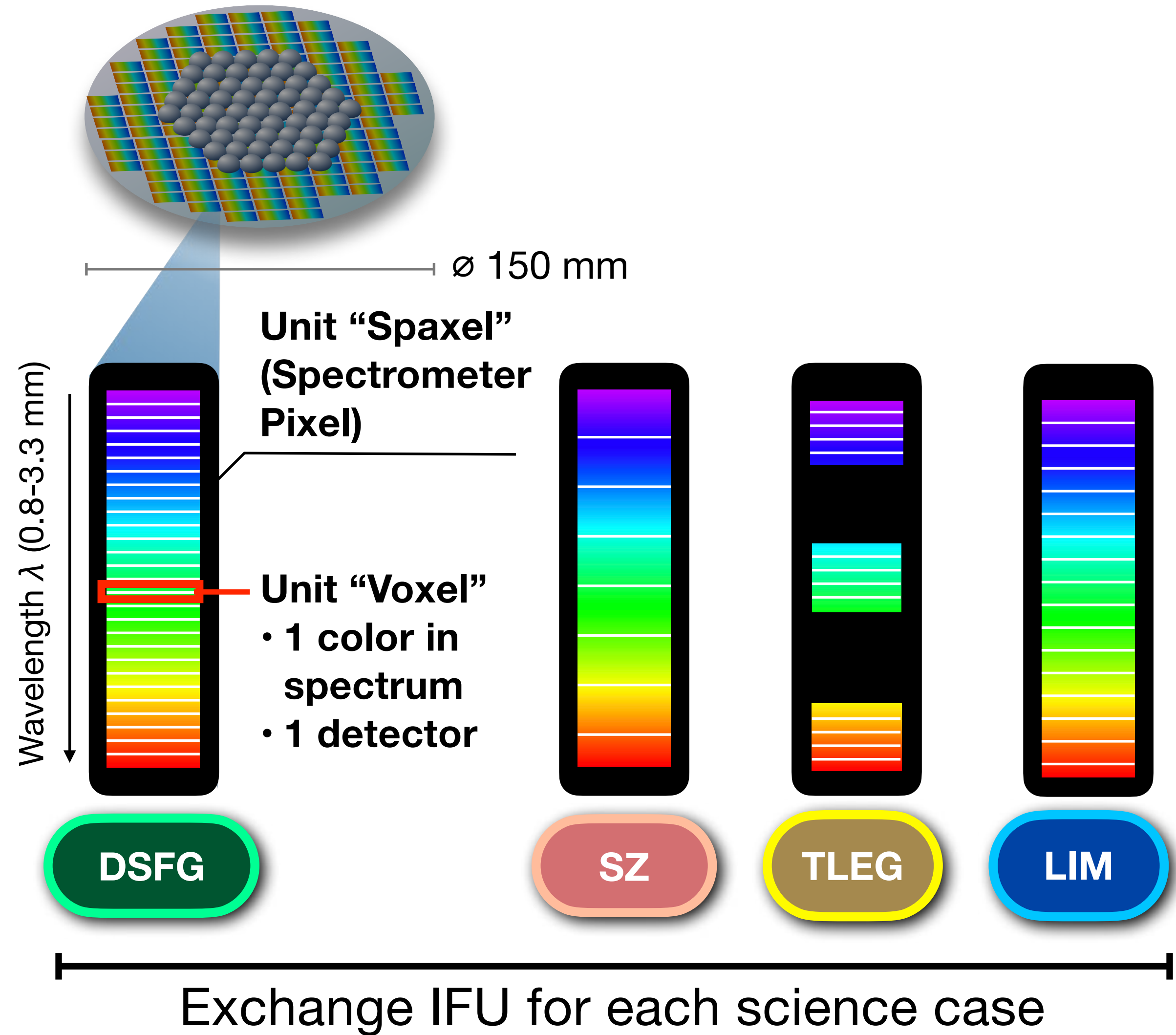
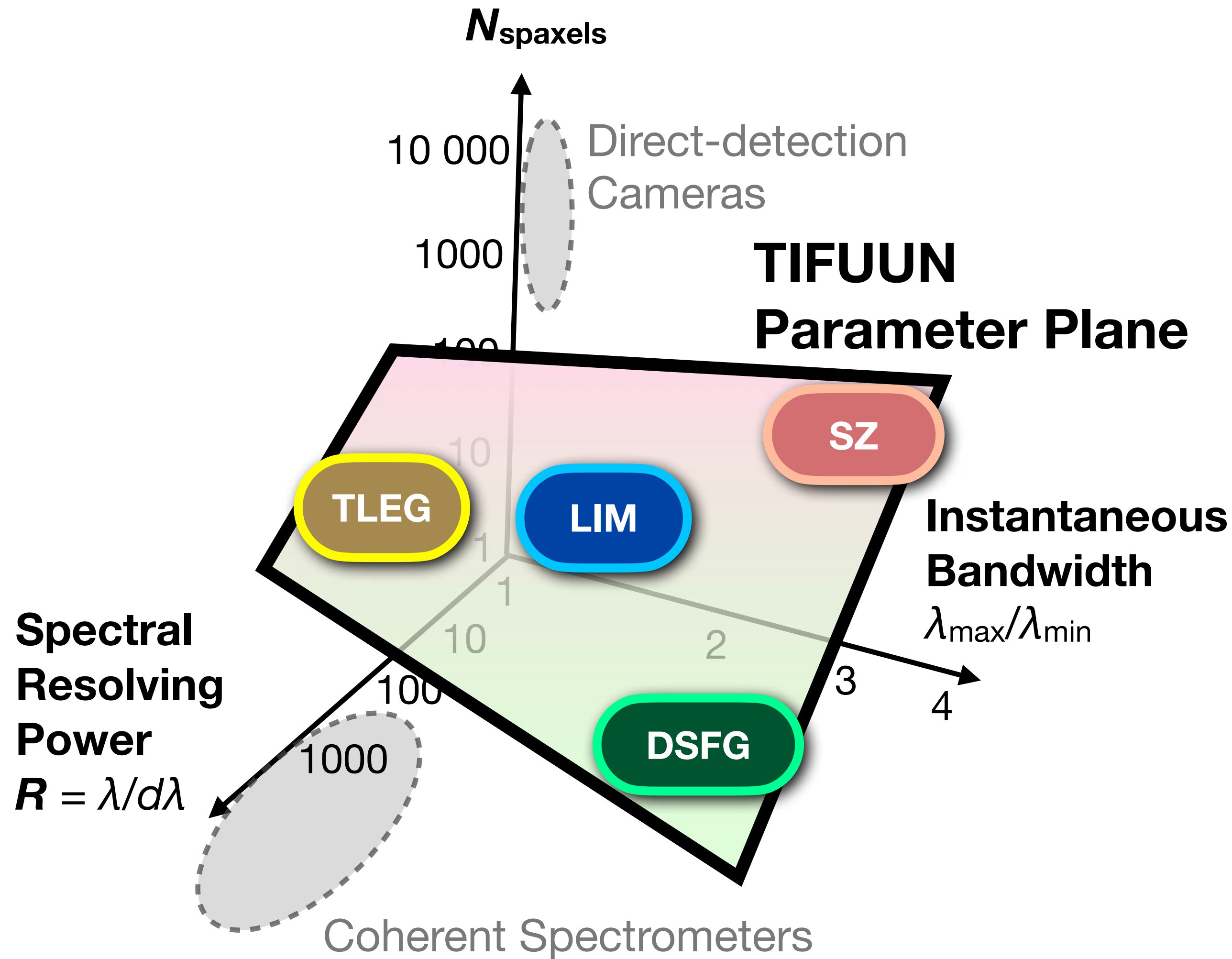
Band-pass filter technology



MKID Detector technology



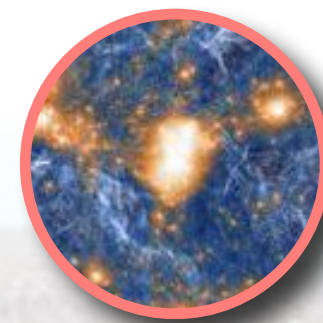
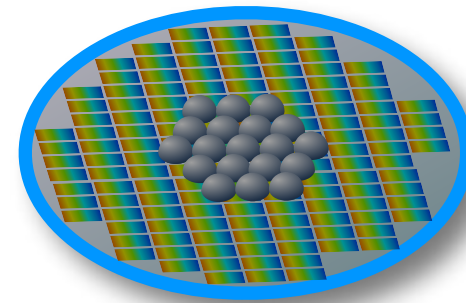
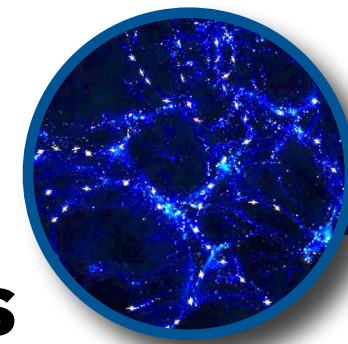
One Technology. Many Instruments.



TIFUUN Astronomy: Volumic 3D Surveys with Plug-and-Play IFUs

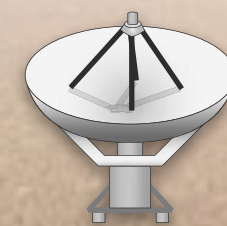
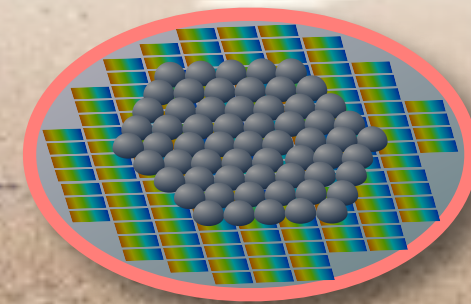
[CII] Large Scale Structure

- 👁️ **Cosmic web of warm gas and star-formation**
(Line Intensity Mapping)



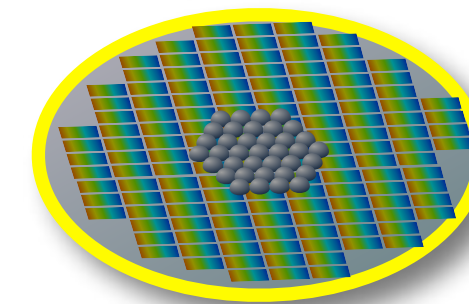
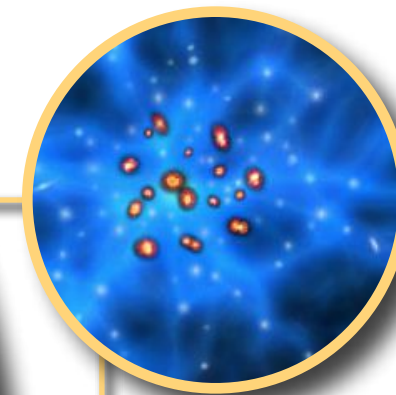
SZ-Clusters

- 👁️ **Galaxy Clusters in assembly**



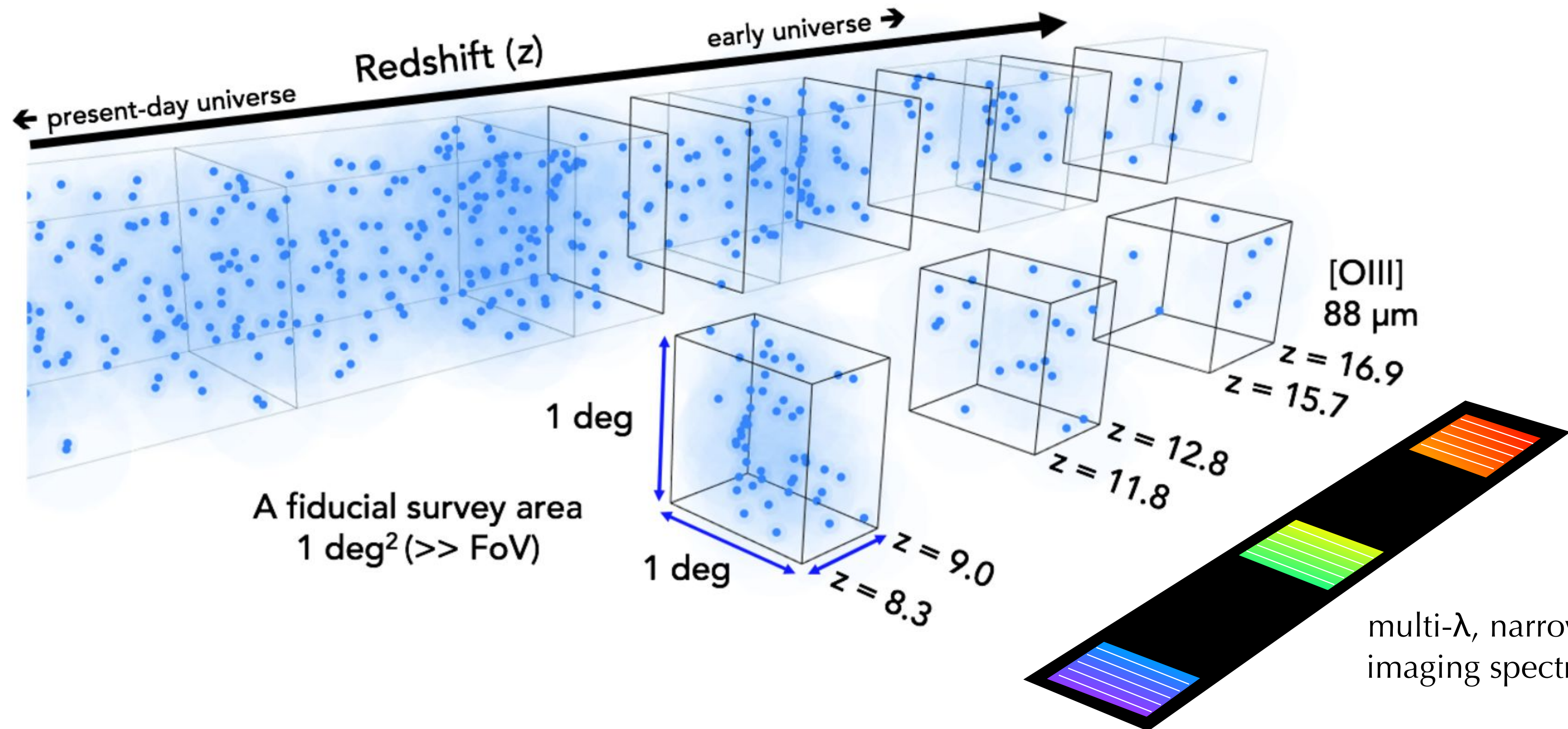
Tomography of THz line-emitting galaxies (TLEGs)

- 👁️ **New population of star-forming galaxies hidden by dust**

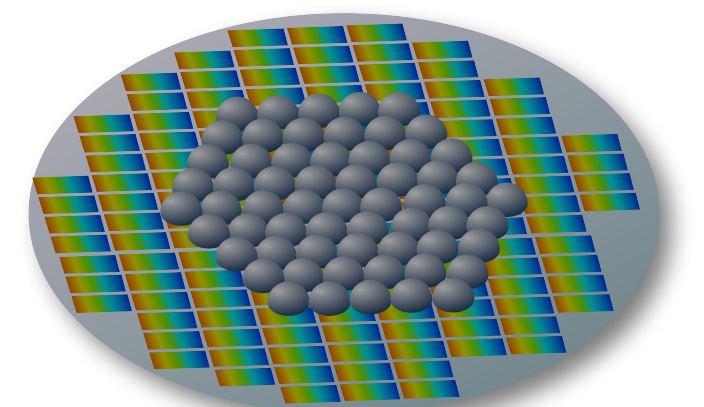


“KATANA” IFU & Survey Concept

Kohno et al., SPIE 2020, <https://arxiv.org/abs/2102.08280>

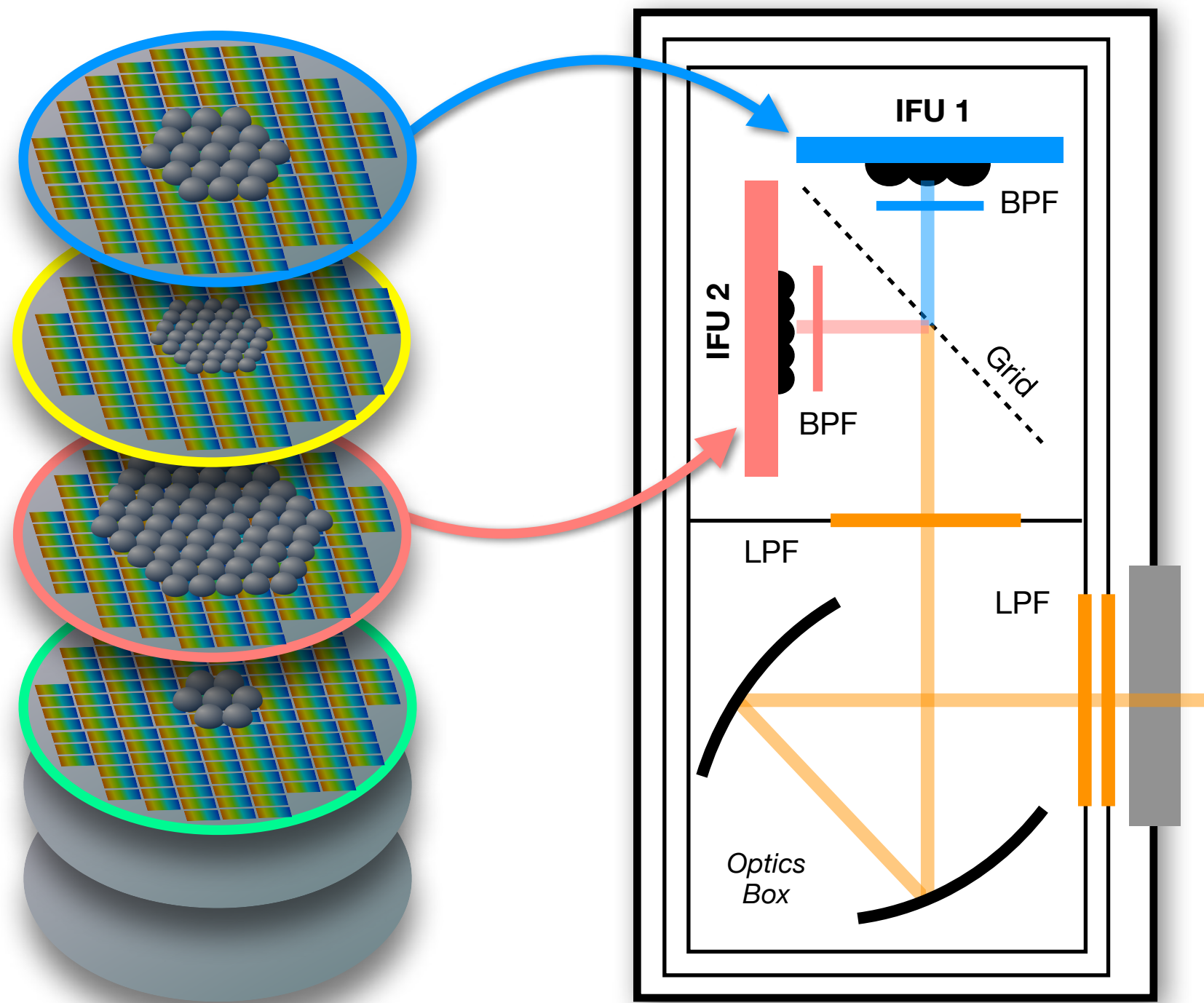


Frequency range	Redshift range	
	[OIII] 88 μm	[CII] 158 μm
190 – 204 GHz	15.7 – 16.9	8.32 – 9.00
246 – 265 GHz	11.8 – 12.8	6.17 – 6.73
339 – 365 GHz	8.31 – 9.00	4.21 – 4.60

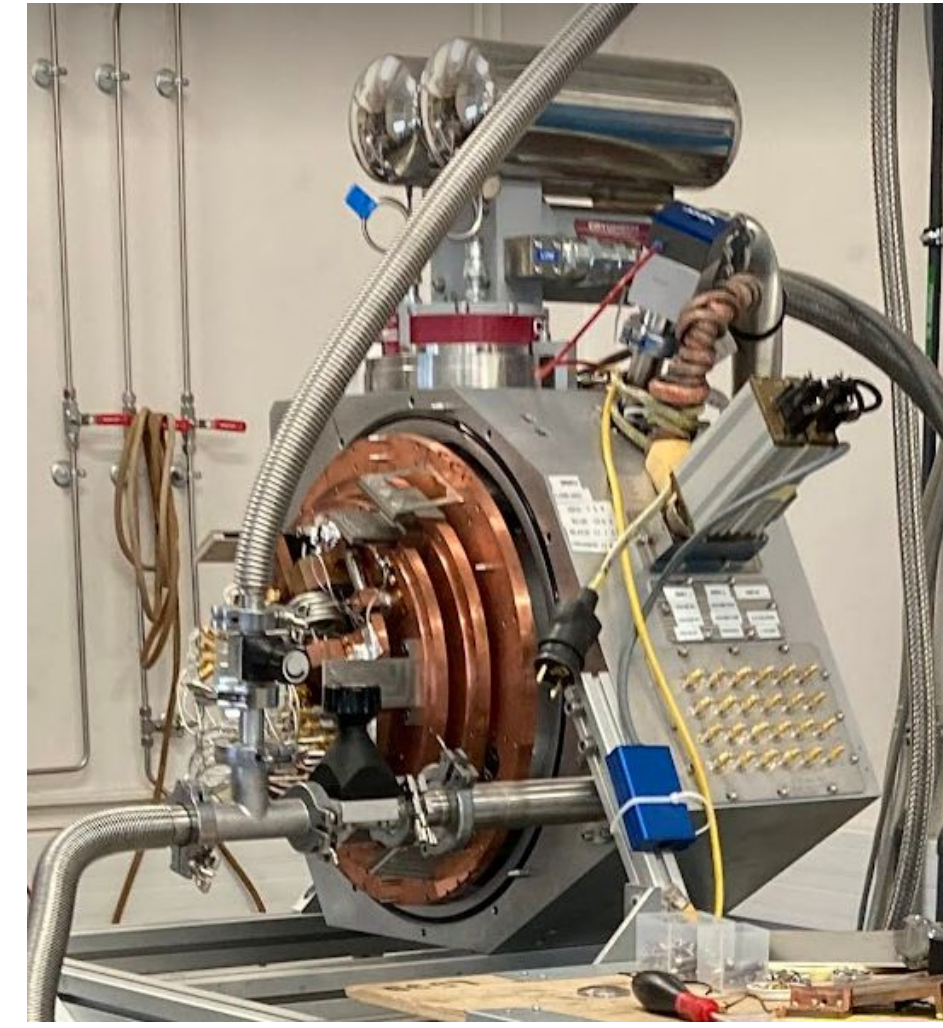
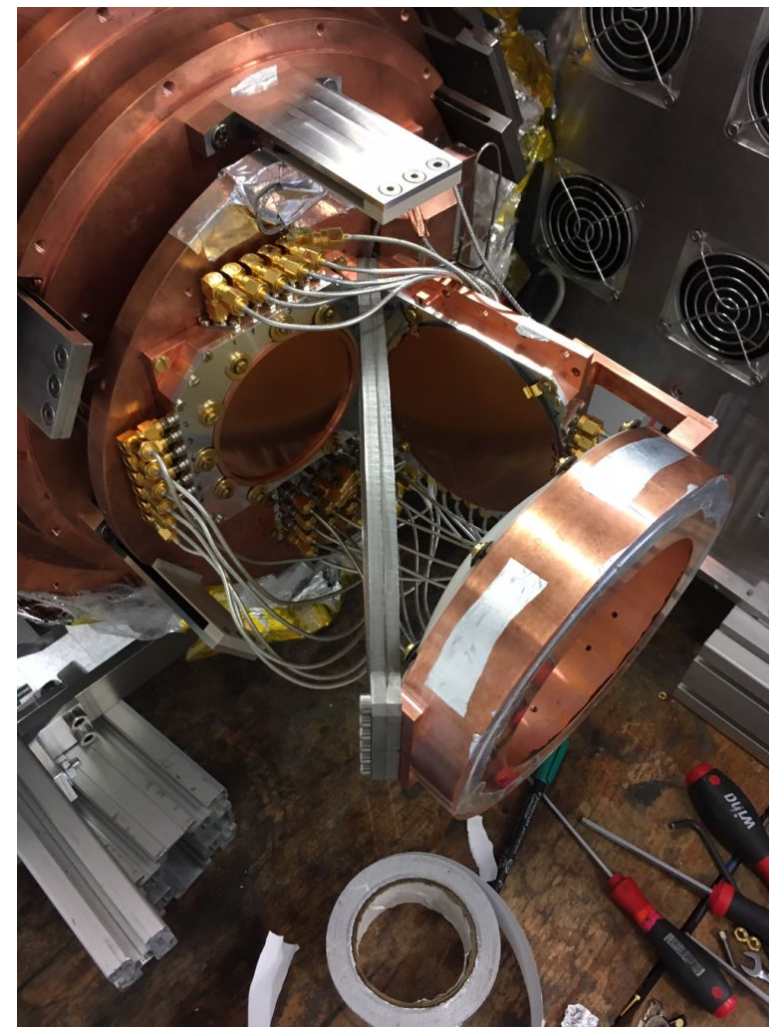


“Plug-and-Play” IFU System

Integral Field Units



Optics and Cryogenics

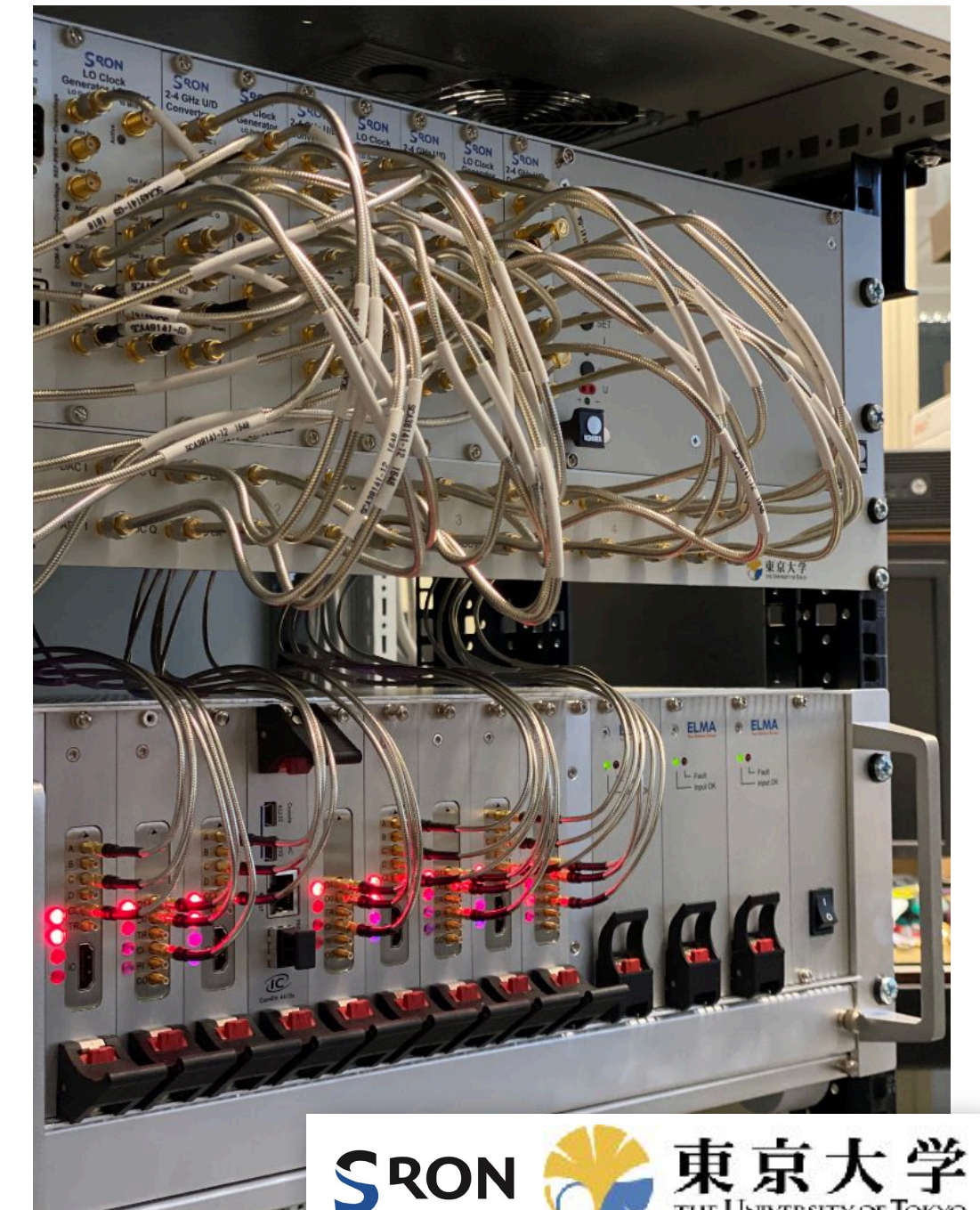


CONCERTO Dilution Cryostat (Monfardini et al.)
+ New optics for TIFUUN/ASTE



<https://neel.cnrs.fr/en/news/concerto-takes-height>

Readout Electronics



Outlook: THz-IFUs for future observatories

Advantages of superconducting IFUs:

scalable

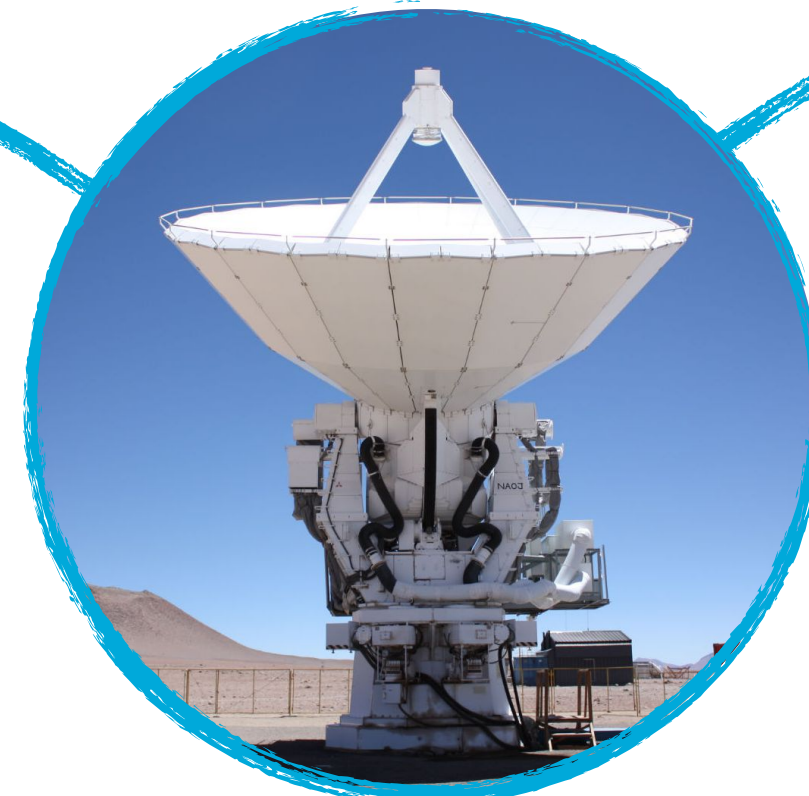
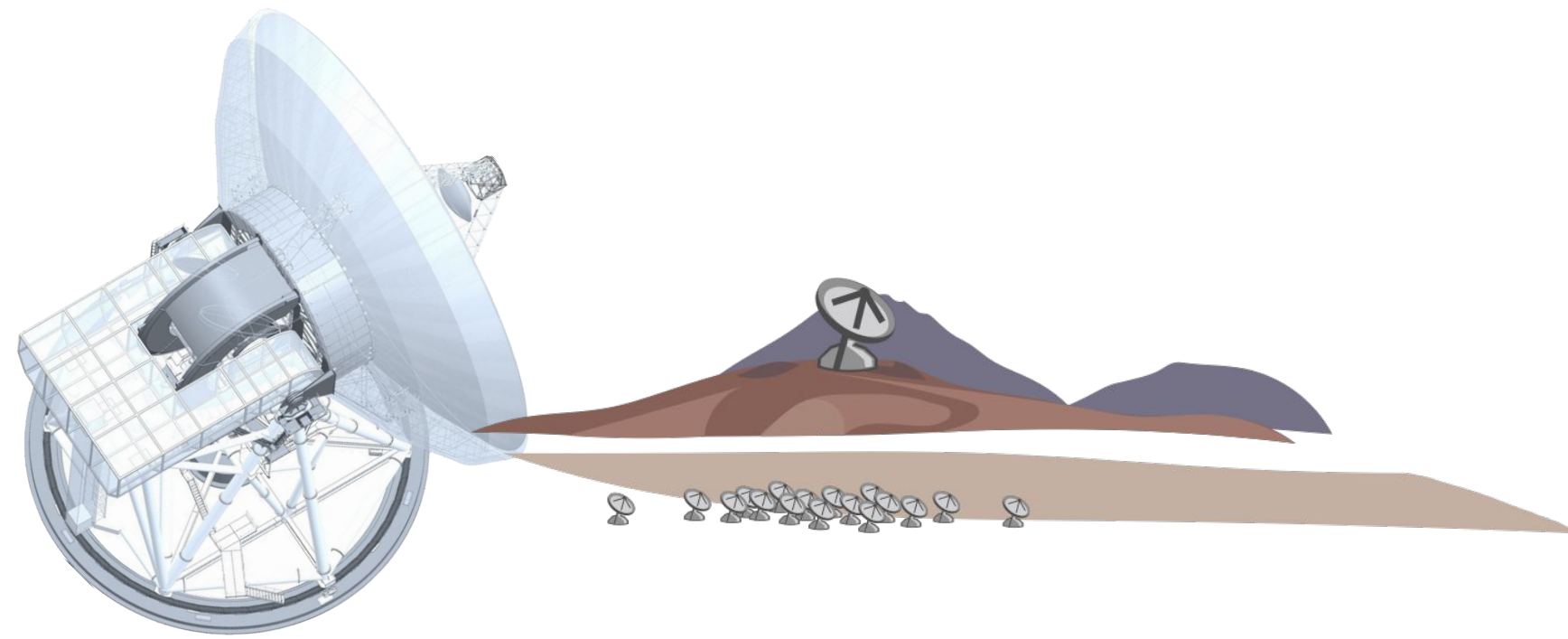
flexible design

compact

light-weight

no moving parts

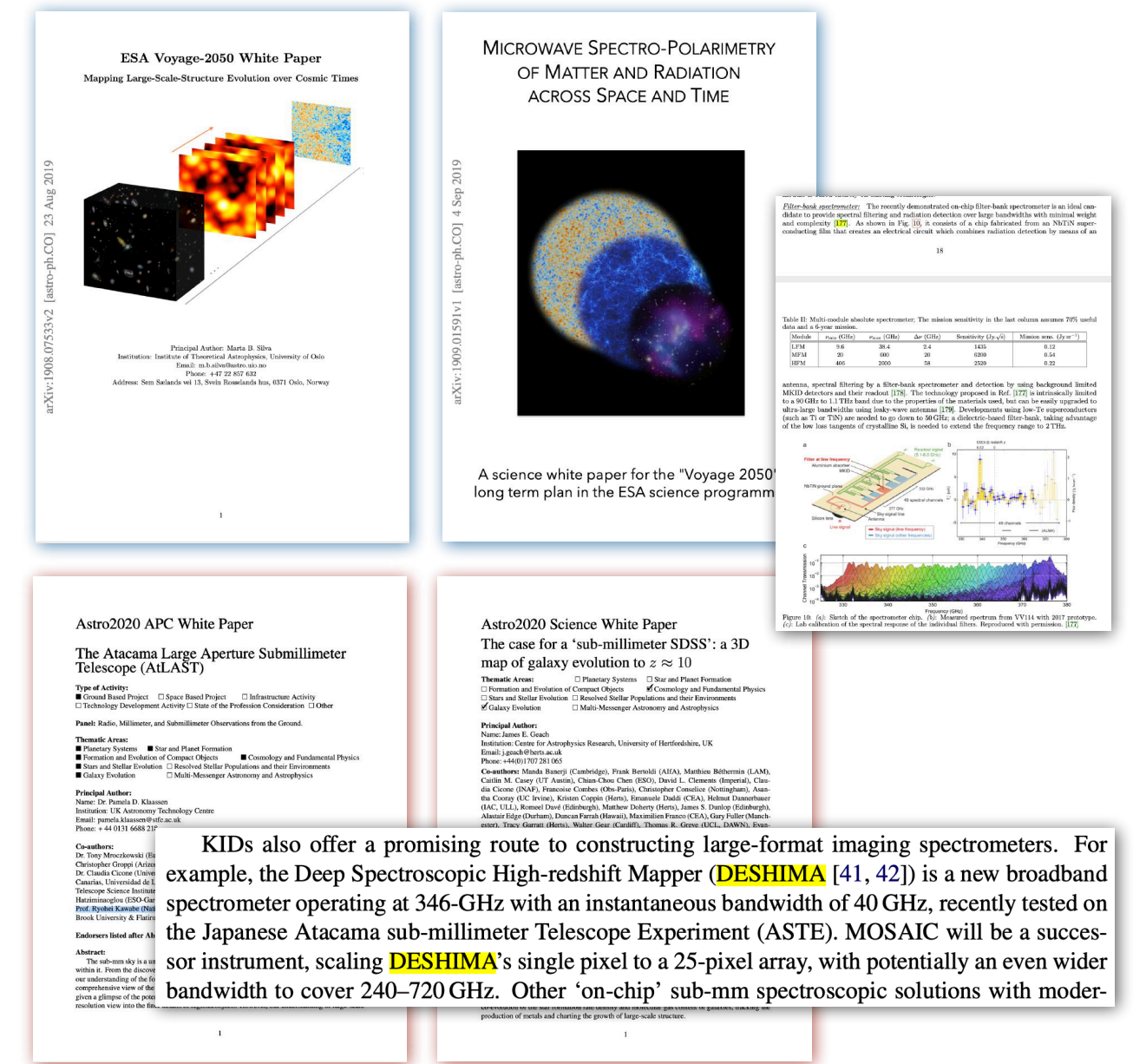
Ground (LST, AtLAST)



ASTE
DESHIMA (2023)
TIFUUN (~2026)

Space (Astro, CMB)

ESA
Voyage-2050
White Papers



NASA/NSF
Astro2020
White Papers

KIDs also offer a promising route to constructing large-format imaging spectrometers. For example, the Deep Spectroscopic High-redshift Mapper (DESHIMA [41, 42]) is a new broadband spectrometer operating at 346-GHz with an instantaneous bandwidth of 40 GHz, recently tested on the Japanese Atacama sub-millimeter Telescope Experiment (ASTE). MOSAIC will be a successor instrument, scaling DESHIMA's single pixel to a 25-pixel array, with potentially an even wider bandwidth to cover 240–720 GHz. Other 'on-chip' sub-mm spectroscopic solutions with moder-

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