

# Synchrotron radiation and the ESRF

Wim Bras  
DUBBLE @ ESRF  
Netherlands Organisation for Scientific Research  
(NWO)



# Outline

- Short introduction synchrotron radiation
- European Synchrotron Radiation Facility
- DUBBLE
- Examples of research on Dubble

Commercial possibilities indicated in *Italics*



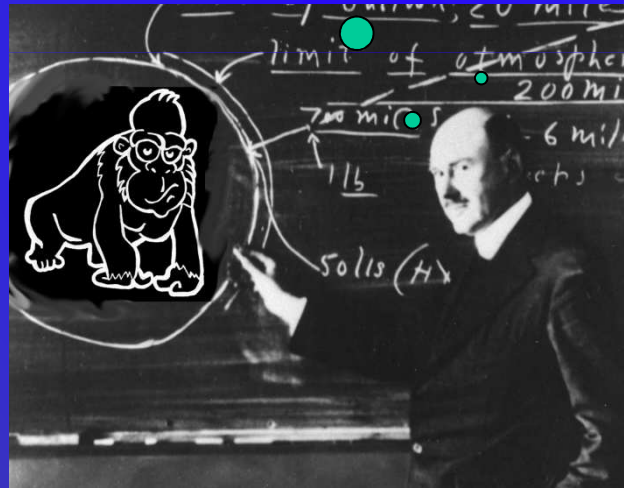
# Meet the Röntgens

So you think  
this is funny  
mr Röntgen?

I'll kick him out  
of my school.



Prof. Conrad Röntgen  
First Nobel price winner  
1845 - 1923  
1848-1865 Apeldoorn



1864



Mrs. Röntgen



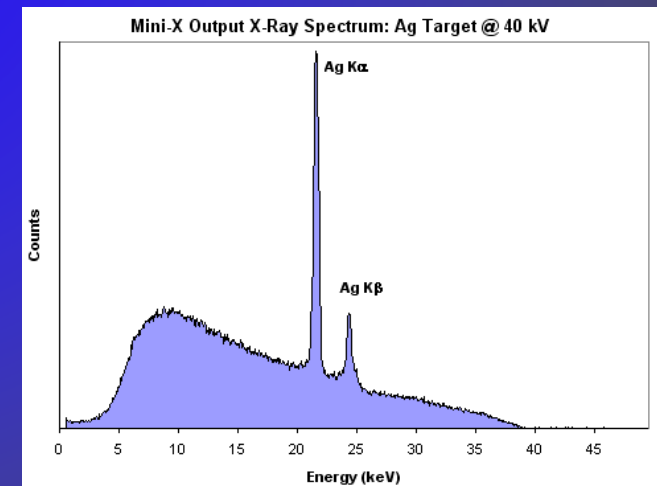
# How do we conventionally generate X-rays?

- With an X-ray generator
- Synchrotron radiation



Panalytical Almelo

# “Conventional” X-ray tube

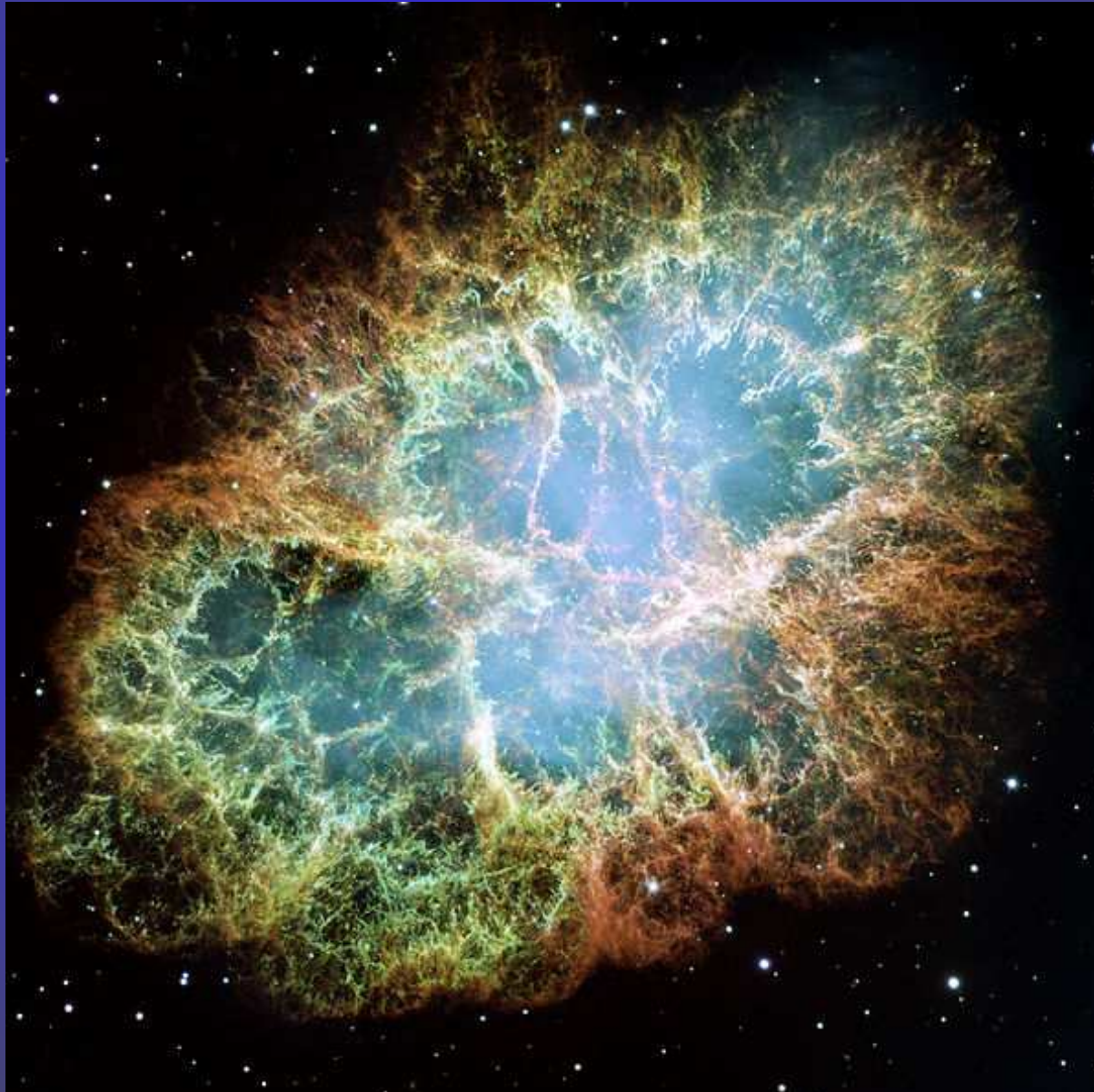


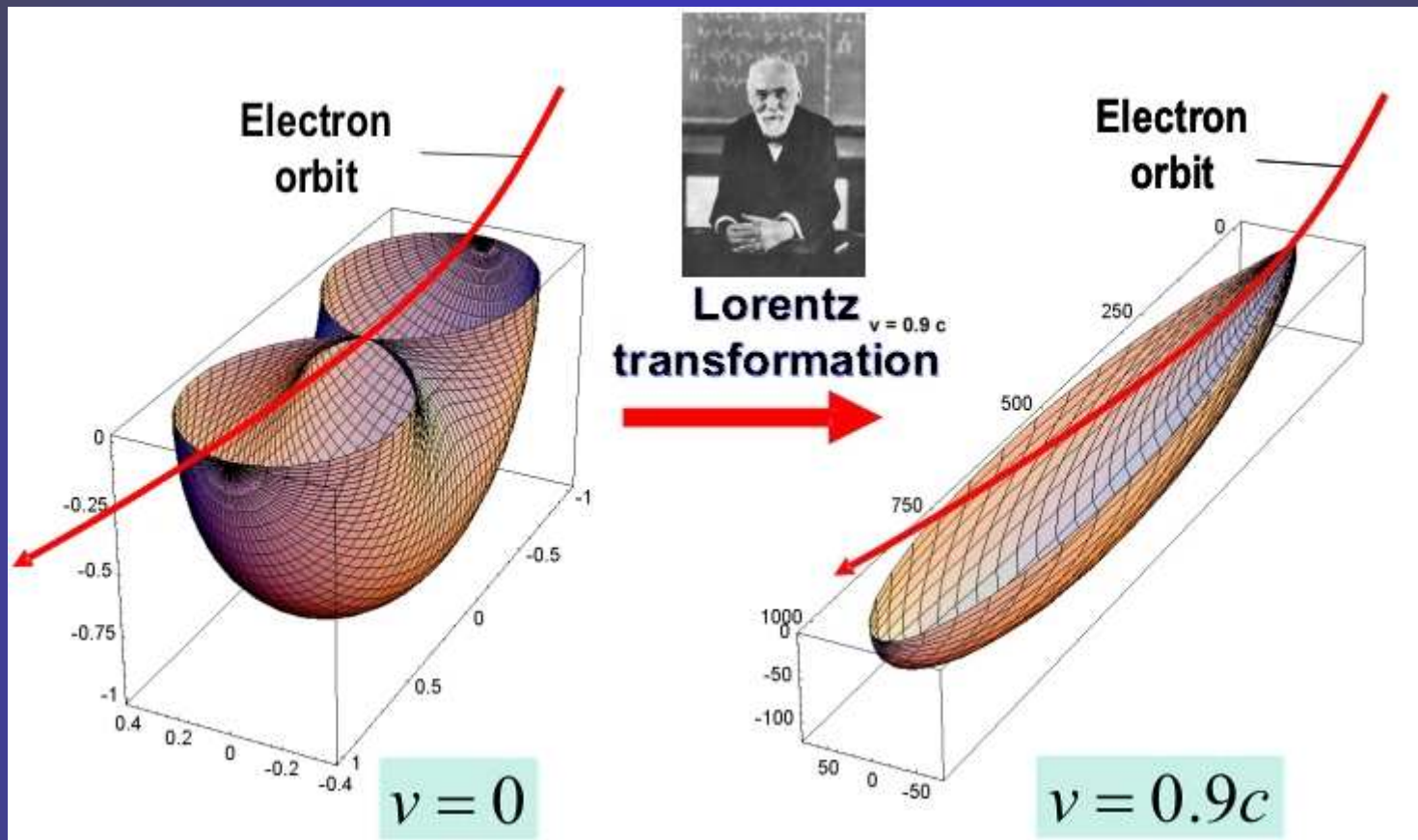
# Synchrotron radiation

- X-rays generated by fast moving electrically charged particles forced to change their direction
- Natural phenomenon



# Crab Nebula: Blue stuff is SR



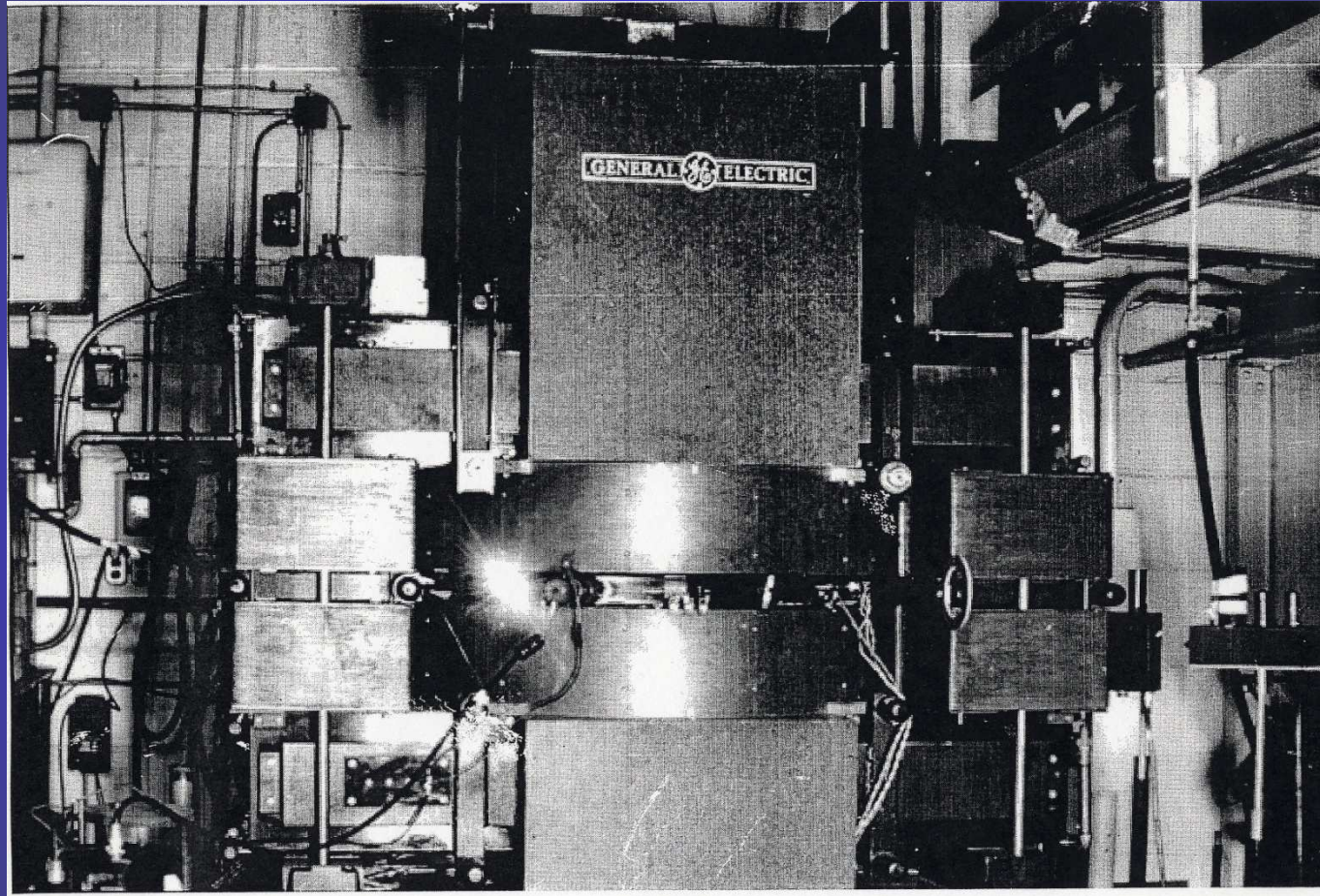


'slow' electrons  
 (dipole radiation)  
 (think of antenna)

'fast' electrons



# 1947



Why would General electric be interested.....?





1953



# Family tree

CERN



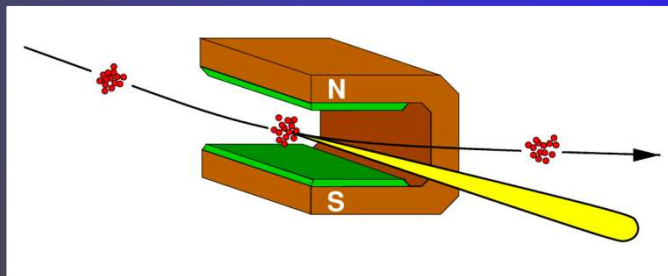
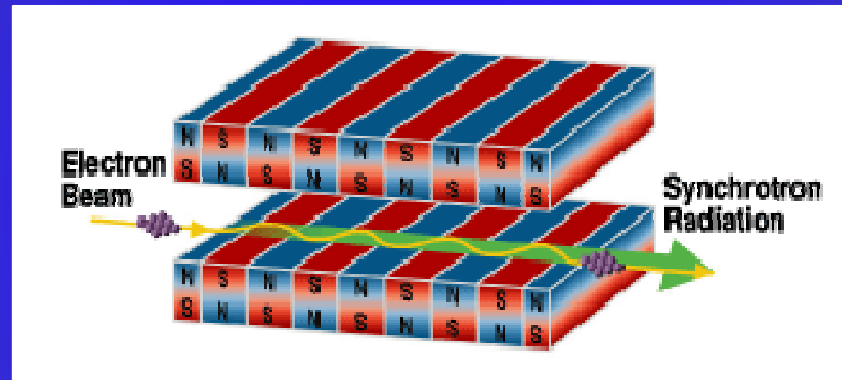
1936

ESRF

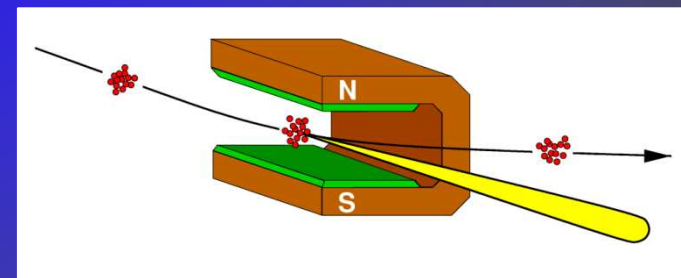


# Magnet lattice

Undulator or insertion device

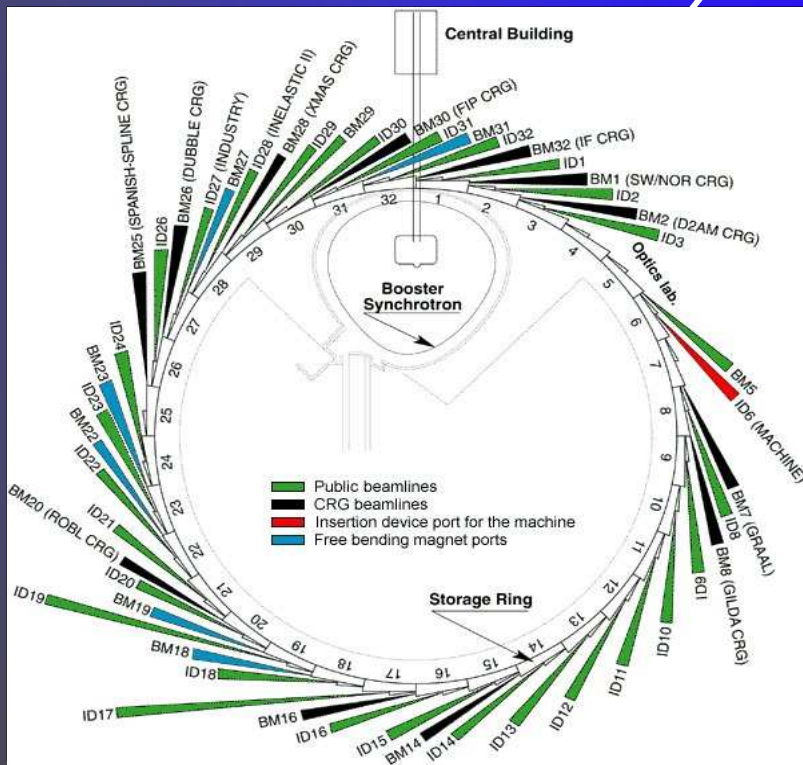


Bending magnet

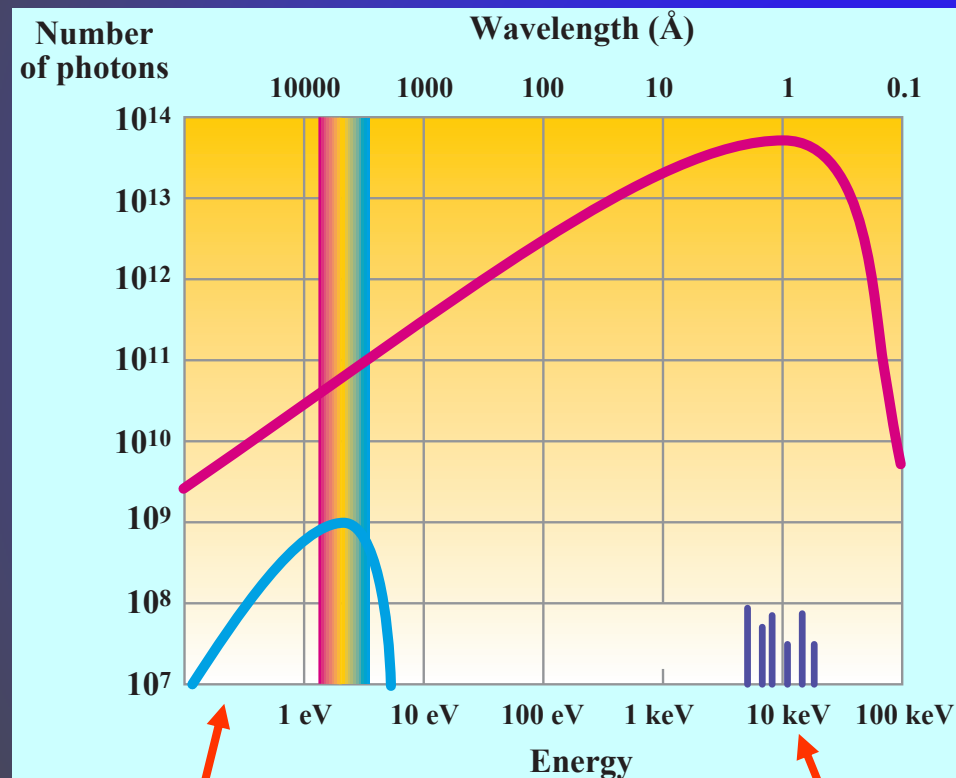


# Synchrotron radiation sources

Bending magnet



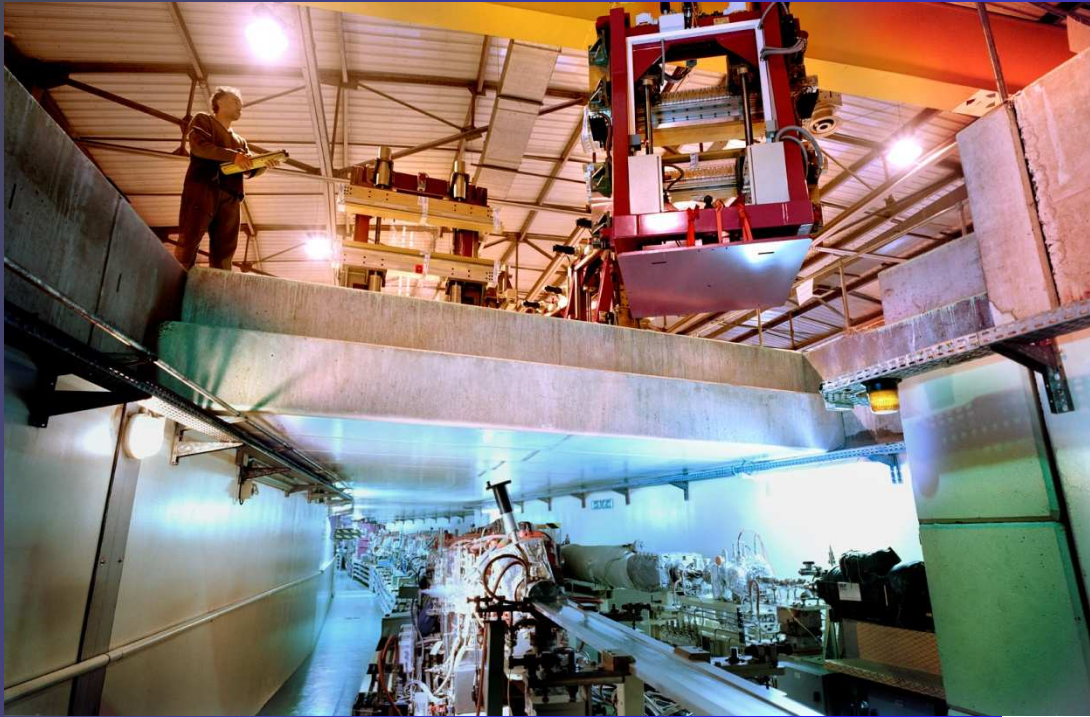
# What is the advantage of SR?



sunlight

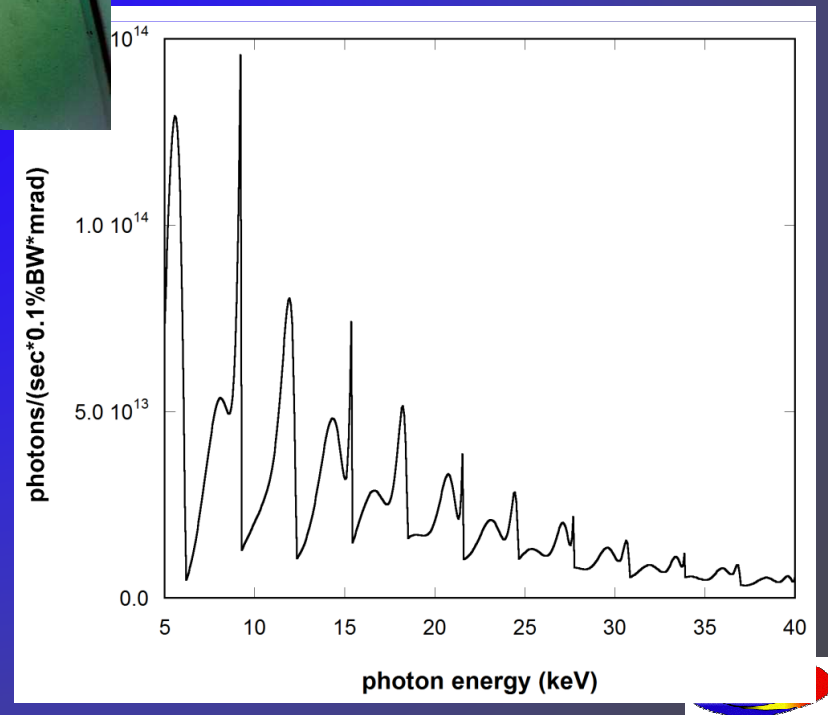
conventional  
X-ray generator

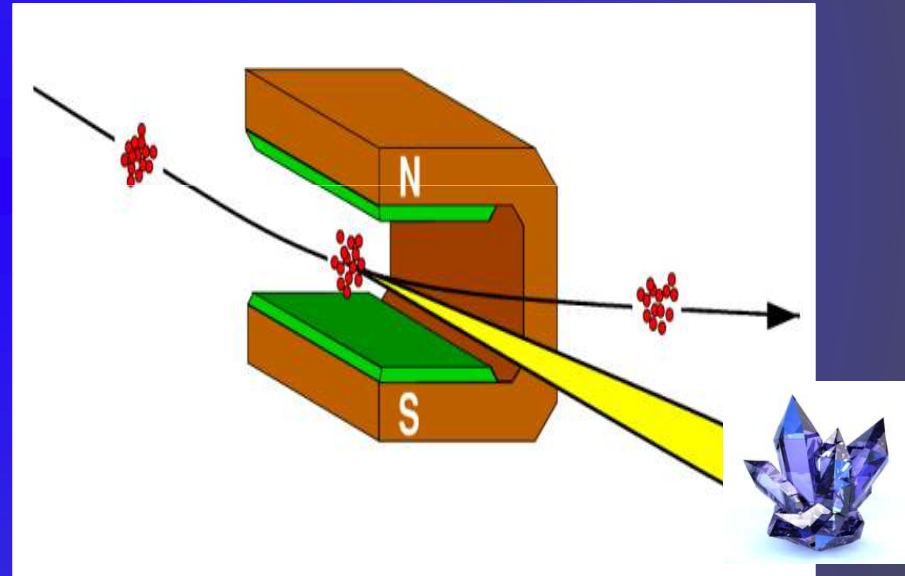
- High flux
- Continuous spectrum
- Good collimation
- Beams 1 – 300 micron



*Boessenkool BV Almelo*

undulator







# Synchrotron labs

- These labs are set up as user facilities
- They are relatively large scale
- Belgium and the Netherlands have made the choice to participate in international facilities

# Dutch ESRF participation

- 6% of the experimental time on public beam lines is for the Benesync consortium (50/50 Be/NL)
- This is not sufficient for the Dutch/Belgian demand for some techniques
- Two 'own' beam lines
- DUBBLE (part of the Dutch research infrastructure)
- *6% of ESRF expenditure should be in Belgium-Netherlands*



# European Synchrotron Radiation Facility



Grenoble France

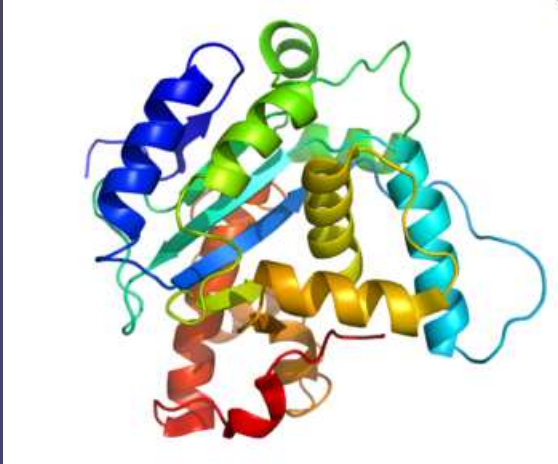


# European Synchrotron Radiation Facility

- ~ 50 beam lines (= experimental set ups)
- ~ 25 different techniques
- 6 days/ week, 24 hours/day
- 270 days/year (minus strike days, after all it is France....)
- ~ 1500 publications/year



# Many different experiments



Protein crystallography  
About 25% of the beam lines  
About 35% of publication output



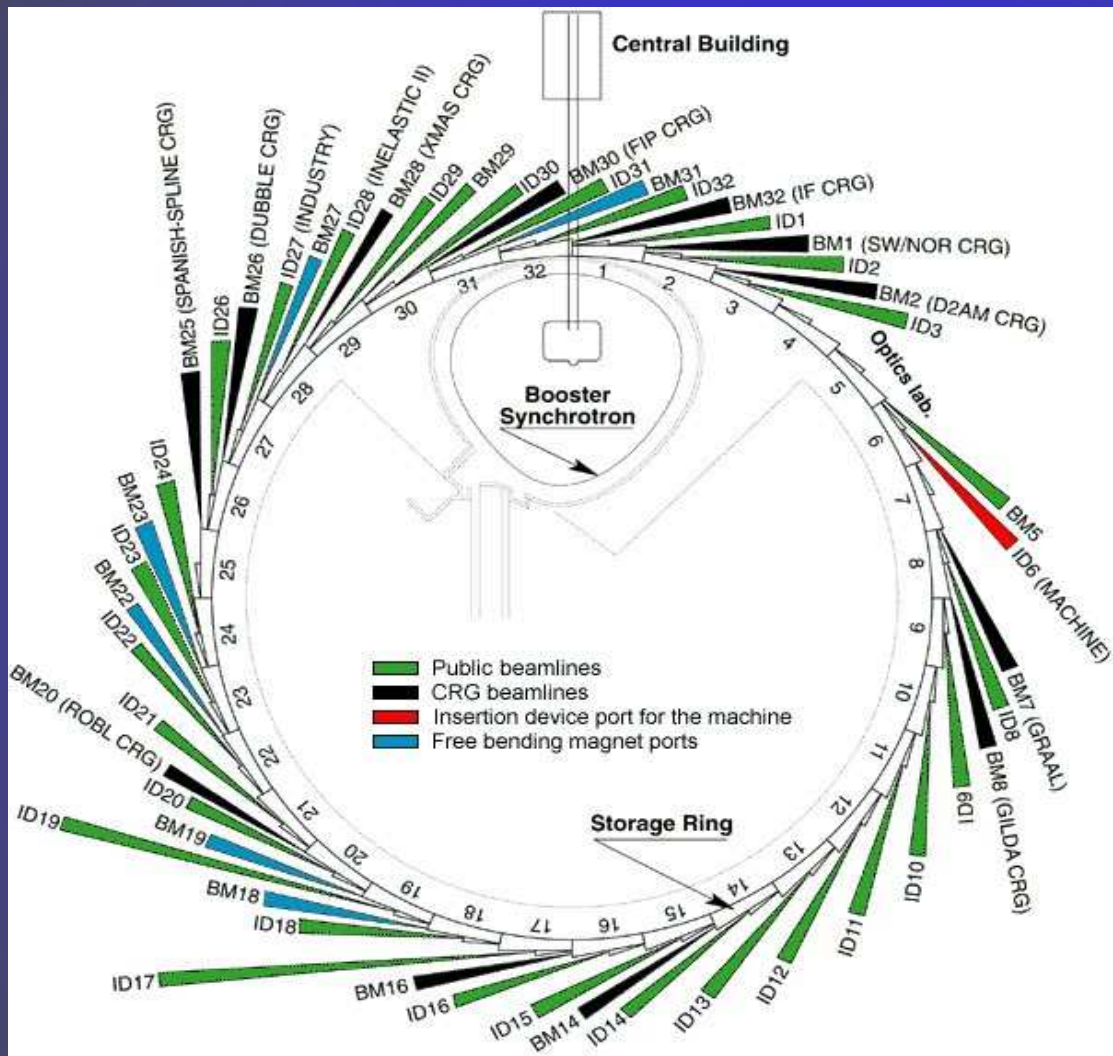
Crystal distortions due to high  
(30 Tesla) magnetic fields



Chocolate butter crystallisation

Spider silk





270 meter



the ESRF



# ESRF accelerator

- 1 km circumference
  - *1 km high vacuum*
  - *1 km of electronics controls required*
  - *1km of diagnostics of all kinds required*
  - *metrology*
  
  - *Feenstra (Dalfsen), supports for vacuum vessels*



# Around 50 experimental stations

- Beam line optics
  - *High vacuum*
  - *Fine mechanical engineering*
  - *Mostly custom built*
- Experimental station
  - *Large variety of requirements/sales opportunities*

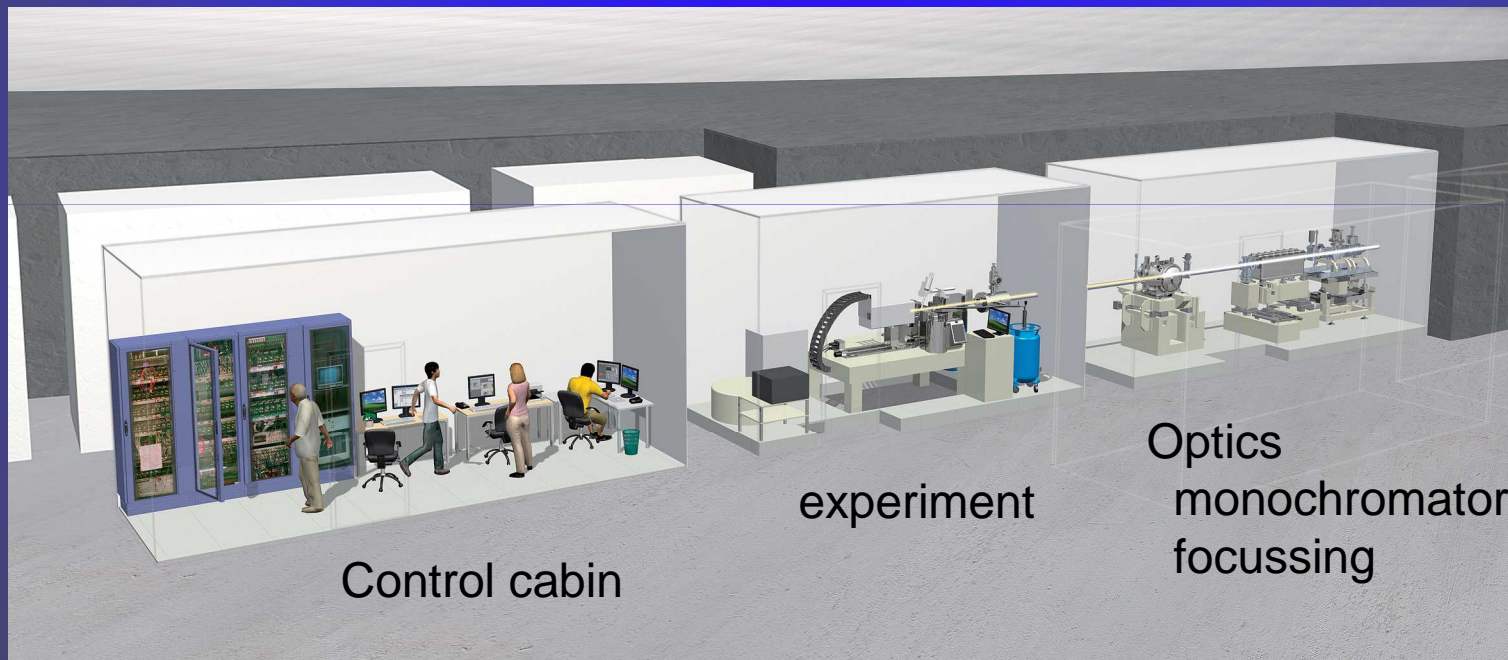




# X-ray optics

- X-rays come out of machine
  - Slightly divergent
  - Polychromatic
- For most experiments
  - Requires monochromatic
  - Requires focusing

# Scheme beam line



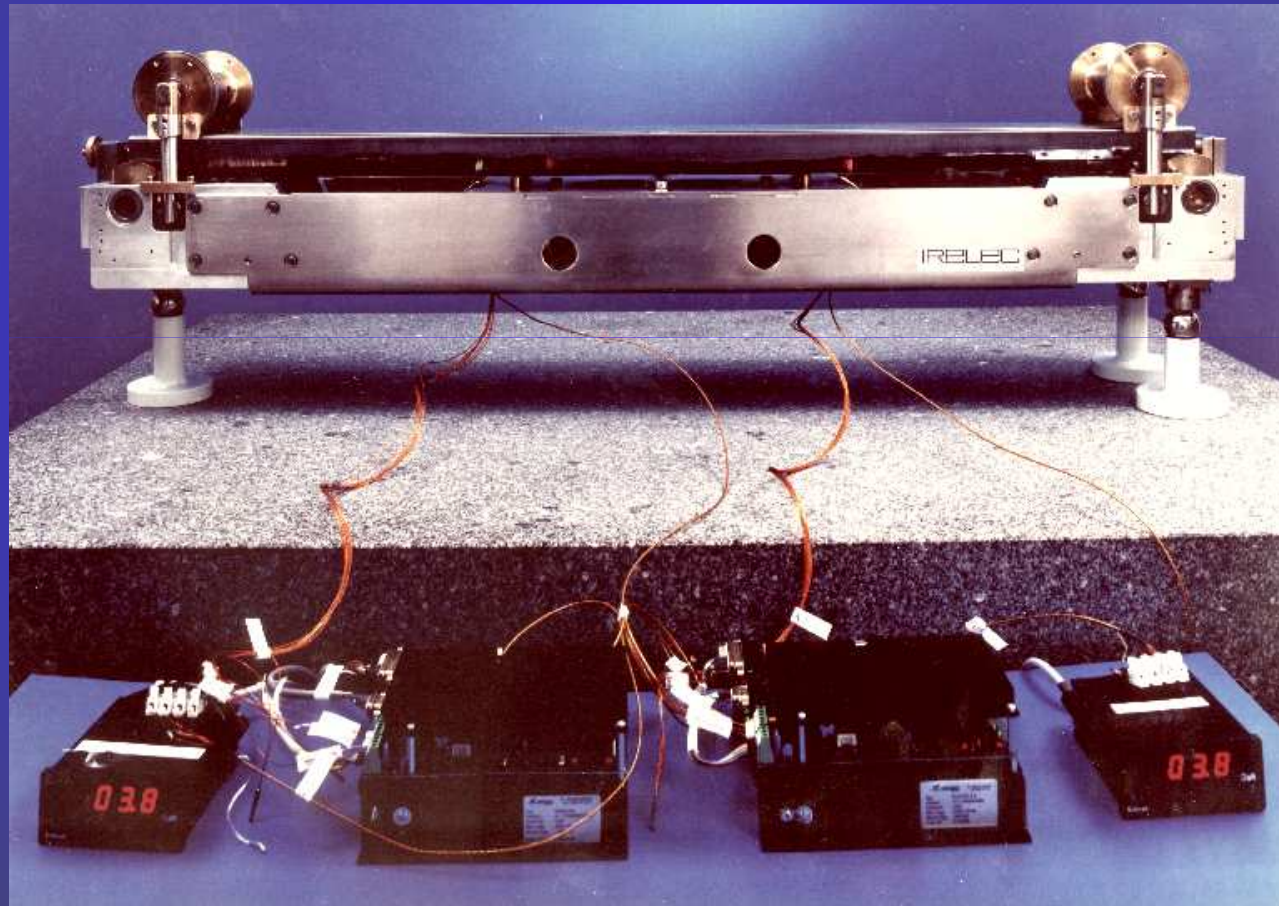
storage  
ring

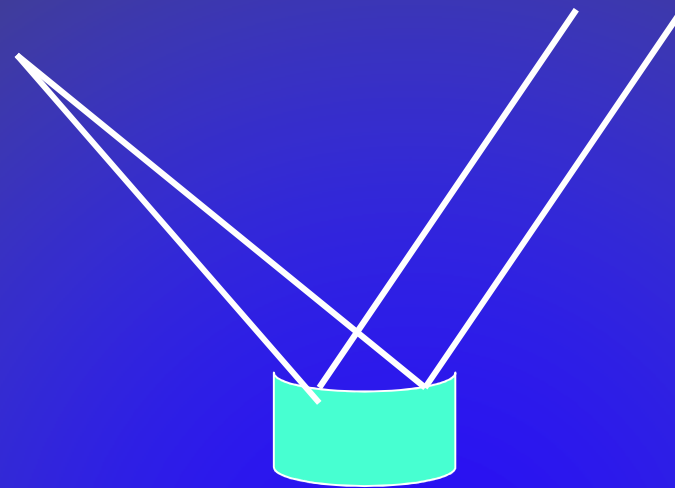
experiment

Optics  
monochromator  
focussing

Control cabin

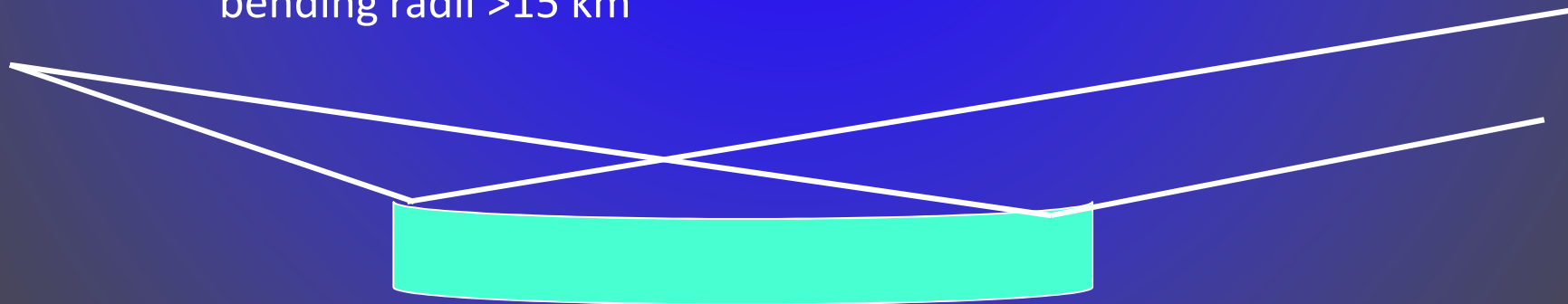
# Mirror: grazing incidence: focussing





Conventional mirror

X-ray mirror, Si of semiconductor grade, shallow angles, otherwise absorption  
Length up to 1.5 m  
roughness  $< 1.5 \text{ \AA}$   
slope error  $< 1.5 \text{ mrad}$   
bending radii  $> 15 \text{ km}$



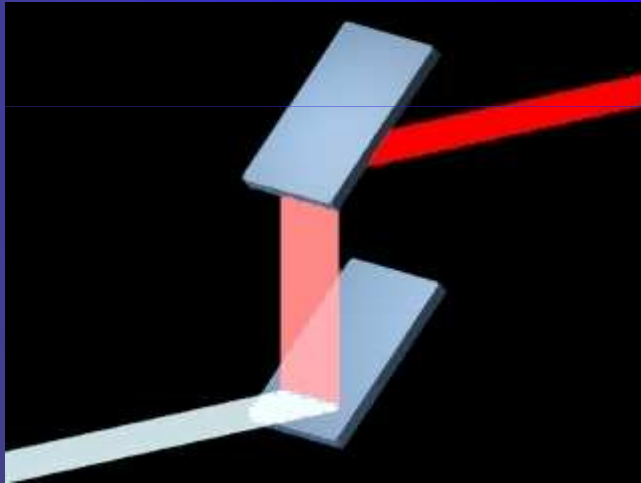
# In real life



Positioning accuracy, angular  $\text{mrad}$ , linear 2-5 micron, bending very accurate

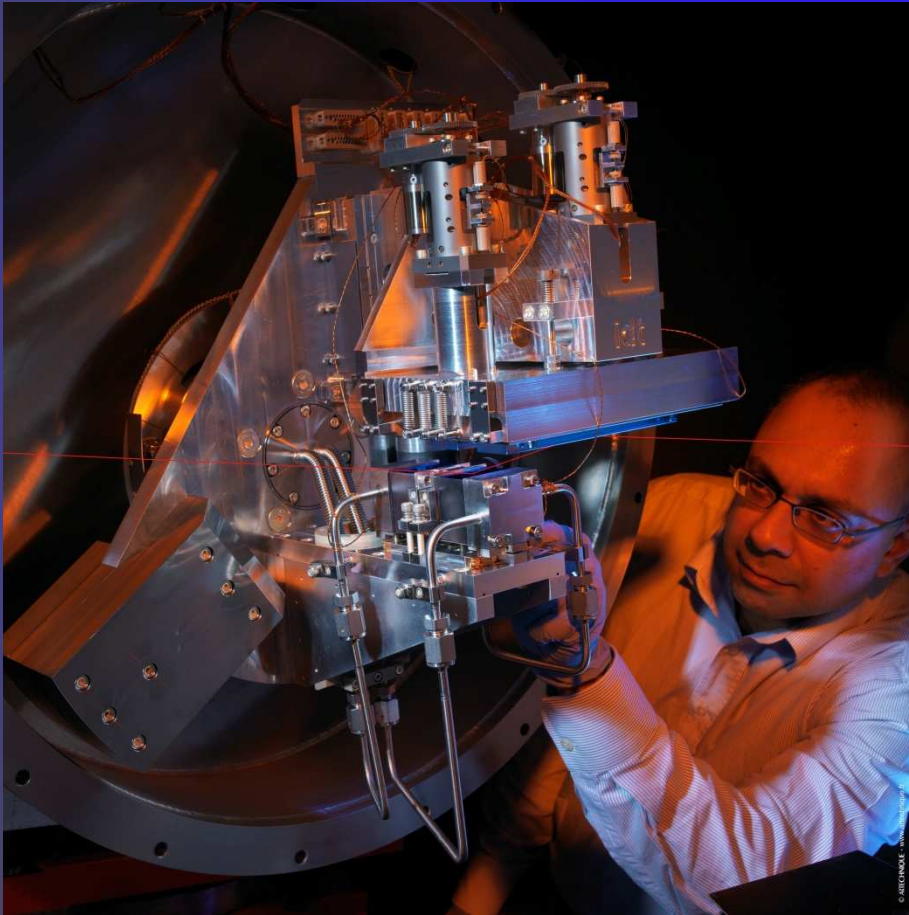


# Monochromator



- Most often two pieces of silicon
- Positioning accuracy to beam, angular very high
- To each other high
  - Roll
  - Yaw
  - Offset
  - Pitch

# Monochromator



Some specialized companies exist  
Relatively small market

# Monochromators and mirrors

- *High vacuum ( $10^{-7}$  –  $10^{-9}$ )*
- *High radiation environment*
- *Positioning all done remotely*
- *Positioning all required to be vacuum compatible and accurate*
- *Cooling issues*
- *Most vacuum vessels custom made*





# Sample environment

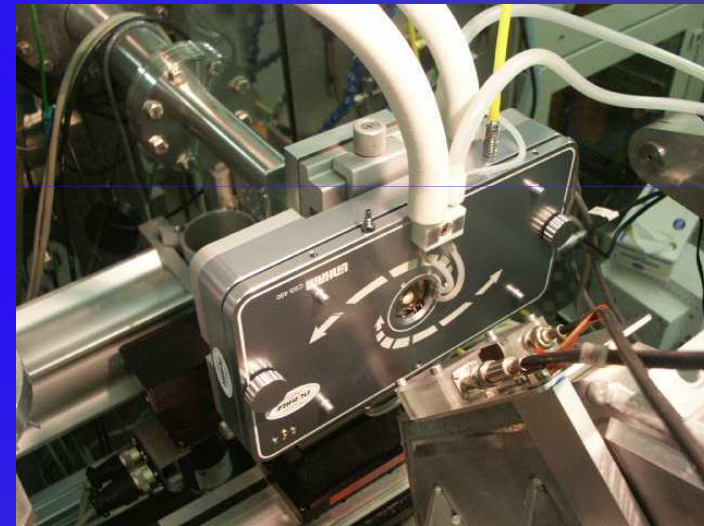
- *Large variation in requirements*
- *Pressure/temperature control*
- *Gas mixtures/controlled flow*
- *Stop-flow, temp jump, pH control*
- *Magnetic/electric fields*
- *Deformation rigs*
  
- *Etc. etc.*



# Sample environments



3.0 m



0.2 m

# Technique combinations



Some experiments:

- *Raman*
- *UvVis*
- *Mass Spectrometry*
- *DSC/DTA*
- *Etc. etc*

# Sample stages

- Samples + sample environment have to be mounted and positioned
- *Fine mechanical engineering*



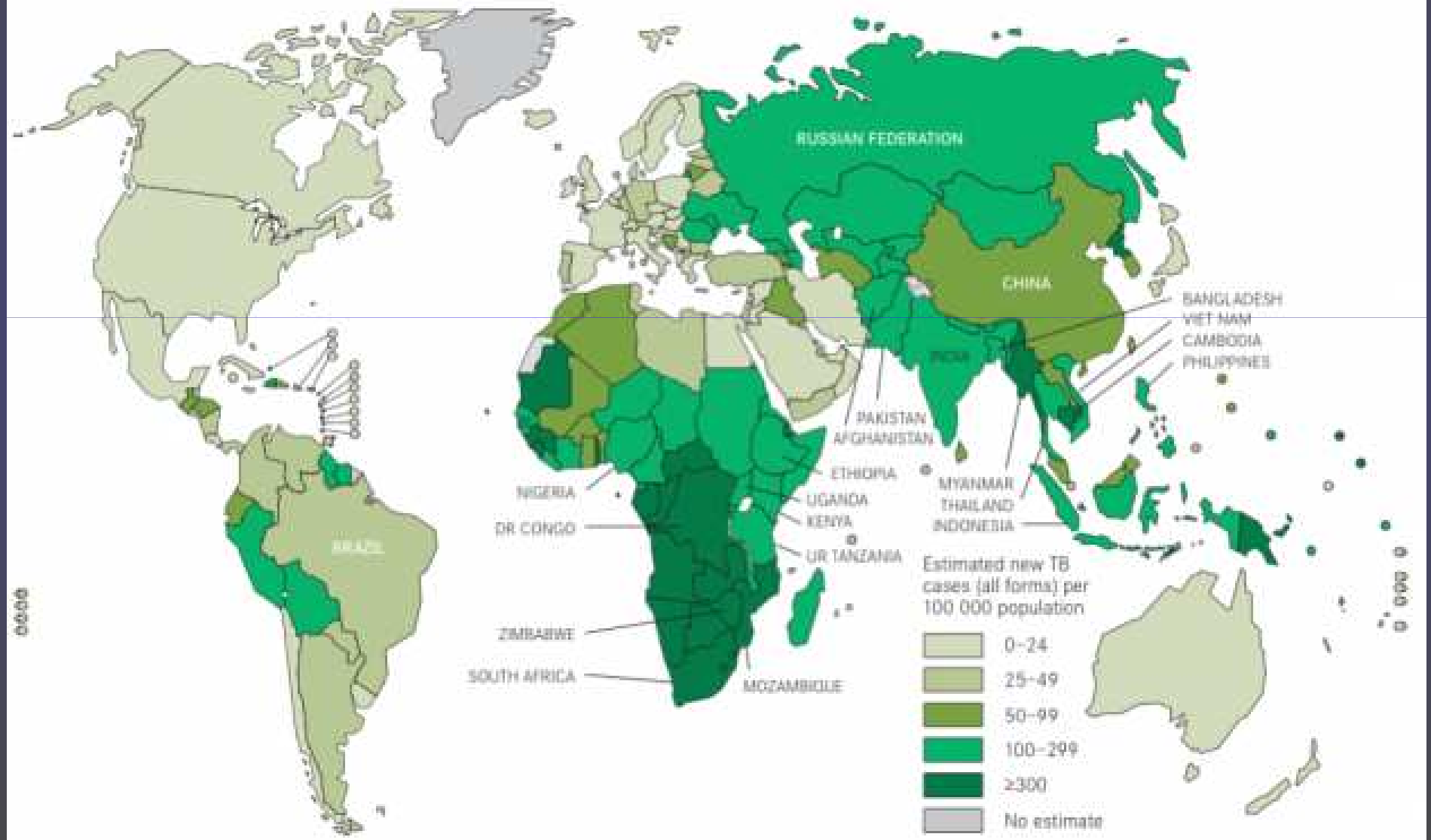
# Biochemical research

- Most important single subject of ESRF
- Strong connections with pharmaceutical industry
- About 25% of ESRF beamlines dedicated to protein crystallography



# tuberculosis

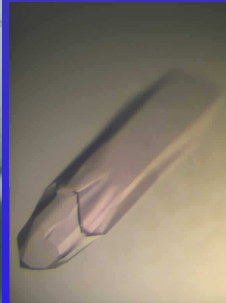
Estimated TB incidence rates, 2010



# TB Crystals



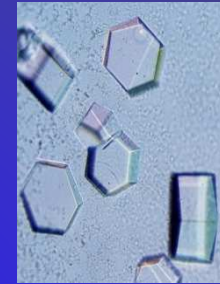
Rv2610



Rv3628



Rv1908c



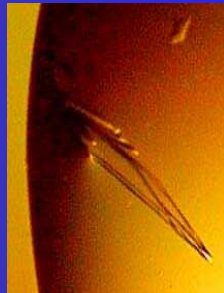
Rv2428



Rv2991



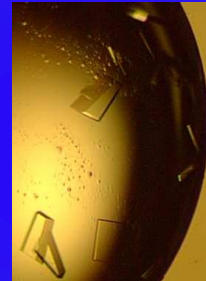
Rv2438c



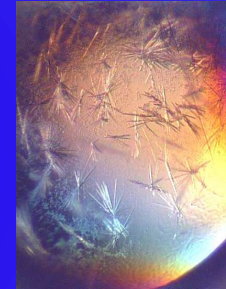
Rv0014c<sub>331</sub>



Rv0014c<sub>279</sub>



Rv0813c



Rv0018c



Rv1846c



Rv0877



Rv2461c



Rv2276



Rv2883c



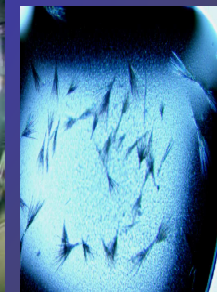
ML2640



Rv2667



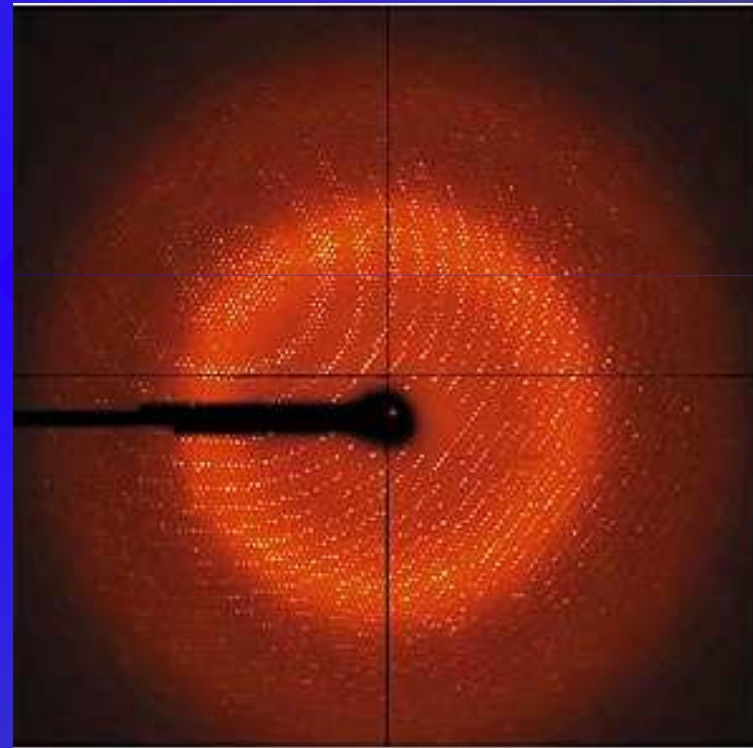
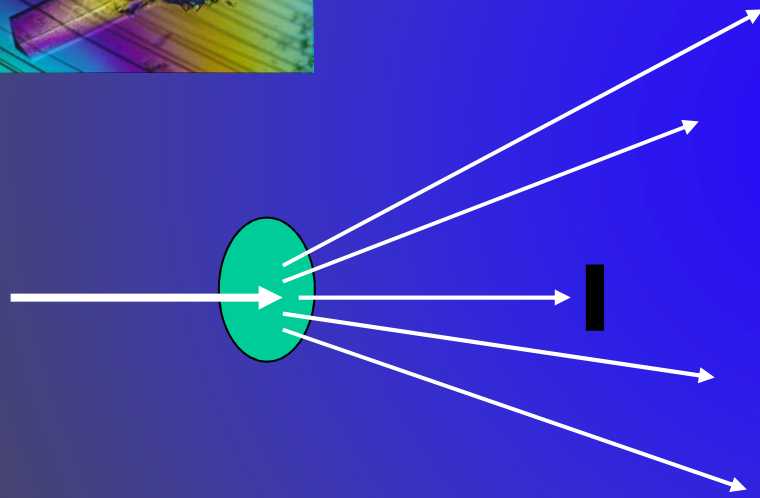
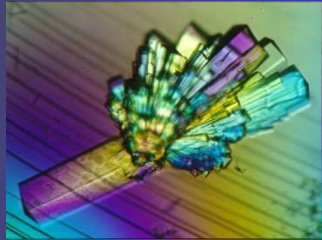
Rv0733



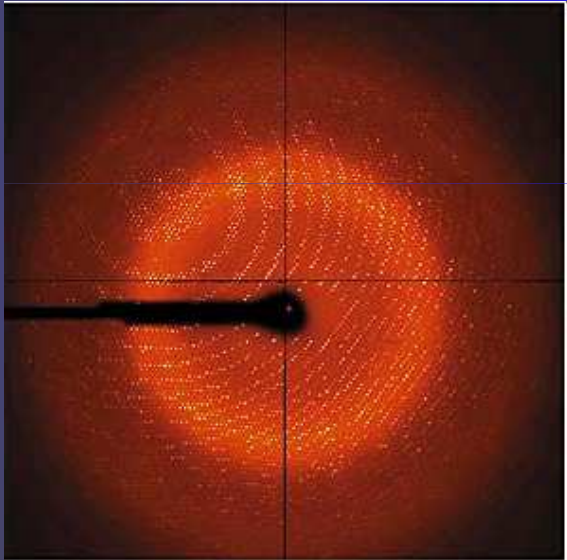
Rv2228



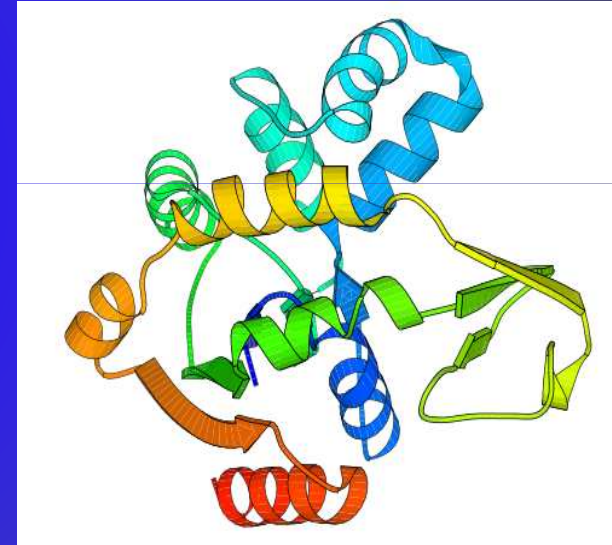
# Protein crystallographie

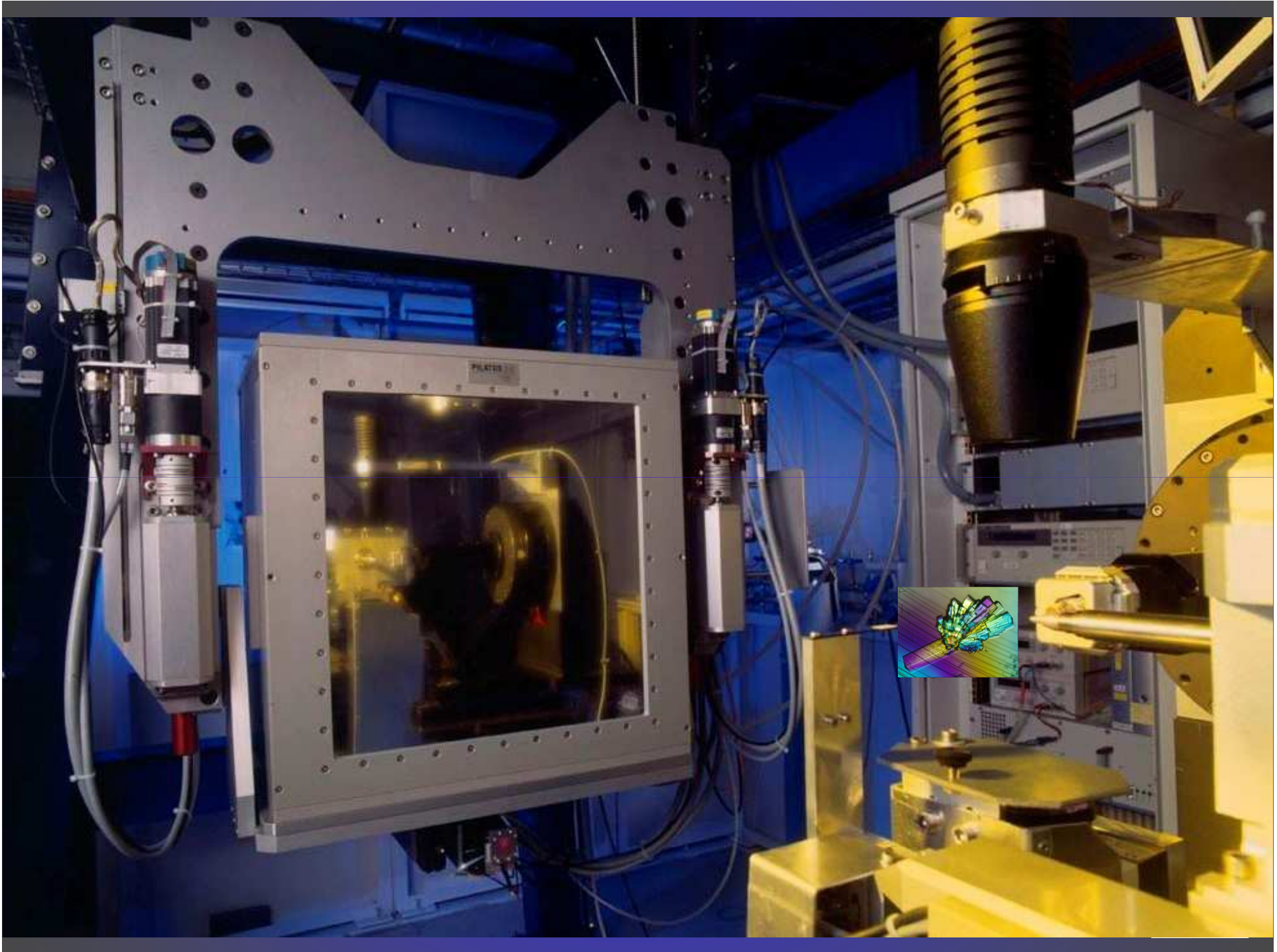




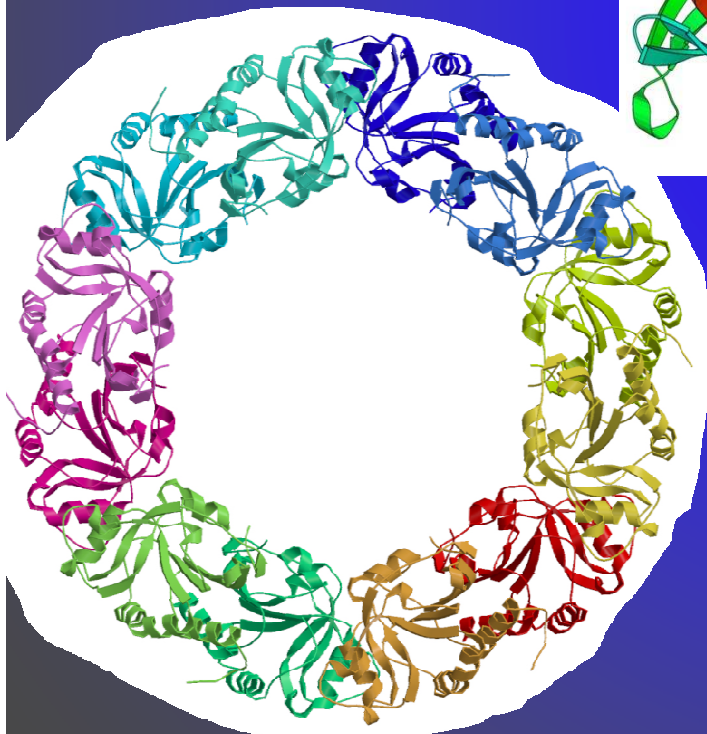
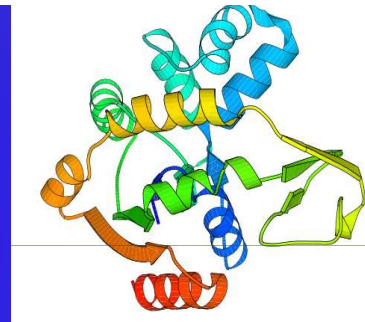
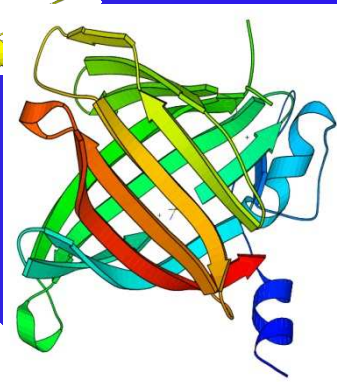
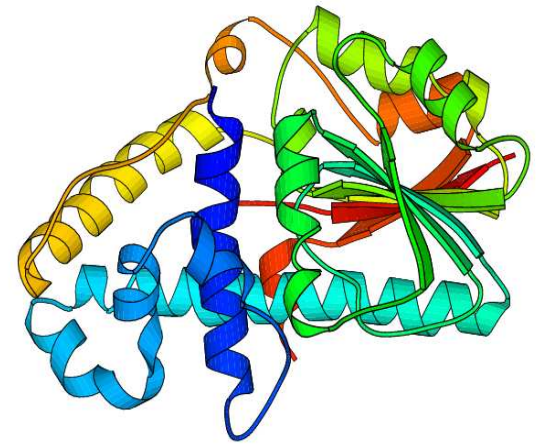
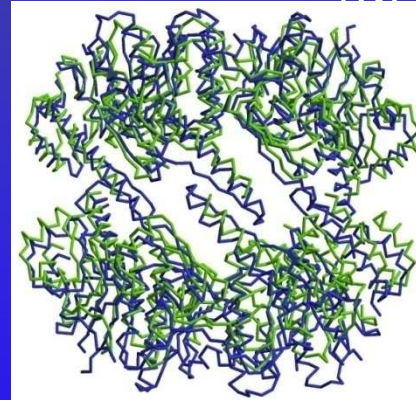
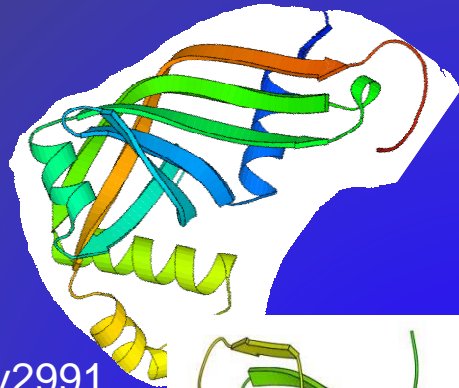
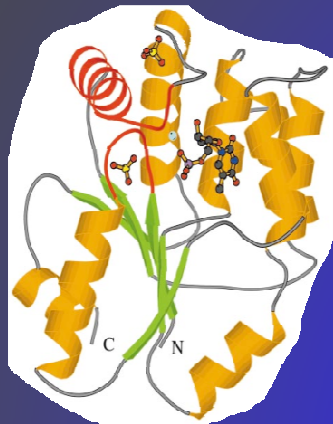


“=” Fourier transform  
of electron density





# 3D Structures



Rv0014c  
pknB

# What can we do with this?

- Understanding live cycle of bacteria
- Better understanding about action of antibiotics
- Maybe, just maybe, one day, design new drugs to combat diseases
- If no new drugs have been developed due to PX what is the use now?





source

# taxol

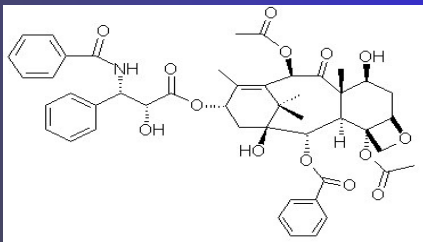


Finish line:  
Approval for patients use

Human tests

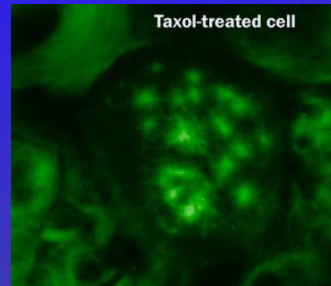
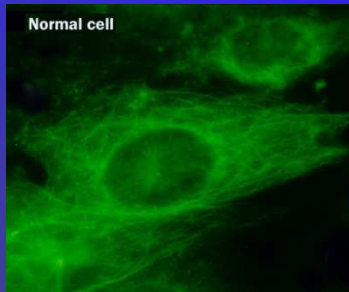


Animal tests



Isolation compound

Cell cultures



# The time path



1962  
discovery taxol

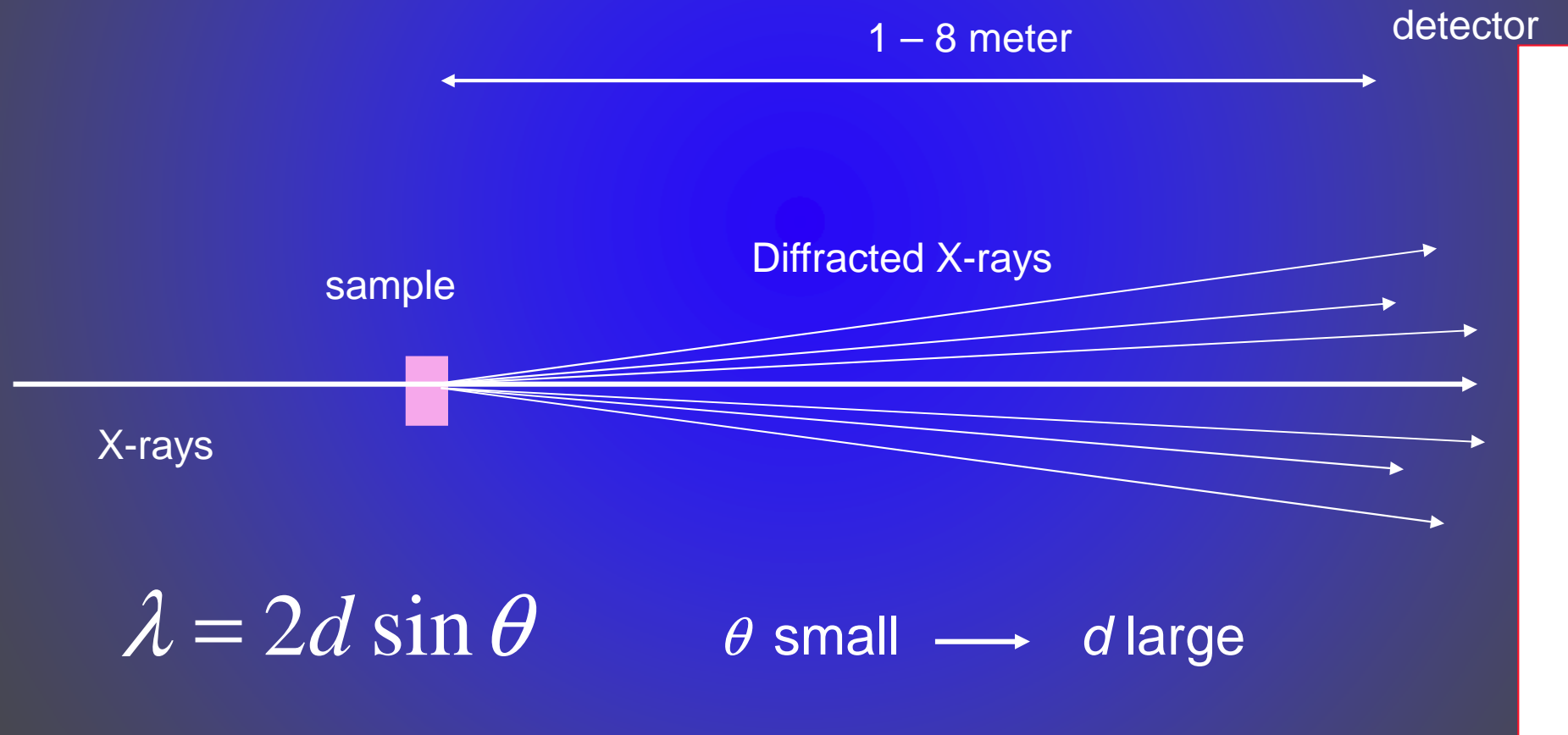


1992  
Approved for treatment of  
ovarian cancer

Thanks to better understanding of protein structures  
nowadays such a time path is reduced to about 15 years



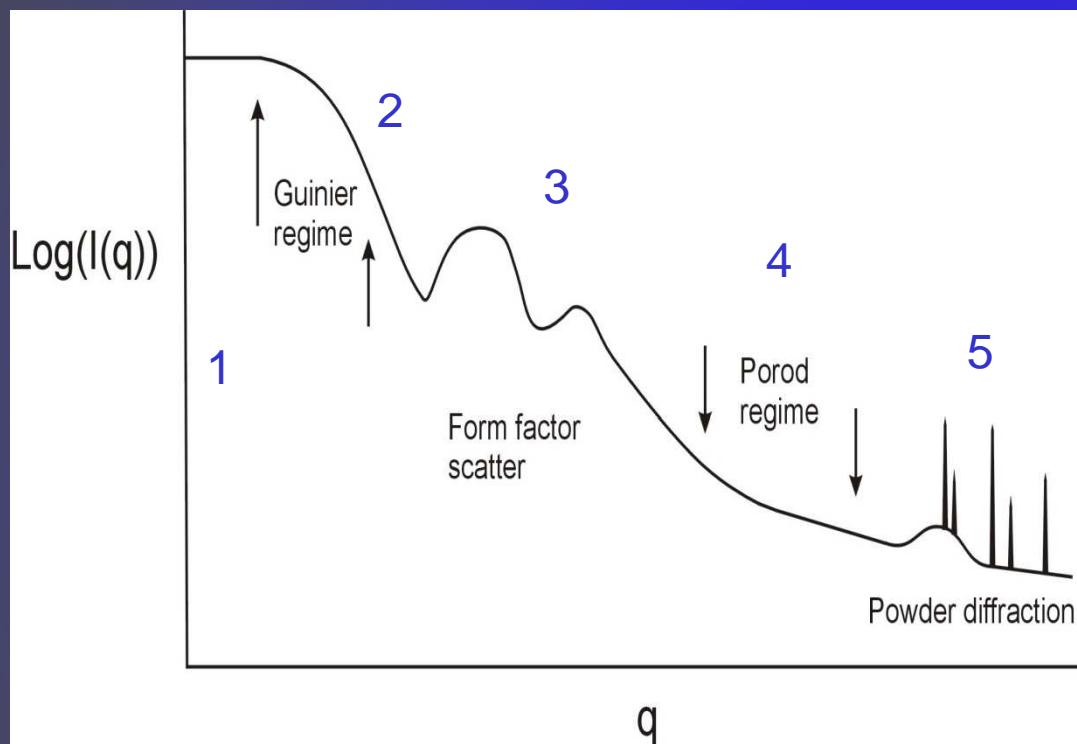
# X-ray scattering



$$\lambda = 2d \sin \theta$$

$\theta$  small  $\longrightarrow$   $d$  large

# SAXS/WAXS



500 nm

0.2 nm

1 limit  $q \rightarrow 0$   
electron density  
contrast  
density fluctuations

2 Guinier range  
particle size

3 particle shape

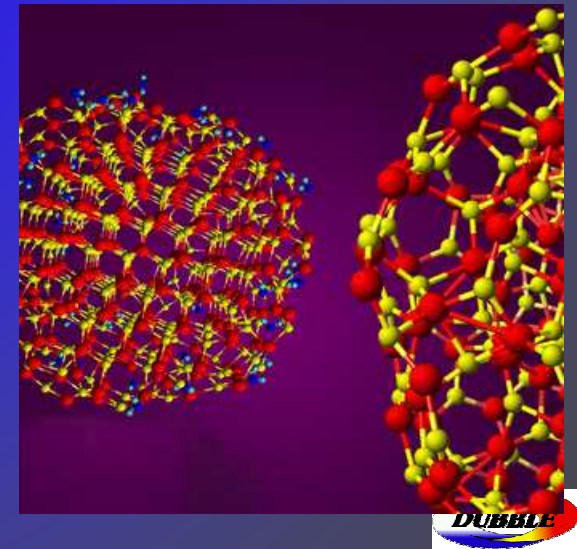
4 Porod range  
particle surface

5 Intermolecular/atomic  
ordering



# X-ray scattering and diffraction

- Combined SAXS-WAXS experiments
- WAXS crystalline structure
- Small angle: shape and size of clumps of atoms
- SR not only static  
also time-resolved
- 0.4 – 200 nm 'visible'



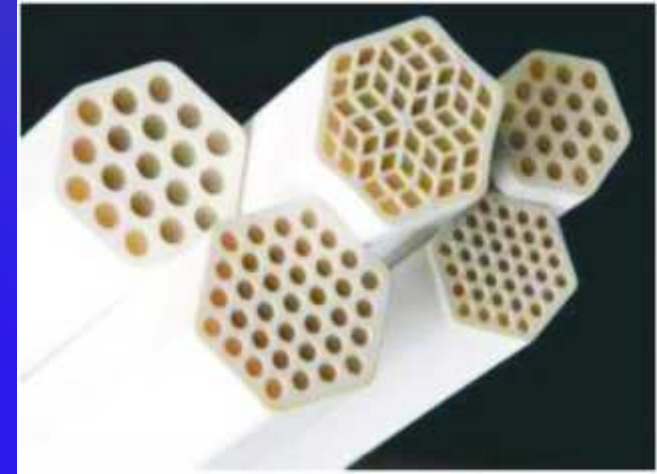
# Multidisciplinary applications



hip replacements



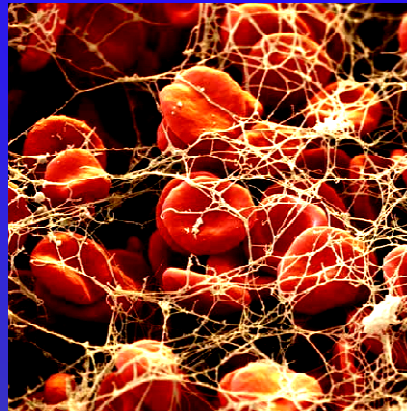
polymer fibers



Ceramic membranes



Unwashed Eskimo hair



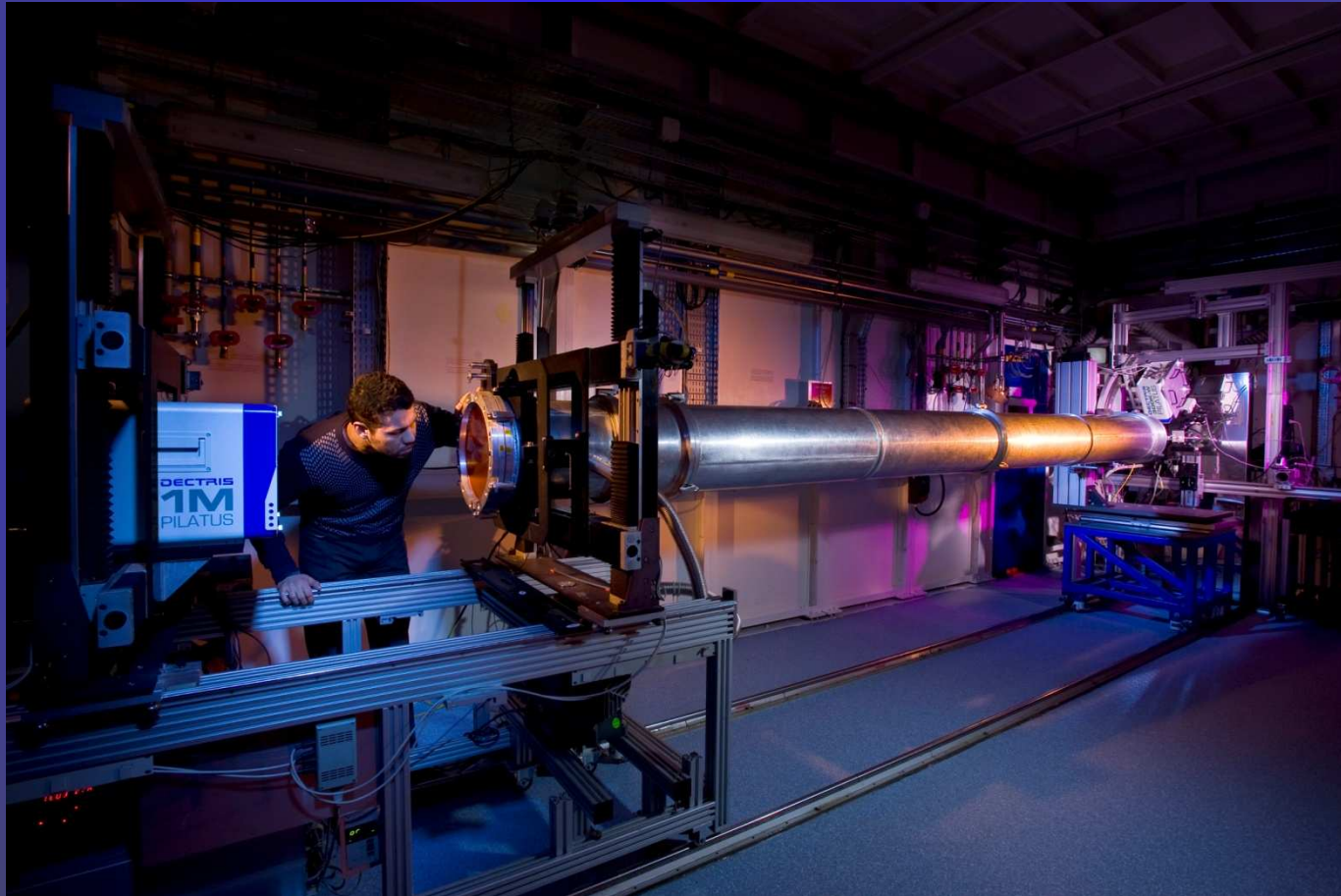
fibrinogen,

Etc., etc., etc....

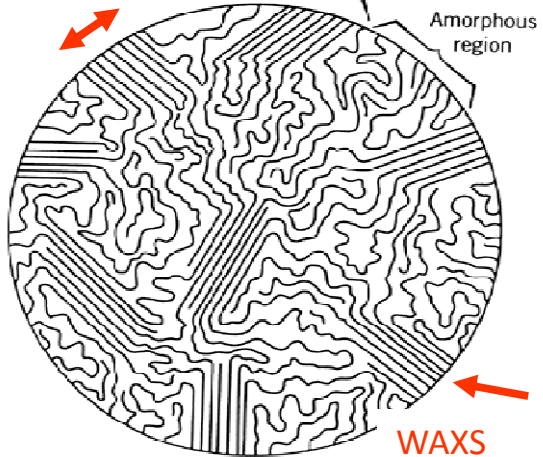


Car exhaust  
Soot of diesel





SAXS



WAXS



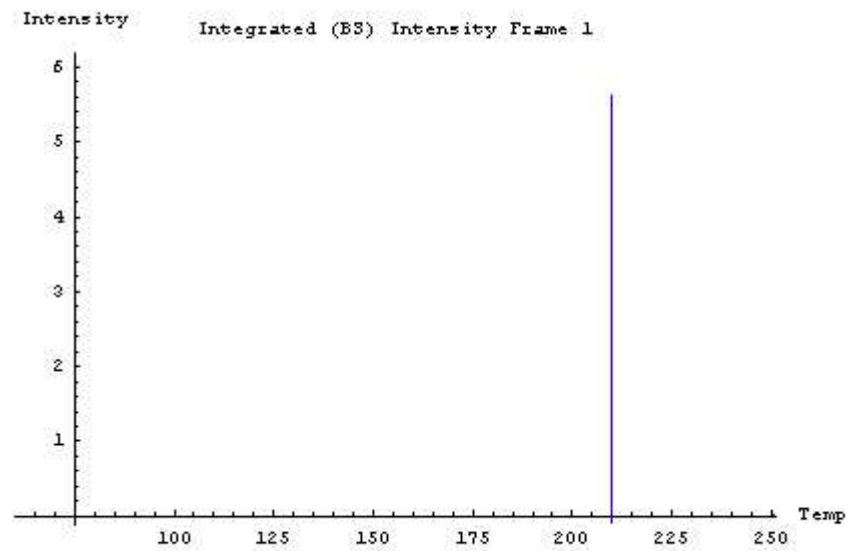
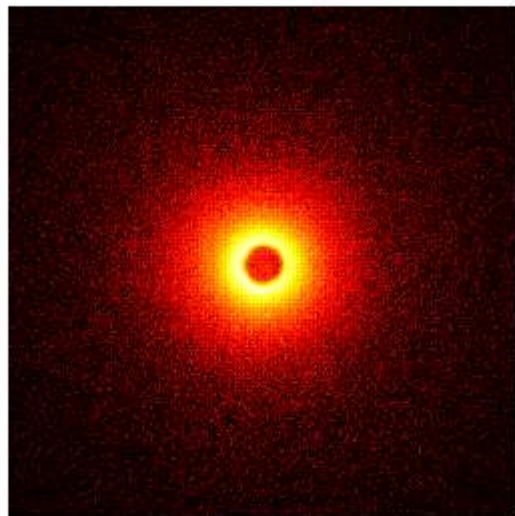
melt



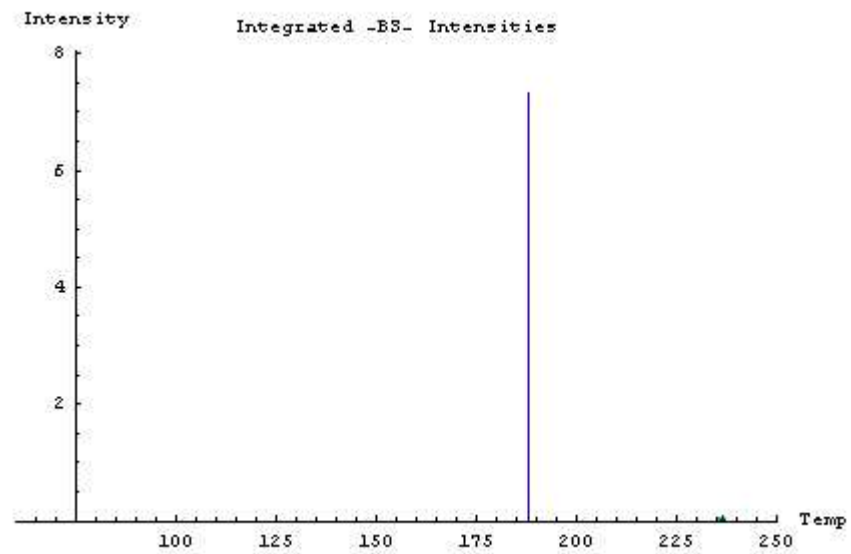
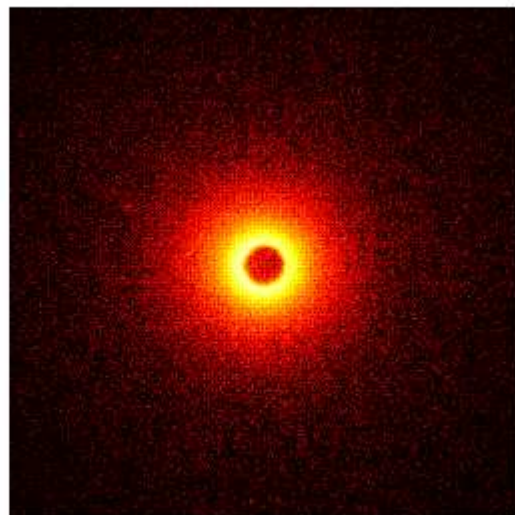
uni-directional

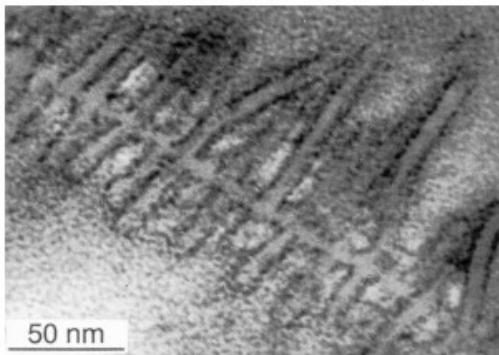
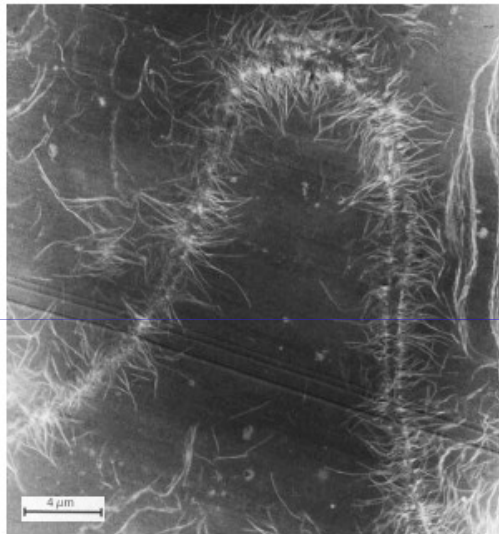


T= 251.25

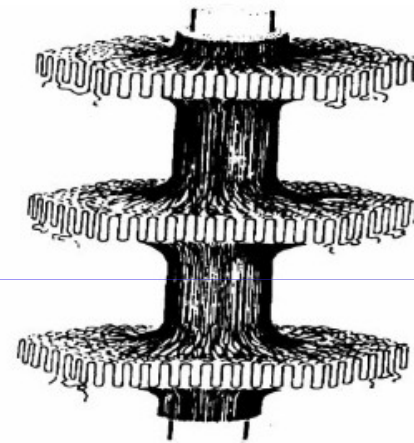


T= 236.432





(a)



(b)

macro-shish kebab



micro-shish kebab

central thread

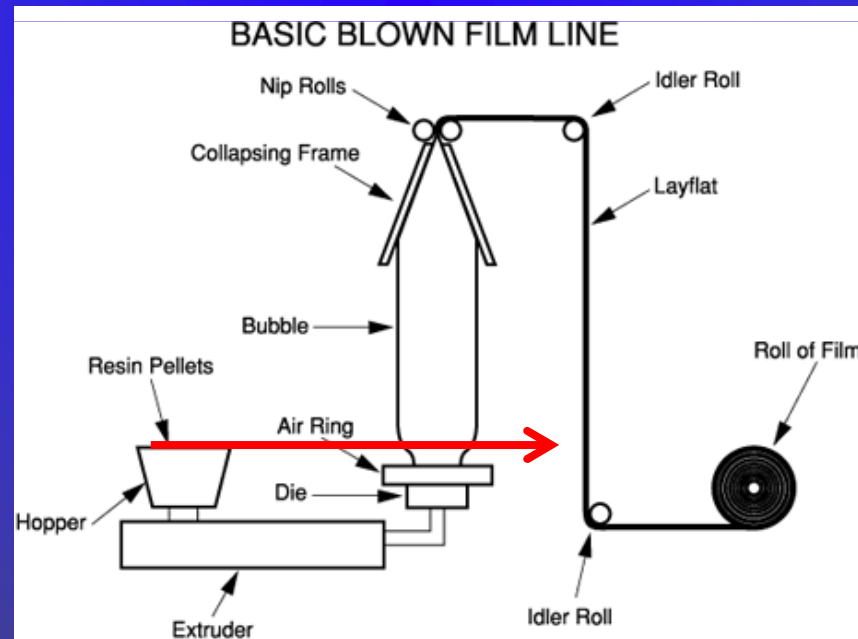
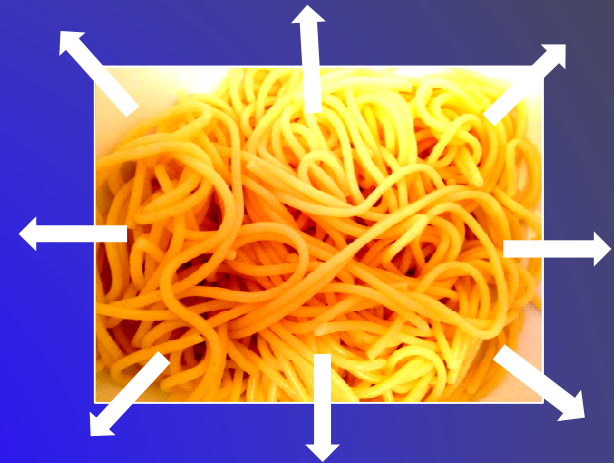
lamellae

15 nm

100 nm



melt



# The perfect garbage bag



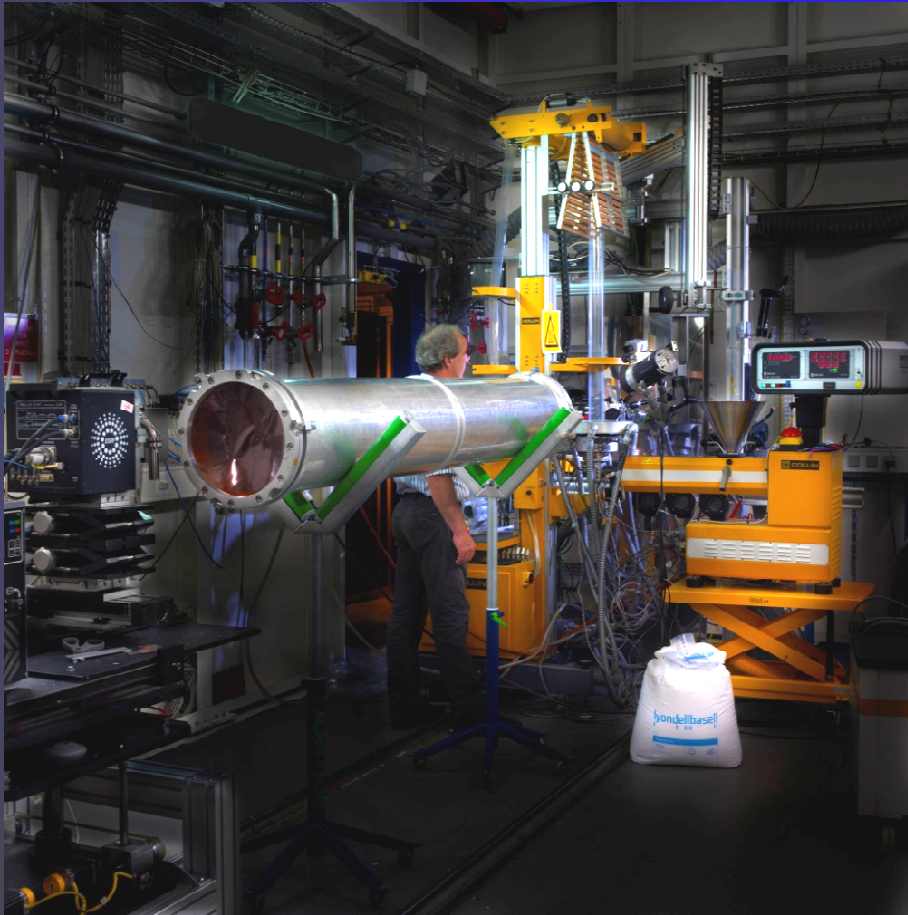
**TU/e** Technische Universiteit  
Eindhoven  
University of Technology

Groepen:  
P. Lemstra  
H.E.H. Meijer





# Fundamental research with industrial undertones





1974



A plastic bag





2011

This bag is 6 x lighter but just as strong

6x less oil

6x less pollution

This is not irrelevant: we produce enough of this material to cover the earth 3 times/year



# Dutch Polymer Institute support

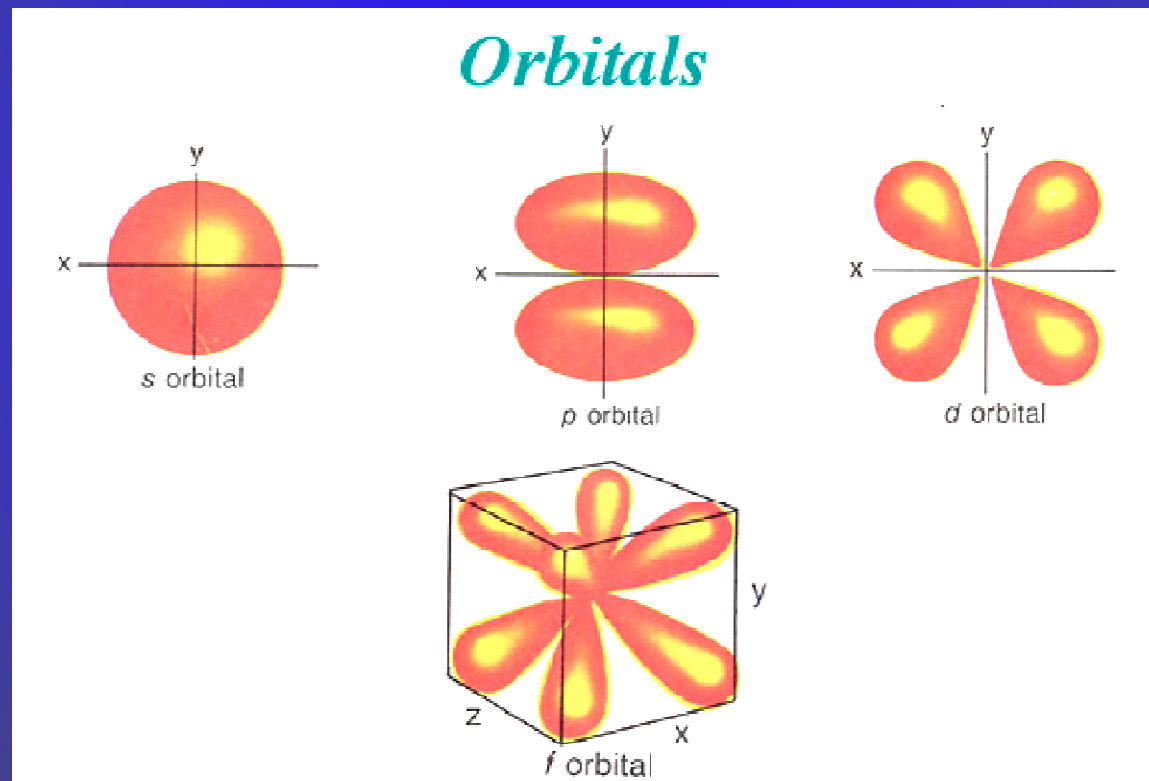
- To obtain funding also industry support required



- so far 14 postdoc years, 4 PhD years funded
- some sale of beam time
- even proprietary research largely published

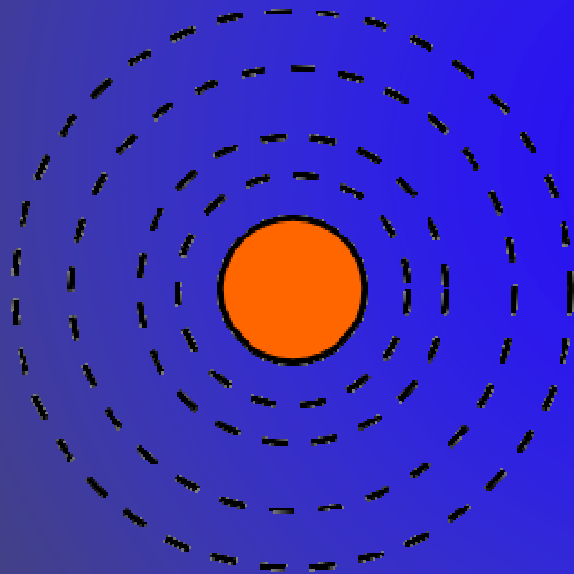


# X-ray spectroscopy



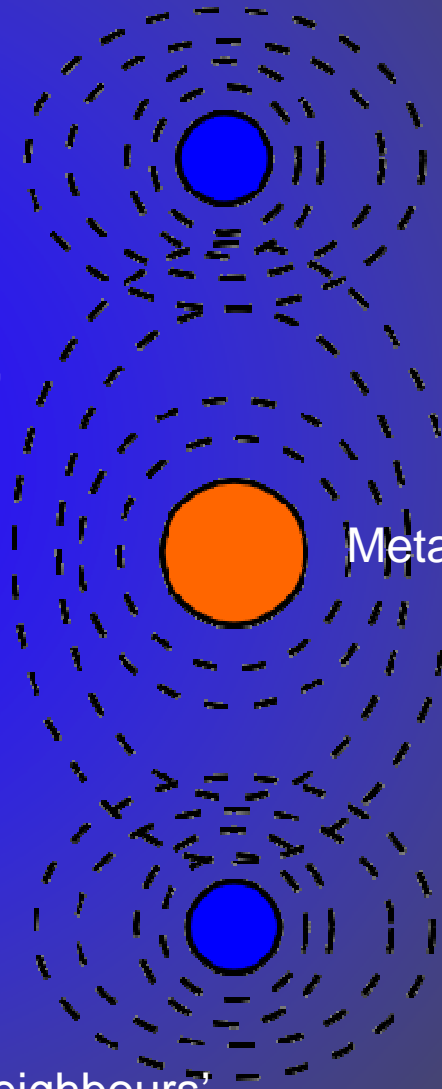
# X-ray spectroscopy

'electron orbits'



Metal atom

deformed  
'electron orbits'

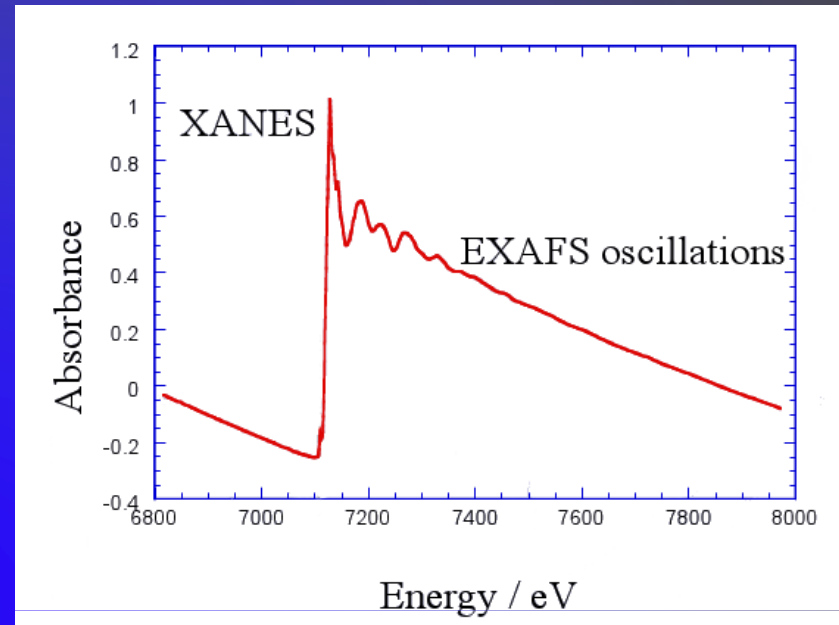
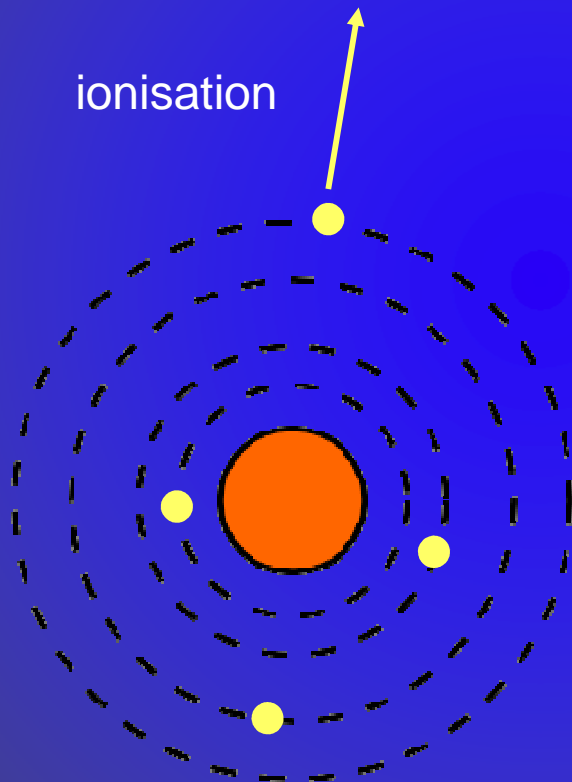


Metal atom

'neighbours'

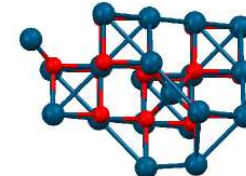
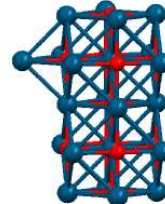
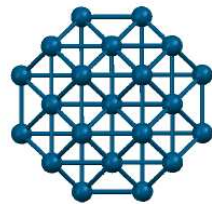
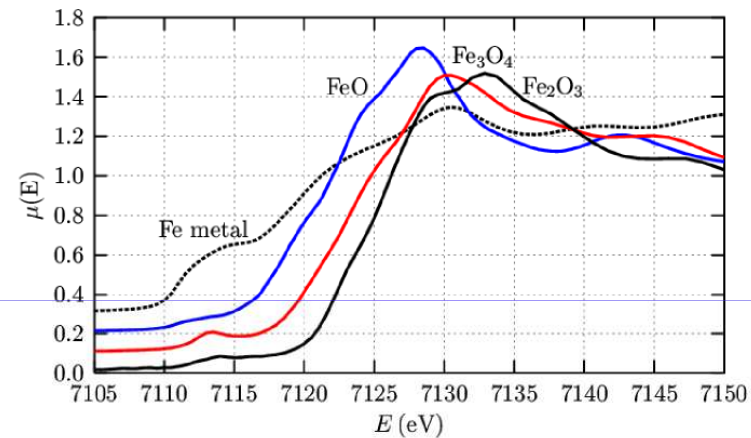


Röntgen photon  
absorbed



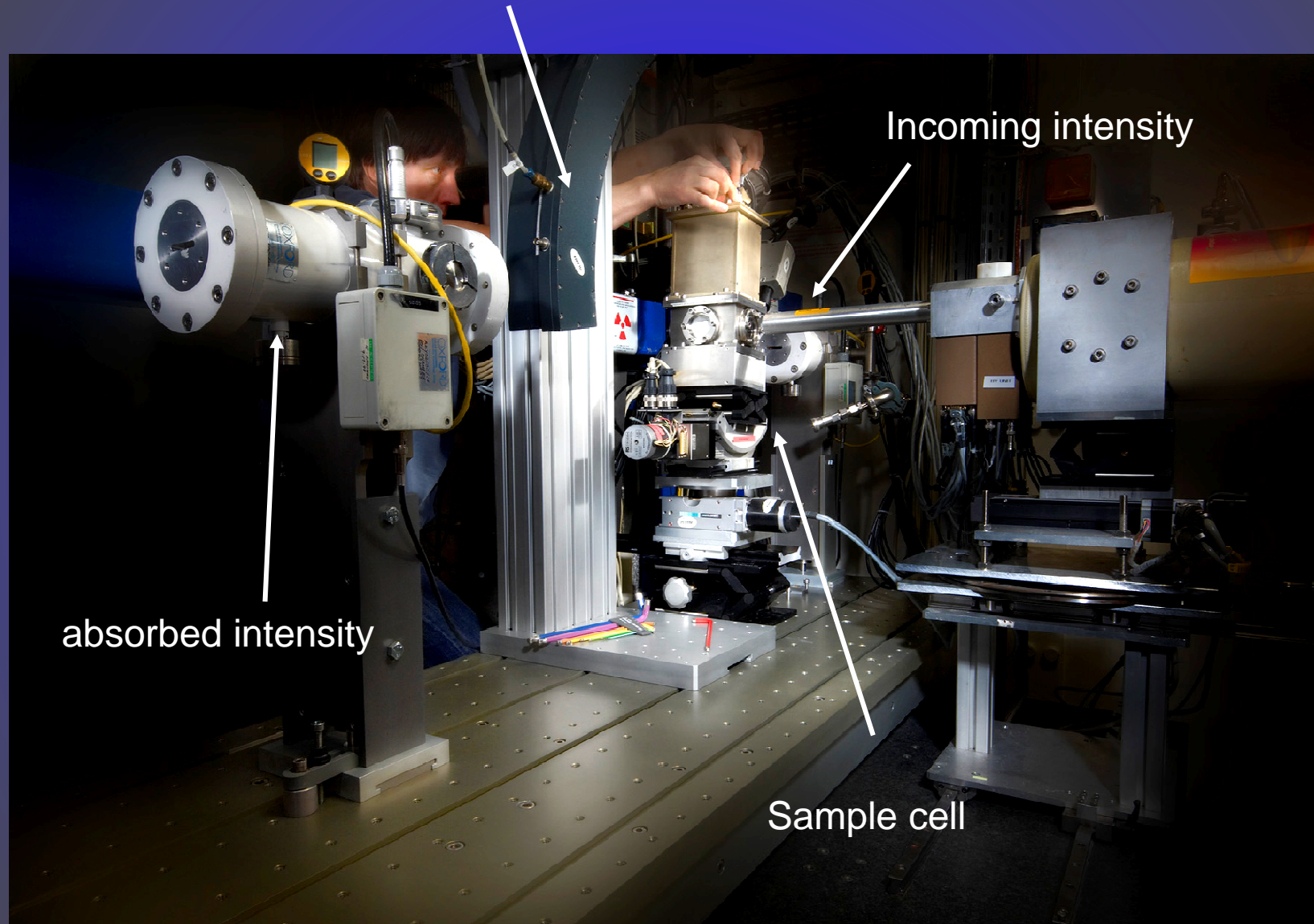
$$\frac{I_t}{I_0}(E)$$

# Difference in surroundings of metal atom; difference in absorption spectrum





Powder diffraction



Incoming intensity

absorbed intensity

Sample cell



# Again multidisciplinary



catalysis



Hydrogen storage



liquid metals



pharmaceuticals



Environmental pollution

Etc., etc., etc....



electro chemistry  
cultural heritage



# Technique combinations



How do I make a working catalyst?



Groep Bert Weckhuijsen, Utrecht (Spinoza price 2013)

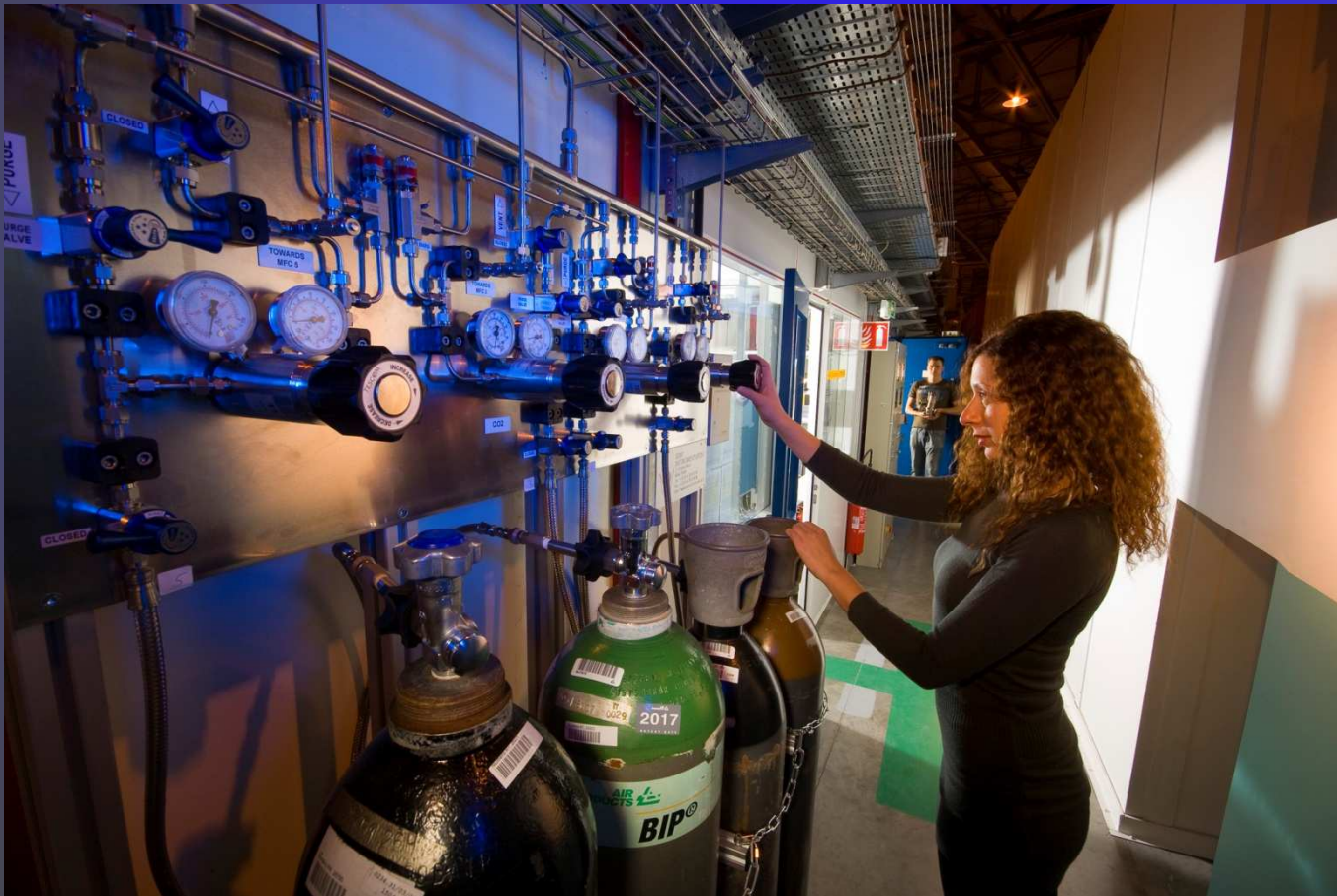


# Structure grows

1. Early in reaction, no crystal, X-ray spectroscopy (XAFS)
2. A little later, X-ray diffraction WAXS
3. When it has grown sufficient, SAXS
4. In the end catalytic activity XAFS, (UvVis, Raman spectroscopy)

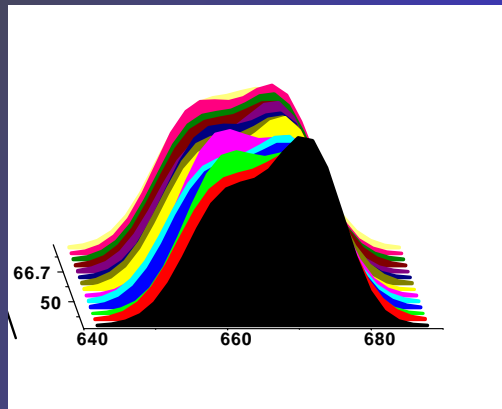


# All these steps one wants to study on-line



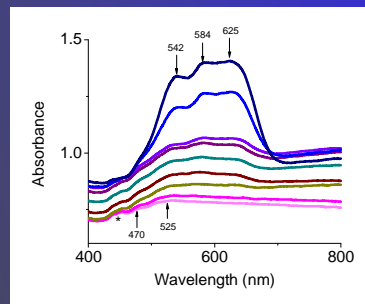
- Infrastructure
- Industrially relevant conditions
- High gas pressure
- Flow
- Operando conditions

# In-situ multi-technique approach of zeolite synthesis

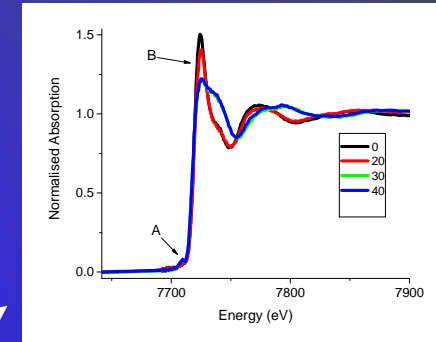
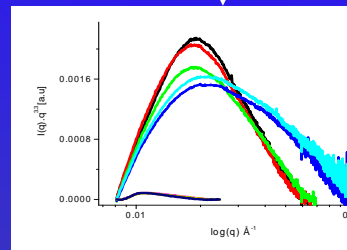


Raman

UV-Vis

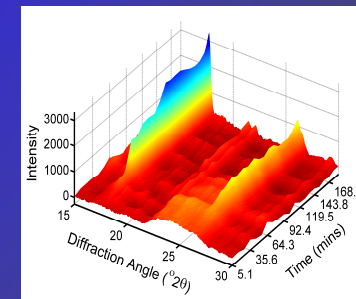


SAXS



XAFS

WAXS

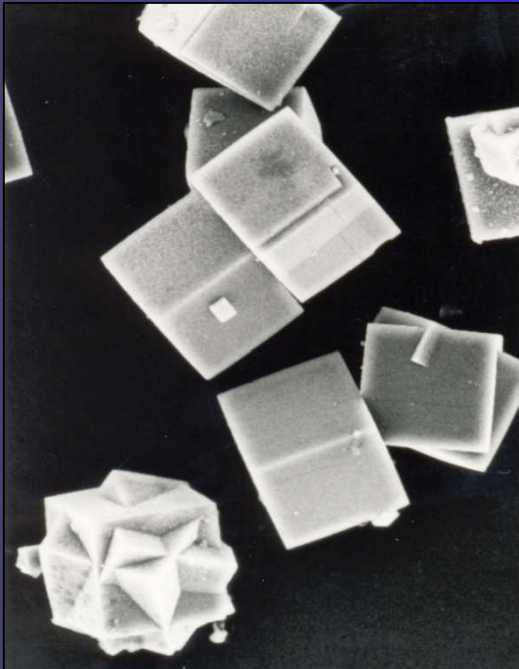


# Unique instrumentation

- Sample at high pressure/temperature
- Simultaneous 5 techniques possible
- All aspects of the sample and kinetics can be studied simultaneously

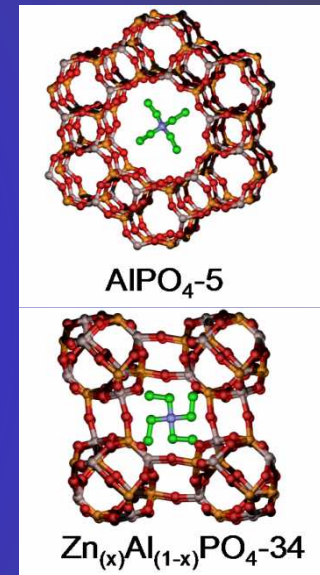


# We can:



Catalyst crystals

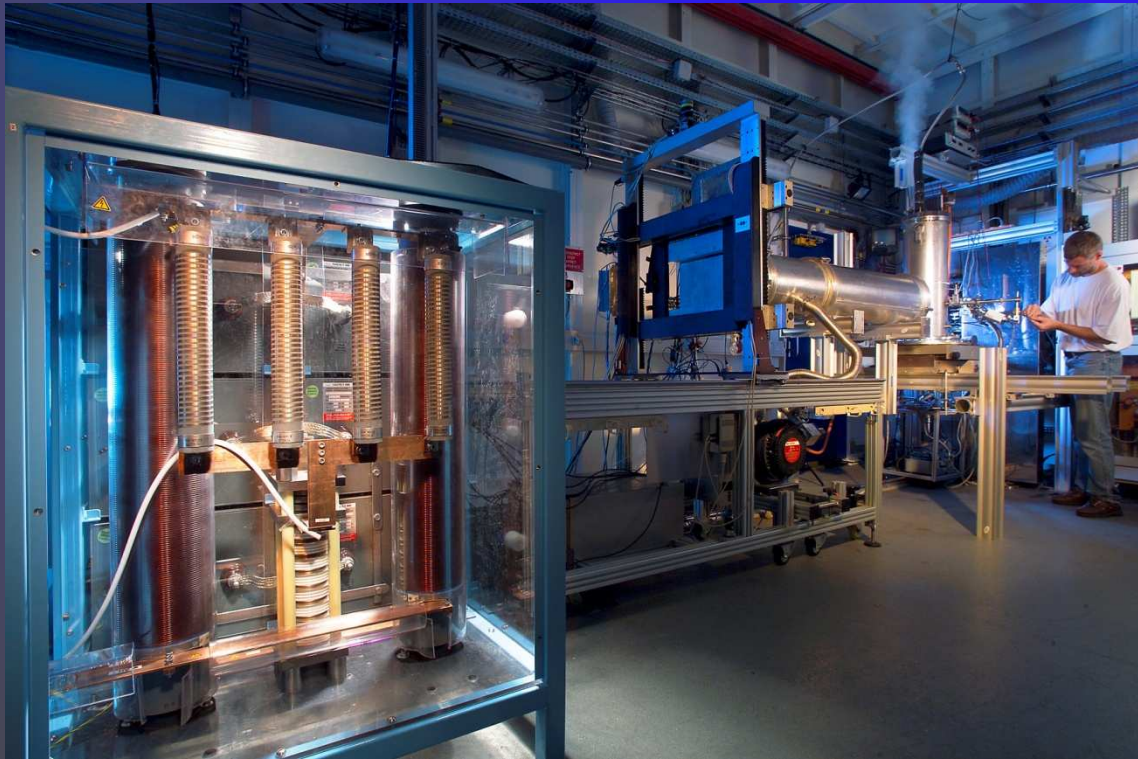
- Follow particle growth
- Study the catalytic actions
- Follow the life cycle of the catalyst



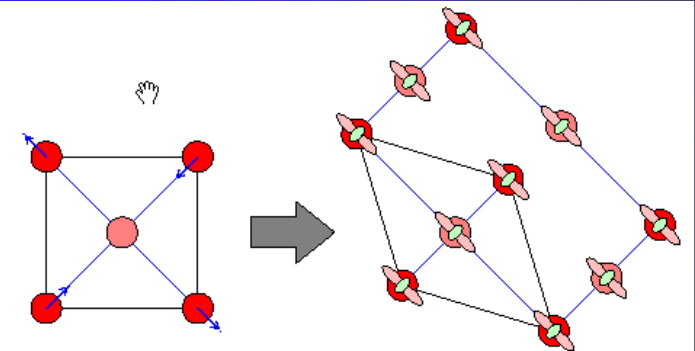
## All in a single experiment !



# Also very fundamental work



Distortions of crystalline lattices in 30 Tesla pulsed fields



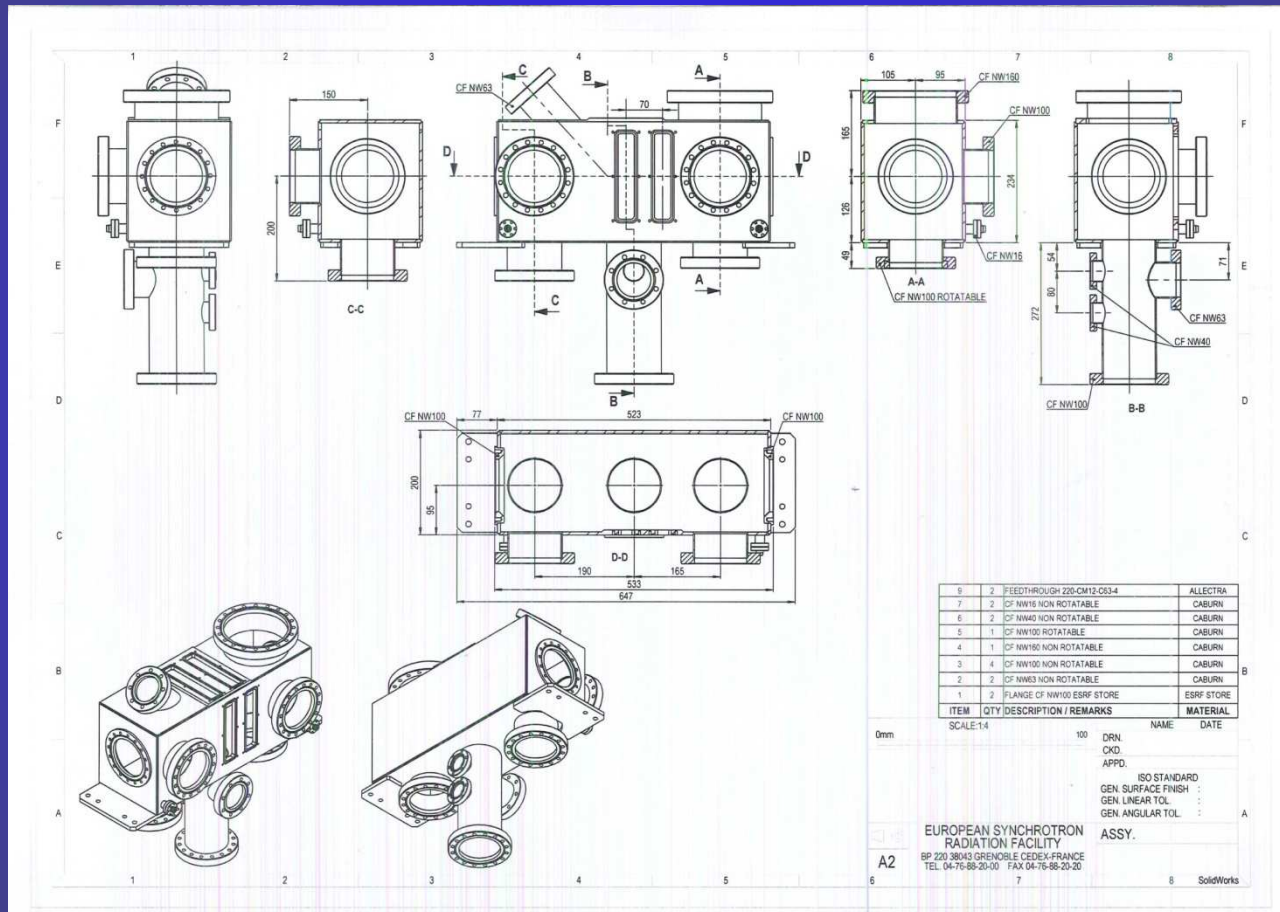
# Dus je wilt de ESRF als klant?

Drie belangrijke zaken

Frans, Frans en Frans



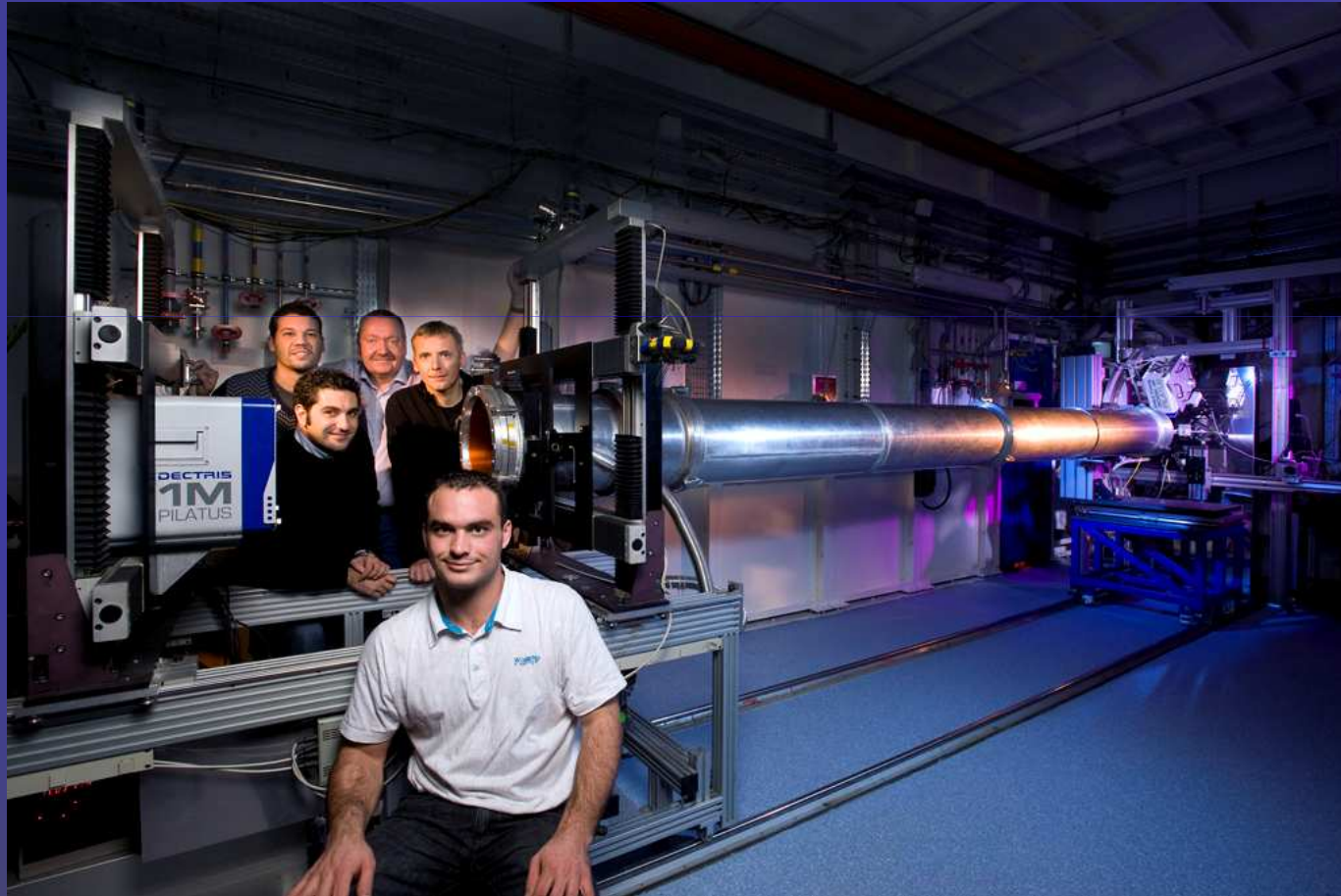
# Dubble: vacuum chamber



Drawings exist: ready for tender



Bellows: large diameter; edge welded; support structure needed

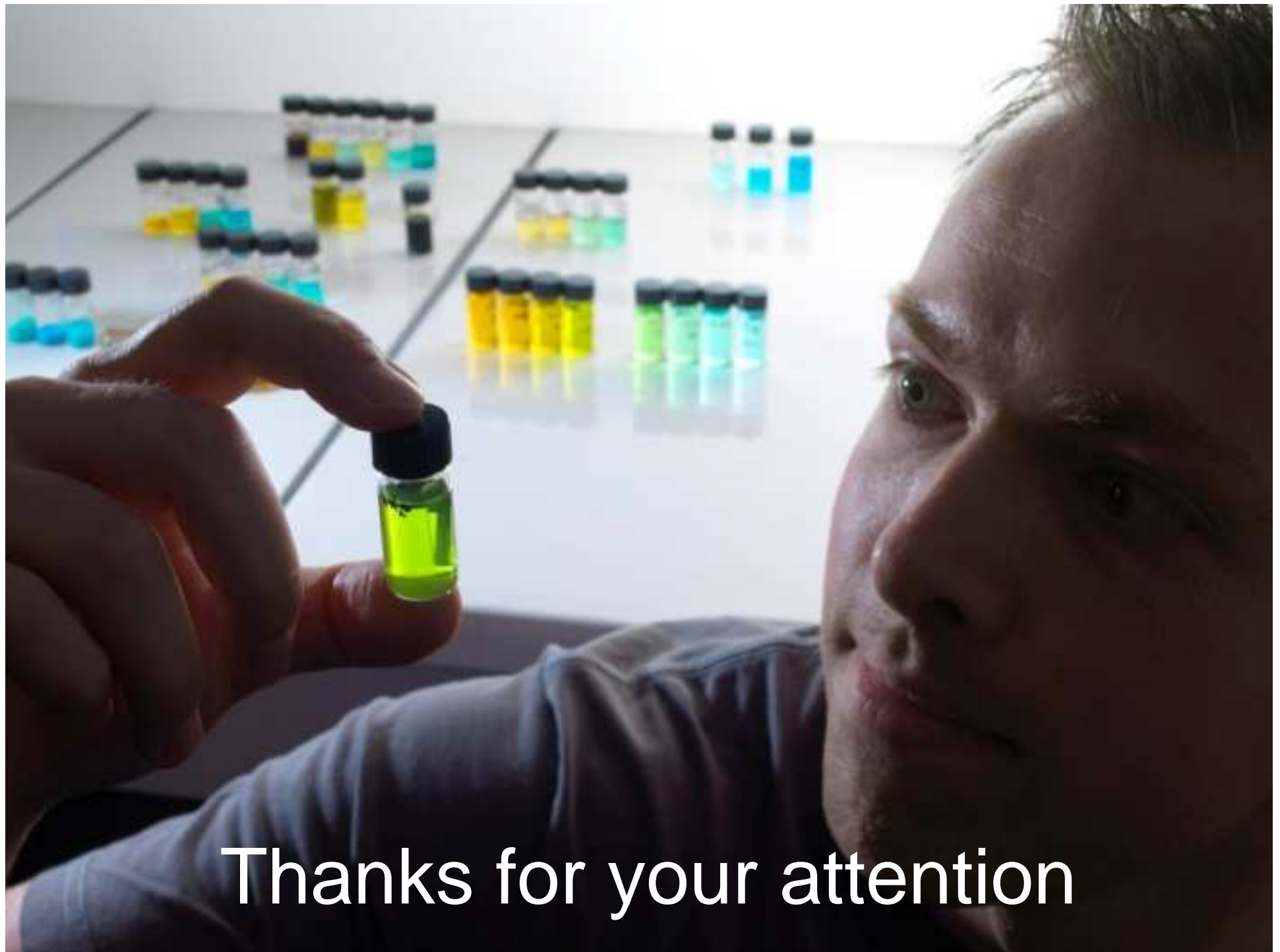




Please remember:

- I don't work for the ESRF
- I work for NWO and don't have much influence on the ESRF buying process
- Sometimes we can help a bit...





Thanks for your attention